UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-33118

ORBCOMM INC.

(Exact name of registrant in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation of organization)

41-2118289

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2115 Linwood Avenue Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024 (Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (201) 363-4900

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class:

Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share

The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes \square No \square Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☑ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes \square No \square

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant (based on the closing price reported on the Nasdaq Global Market on June 30, 2010) was \$63,322,130.

Shares held by all executive officers and directors of the registrant have been excluded from the foregoing calculation because such persons may be deemed to be affiliates of the registrant.

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of March 8, 2011 was 42,726,240.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement for the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on April 28, 2011, are incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K.

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Forward- Looking Statements

Certain statements discussed in Part I, Item 1. "Business", Part I, Item 3. "Legal Proceedings", Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements generally relate to our plans, objectives and expectations for future events and include statements about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, intentions, assumptions and other statements that are not historical facts. Such forward-looking statements, including those concerning the Company's expectations, are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from the results, projected, expected or implied by the forward-looking statements, some of which are beyond the Company's control, that may cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include but are not limited to: the impact of global recession and continued worldwide credit and capital constraints; substantial losses we have incurred and expect to continue to incur; demand for and market acceptance of our products and services and the applications developed by our resellers; loss or decline or slowdown in the growth in business from Asset Intelligence, a subsidiary of I.D. Systems, Inc. ("AI") (formerly a division of General Electric Company ("GE" or "General Electric")), other value-added resellers or VARs and international value-added resellers or IVARs; loss or decline or slowdown in growth in business of any of the specific industry sectors the Company serves, such as transportation, heavy equipment, fixed assets and maritime; our proposed acquisition of the StarTrak business may expose us to additional risks; litigation proceedings; technological changes, pricing pressures and other competitive factors; the inability of our international resellers to develop markets outside the United States; market acceptance and success of our Automatic Identification System ("AIS") business; the ability to restore commercial-level AIS service in the near term; satellite launch and construction delays and cost overruns of our next-generation satellites; in-orbit satellite failures or reduced performance of our existing satellites; the failure of our system or reductions in levels of service due to technological malfunctions or deficiencies or other events; our inability to renew or expand our satellite constellation; political, legal regulatory, government administrative and economic conditions and developments in the United States and other countries and territories in which we operate; and changes in our business. In addition, specific consideration should be given to various factors described in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise any forward-looking statements or cautionary factors, except as required by law.

PART I

Item 1. Business

Overview

We operate a global commercial wireless messaging system optimized for narrowband communications. Our system consists of a global network of 27 low-Earth orbit, or LEO, satellites and accompanying ground infrastructure. Our two-way communications system enables our customers and end-users, which include large and established multinational businesses and government agencies, to track, monitor, control and communicate cost-effectively with fixed and mobile assets located anywhere in the world. We also provide terrestrial-based cellular communication services through reseller agreements with major cellular wireless providers. Currently, our agreements with major cellular providers include GSM and CDMA offerings in the United States and GSM services with significant coverage worldwide. These terrestrial-based communication services enable our customers who have higher bandwidth requirements to receive and send messages from communication devices based on terrestrial-based technologies using the cellular providers' wireless networks as well as from dual-mode devices combining our satellite subscriber communicators with devices for terrestrial-based technologies. As a result, our customers are now able to integrate into their applications a terrestrial communications device that will allow them to send and receive messages, including data intensive messaging using the cellular providers' wireless networks.

Our products and services enable our customers and end-users to enhance productivity, reduce costs and improve security through a variety of commercial, government, and emerging homeland security applications. We enable our customers and end-users to achieve these benefits using a single global satellite technology standard for machine-to-machine and telematic, or M2M, data communications. Our customers have made significant investments in developing ORBCOMM-based applications. Examples of assets that are connected through our M2M data communications system include trucks, trailers, railcars, containers, heavy equipment, fluid tanks, utility meters, pipeline monitoring equipment, marine vessels, and oil wells. Our customers include original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, such as Caterpillar Inc., ("Caterpillar"), Doosan Infracore America, Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd., ("Hitachi"), Hyundai Heavy Industries, Komatsu Ltd., ("Komatsu"), The Manitowoc Company and Volvo Construction Equipment. In addition, we market our services through a distribution network of vertical market technology integrators known as VARs and IVARs, such as AI, XATACorporation and American Innovations, Ltd., and U.S. government agencies.

In 2008, we began offering AIS data to the U.S. Coast Guard. In January 2009, we entered into an AIS data license distribution agreement for commercial purposes with Lloyd's Register-Fairplay Ltd ("Lloyd's"). We will continue to work with additional candidates to address the various market sectors for AIS data. Further, we are working with system integrators and maritime information service providers for value-added service and to facilitate the sales and distribution of AIS data.

On June 22, 2010, one of the two remaining quick-launch satellites that was providing AIS service experienced a power system anomaly which resulted in loss of contact with the satellite.

Toward the end of the fourth quarter of 2010, we lost communications with the remaining quick-launch satellite that was providing AIS service. As a result, our AIS service has been interrupted. We will continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources.

Through our M2M data communications system, our customers and end-users can send and receive information to and from any place in the world using low-cost subscriber communicators and paying airtime costs that we believe are the lowest in the industry for global connectivity. Our customers can also use cellular terrestrial units, or wireless subscriber identity modules ("SIMS"), for use with devices or equipment that enable the use of a cellular provider's wireless network, singularly or in conjunction with satellite services, to send and receive information from these devices. We believe that there is no other satellite or terrestrial network currently in operation that can offer global two-way wireless narrowband data service including coverage at comparable cost using a single technology standard worldwide, that also provides a parallel terrestrial network for data intensive applications. We are currently authorized, either directly or indirectly, to provide our satellite communications services in over 100 countries and territories in North America, Europe, South America, Asia, Africa and Australia.

Presently our unique M2M data communications system is comprised of three elements: (i) a constellation of 27 LEO satellites in multiple orbital planes between 435 and 550 miles above the Earth operating in the Very High Frequency, or VHF, radio frequency spectrum, (ii) a network of related ground infrastructure, including 16 gateway earth stations, three regional gateway control centers and a network control center in Dulles, Virginia including a redundant backup control center in the state of Washington, through which data sent to and from satellite subscriber communicators are routed and includes a communications node for terrestrial services through which data sent to and from terrestrial units are routed and (iii) a combination of satellite subscriber communicators and SIMS attached to a variety of fixed and mobile assets worldwide. See "The ORBCOMM Communications System".

As of December 31, 2010, we had approximately 575,000 billable subscriber communicators activated on our communications system compared to approximately 515,000 billable subscriber communicators as of December 31, 2009, an increase of 11.6%.

Our Business Strengths and Competitive Advantage

We believe that our focus on M2M data communications is unique in our industry and will enable us to achieve significant growth. We believe no other satellite or terrestrial network currently in operation offers users global two-

way wireless narrowband data communications using a single global technology standard anywhere in the world at costs comparable to ours. This provides us with a number of competitive advantages that we believe will help promote our success, including the following:

- Established global satellite network and proven technology. We believe our global satellite network and technology enable us to offer superior products and services to the end-users of our communications system in terms of comprehensive coverage, reliability and compatibility. Our global satellite network provides worldwide coverage, including in international waters, allowing end-users to access our communications system in areas outside the coverage of terrestrial networks, such as cellular, paging, and other wireless networks. Our proven technology offers full two-way M2M data communication (with acknowledgement of message receipt) with minimal line-of-sight limitations and no performance issues during adverse weather conditions, which distinguishes us from other satellite communications systems. Our primary satellite orbital planes contain five to eight satellites each providing built-in system redundancies in the event of a single satellite malfunction. In addition, our satellite system uses a single global technology standard and eliminates the need for multiple network agreements and versions of hardware and software.
- Low cost structure. We have a significant cost advantage over any potential new LEO satellite system competitor with respect to our current satellite constellation, because we acquired the majority of our current network assets from ORBCOMM Global L.P., referred to as the Predecessor Company, and its subsidiaries out of bankruptcy for a fraction of their original cost. In addition, because our LEO satellites are relatively small and deployed into low-Earth orbit, the constellation is less expensive and easier to launch and maintain than larger LEO satellites and large geostationary satellites. We believe that we have less complex and less costly ground infrastructure and subscriber communication equipment than other satellite communications providers. Our low cost satellite system architecture enables us to provide global two-way wireless narrowband data communication services to endusers at prices that we believe are the lowest in the industry for global connectivity.
- Sole commercial satellite operator licensed in the VHF spectrum. We are the sole commercial satellite operator licensed to operate in the 137-150 MHz VHF spectrum by the FCC or, to our knowledge, any other national spectrum or radiotelecommunications regulatory agency in the world. The spectrum that we use was allocated globally by the International Telecommunication Union, or ITU, for use by satellite fleets such as ours to provide mobile data communications service. We are currently authorized, either directly or indirectly, to provide our data communications service in over 100 countries and territories in North America, Europe, South America, Asia, Africa, and Australia. VHF spectrum has inherent advantages for M2M data communications over systems using shorter wavelength signals. The VHF signals used to communicate between our satellites and subscriber communicators are not affected by weather and are less dependent on line-of-sight access to our satellites than other satellite communications systems. In addition, our longer wavelength signals enable our satellites to communicate reliably over longer distances at lower power levels. Higher power requirements of commercial satellite systems in other spectrum bands are a significant factor in their higher cost and technical complexity.
- Significant market lead over satellite-based competitors. We believe that we have a significant market lead in providing M2M data communications services that meet the coverage and cost requirements in the rapidly developing asset management and supply chain markets. The process required to establish a new competing satellite-based system with the advantages of a VHF system includes obtaining regulatory permits to launch and operate satellites and to provide communications services, and the design, development, construction and launch of a communications system. We believe that a minimum of five years and significant investments in time and resources would be required for another satellite-based M2M data communications service provider to develop the capability to offer comparable services. Additionally, our VARs and IVARs have made significant investments in developing ORBCOMM-based applications which also often require substantial lead time to develop.
- Key distribution and OEM customer relationships. Our strategic relationships with key distributors and OEMs have enabled
 us to streamline our sales and distribution channels and shift much of the risk and cost of developing and marketing
 applications to others. We have established strategic relationships with key

service providers, such as Asset Intelligence, XATA Corporation, a leading provider of tracking solutions for the trucking industry, including to Penske Corporation, the leading truck leasing company in the United States, and StarTrak Systems, LLC, an innovator and leading provider of tracking solutions for the refrigerated transportation market with customers such as Maersk, Carrier and Thermo King, and major OEMs, such as Caterpillar, Hitachi, Komatsu, and Volvo. We believe our close relationships with these distributors and OEMs allows us to work closely with them at all stages of application development, from planning and design through implementation of our M2M data communications services, and to benefit from their industry-specific expertise. By fostering these strong relationships with distributors and OEMs, we believe that once we have become so integrated into our customer's planning, development, and implementation process, and their equipment, we anticipate it will be more difficult to displace us or our communication services. In addition, the fixed and mobile assets which are tracked, monitored, controlled, and communicated with by these customers generally have long useful lives and the cost of replacing our communications equipment with an alternative service provider's equipment could be prohibitive for a large numbers of assets.

Reliable, low cost subscriber communicators. There are currently two independent third party manufacturers that build subscriber communicators for our network — Quake Global, Inc ("Quake") and Digi International, ("Digi"). The cost of communications components necessary for our subscriber communicators to operate in the VHF band is relatively low as they are based on readily available FM radio components. Dual-mode devices are being built that combine other communication technologies with satellite technology and will be offered to the market at what we believe will be competitive prices.

Our Strategy

Our strategy is to leverage our business strengths and key competitive advantages to increase the number of subscriber communicators activated on our M2M data communications system, both in existing and new markets. We are focused on increasing our market share of customers with the potential for a high number of connections with lower usage applications. We believe that the service revenue associated with each additional subscriber communicator activated on our communications system will more than offset the low incremental cost of adding such subscriber communicator to our system and, as a result, positively impact our results of operations. We currently provide services through reseller agreements allowing customers to utilize other major cellular providers' networks offering GSM and CDMA technologies to be integrated into their applications. We plan to continue to target multinational companies and government agencies to increase our penetration of what we believe is a significant and growing addressable market. Additionally, we will continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term in order to capitalize on our satellite-based system for AIS services. To achieve our objectives, we are pursuing the following business strategies:

- Expand our low cost, multi-channel marketing and distribution network of resellers. We intend to increase further the number of resellers that develop, market and implement their applications together with our communications services and subscriber communicators to end-users. We are also focused on increasing the number of OEM and distributor relationships with leading companies that own, manage, or operate fixed or mobile assets. We are seeking to recruit resellers with industry knowledge to develop applications that could be used for industries or markets that we do not currently serve. Resellers invest their own capital developing applications compatible with our system, and they typically act as their own agents and systems integrators when marketing these applications to end-users, without the need for significant investment by us. As a result, we have established a low cost marketing and distribution model that is both easily scalable by adding resellers or large-scale asset deployers, and allows us to penetrate markets without incurring substantial research and development costs or sales and marketing costs.
- Expand our international markets. Our international growth strategy is to open new markets outside the United States by
 obtaining regulatory authorizations and developing markets for our M2M data communications services to be sold in regions
 where the market opportunity for our OEM customers and resellers is greatest. We are currently authorized to provide our data
 communications services in over 100 countries and territories in North America, Europe, South America, Asia, Africa, and
 Australia, directly or indirectly through our multiple international licensees and country representatives. We are currently
 working with

IVARs who, generally, subject to certain regulatory restrictions, have the right to market and sell their applications anywhere our communications services are offered. We seek to enter into agreements with strong distributors in each region. Our regional distributors, which include country representatives and international licensees, obtain the necessary regulatory authorizations and develop local markets directly or by recruiting local VARs. In some international markets where distribution channels are in the early stages of development, we seek to bring together VARs who have developed well-tested applications with local distributors to create localized solutions and accelerate the adoption of our M2M data communications services. In addition, we have made efforts to strengthen the financial positions of certain of our regional distributors, including several who were former licensees of the predecessor company left weakened by its bankruptcy, through restructuring transactions whereby we obtained greater operating control over such regional distributors. We believe that by strengthening the financial condition of, and our operating control over, these established regional distributors, they will be better positioned to promote and distribute our products and services and enable us to achieve our market potential in the relevant regions.

- Further reduce subscriber communicator costs and improve functionality of communicators. We are working with our subscriber communicator manufacturers to further reduce the cost of our subscriber communicators, as well as to develop technological advances, including further reductions in size, improvements in power management efficiency, increased reliability, and enhanced capabilities to capitalize on our investment in our next generation satellites. Our ability to offer our customers less expensive subscriber communicators that are smaller, more efficient and more reliable is key to our ability to provide a complete low cost solution to our customers and end-users. Additionally, some suppliers have been developing a dual-mode device that will allow customers to integrate both a satellite and terrestrial communication component into a single device.
- Reduce network latency. Following the launch of our next-generation satellites, we expect to reduce the time lags in delivering
 messages and data, or network latency, in most regions of the world. We believe this will improve the quality and coverage of our
 system and enable us to increase our customer base.
- Introduce new features and services. We will continue to develop and introduce new features and services to expand our customer base and increase our revenues. For example, as a result of providing terrestrial-based cellular communication services, our customers are now able to integrate in their applications a terrestrial communications device that will allow them to add messages, including data intensive messaging from combined satellite and cellular technologies. We have upgraded the technology capabilities of our network operations center to deliver both satellite and terrestrial messages through our ground infrastructure to the ultimate destination. We believe that subscriber communicator technology advances, such as dual-mode devices, will broaden our addressable market by providing attractive combinations of bandwidth and coverage at a reasonable price. Dual-mode devices combine a satellite subscriber communicator with a cellular network subscriber communicator for higher bandwidth applications not typical of ORBCOMM's applications. Dual-mode devices can also be used as a back channel service for terrestrial or satellite-based broadcast-only networks.
- Expand AIS services. We will continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources. AIS is a shipboard broadcast system that transmits a vessel's identification and position to aid navigation and improve maritime safety. Current terrestrial-based AIS systems provide only limited shore coverage and are not able to provide global open ocean coverage. Using our communications system, customers had access to AIS data well beyond coastal regions in a cost effective and timely fashion. Further, we intend to continue working with system integrators and maritime information service providers for value-added service and to facilitate the sales and distribution of AIS data, assuming that its availability can be restored. We will continue to work with additional candidates to address the various market sectors for AIS data.
- Provide comprehensive technical support, customer service and quality control. We provide our customers support for
 training, integration and testing in order to assist our VARs and other distributors in the roll-out of their applications and to
 enhance end-user acquisition and retention. We provide our VAR and OEM customers with access to customer support
 technicians. We also deploy our technicians to our VAR and

OEM customers to facilitate the integration of our M2M data communications system with their applications during the planning, development and implementation processes and to certify that these applications are compatible with our system. Our support personnel include professionals with application development, in-house laboratory, and hardware design and testing capabilities.

Industry Overview

Increasingly, businesses and governments face the need to track, control, monitor and communicate with fixed and mobile assets that are located throughout the world. At the same time, these assets increasingly incorporate microprocessors, sensors and other devices that can provide a variety of information about the asset's location, condition, operation and environment and are capable of responding to external commands and queries. As these intelligent devices proliferate, we believe that the need to establish two-way communications with these devices is greater than ever. The owners and operators of these intelligent devices are seeking low cost and efficient communications systems that will enable them to communicate with these devices.

We operate in the machine-to-machine and telematics, or M2M, industry, which includes various types of communications systems that enable intelligent machines, devices and fixed or mobile assets to communicate information from the machine, device or fixed or mobile asset to and from back-office information systems of the businesses and government agencies that track, monitor, control and communicate with them. These M2M data communications systems integrate a number of technologies and cross several different industries, including computer hardware and software systems, positioning systems, terrestrial and satellite communications networks and information technologies (such as data hosting and report generation).

There are three main components in any M2M data communications system:

- Fixed or mobile assets. Intelligent or trackable assets include devices and sensors that collect, measure, record or otherwise
 gather data about themselves or their environment to be used, analyzed or otherwise disseminated to other machines, applications
 or human operators and come in many forms, including devices and sensors that:
 - Report the location, speed and fuel economy data from trucks and locomotives;
 - Monitor the location, condition and environmental factors of trailers, railcars and marine shipping containers;
 - · Report operating data and usage for heavy equipment;
 - · Monitor fishing vessels to enforce government regulations regarding geographic and seasonal restrictions;
 - Report energy consumption from a utility meter;
 - · Monitor corrosion in a pipeline;
 - · Monitor levels in liquid, gas and materials storage tanks;
 - · Measure water delivery in agricultural pipelines; and
 - · Monitor environmental conditions in agricultural facilities.
- Communications network. The communications network enables a connection to take place between the fixed or mobile asset
 and the back-office systems and users of that asset's data. The proliferation of terrestrial and satellite-based wireless networks
 has enabled the creation of a variety of M2M data communications applications. Networks that are being used to deliver M2M
 data include terrestrial communications networks, such as cellular, radio paging and WiFi networks, and satellite
 communications networks, utilizing low-Earth-orbit or geosynchronous satellites.
- Back-office application or user. Data collected from a remote asset is used in a variety of ways with applications that allow the
 end-user to track, monitor, control and communicate with these assets with a greater degree of control and with much less time
 and expense than would be required to do so manually.

Market Opportunity

Commercial transportation

Large trucking and trailer leasing companies require applications that report location, engine diagnostic data, driver performance, fuel consumption, compliance, rapid decelerations, fuel taxes, driver logs and zone adherence in order to manage their truck fleets more safely and efficiently and to improve truck and trailer utilization.

Truck and trailer fleet owners and operators, as well as truck and trailer OEMs, are increasingly integrating M2M data communications systems into their trucks and trailers. As trucks and trailer tracking applications phase out the use of older analog cellular wireless networks, end-users will need to migrate to alternative communications systems and we expect that an increasing number of customers will be seeking long-term solutions for their M2M data communications needs as they make their replacement decisions. Trailer tracking represents a significantly larger potential market as we estimate that there are approximately three trailers to every truck. The trailer market also requires additional applications, such as cargo sensor reporting, load monitoring, control of refrigeration systems and door alarms. Future regulations may require position tracking of specific types of cargo, such as hazardous materials, and could also increase trailer tracking market opportunities. The railcar market also requires many of these same applications and many trailer applications using M2M data communications system can readily be translated to the railcar market.

Shippers and transportation companies which require refrigerated or cold chain transportation capabilities over rail, trucking or sea transport have an increasing need to track and monitor environmental conditions of cargo, and the market opportunity to control and monitor refrigeration systems is an important market. It is also one that could grow further if future regulations require these capabilities.

Heavy equipment

Heavy equipment fleet owners and leasing companies seeking to improve fleet productivity and profitability require applications that report diagnostic information, location (including for purposes of geo-fencing), time-of-use information, emergency notification, driver usage and maintenance alerts for their heavy equipment, which may be geographically dispersed, often in remote, difficult to reach locations. Using M2M data communications systems, heavy equipment fleet operators can remotely manage the productivity and mechanical condition of their equipment fleets, potentially lowering operating costs through preventive maintenance. OEMs can also use M2M applications to better anticipate the maintenance and spare parts needs of their customers, expanding the market for more higher-margin spare parts orders for the OEMs. Heavy equipment OEMs are increasingly integrating M2M data communications systems as standardized into their equipment at the factory or offering them as add-on options through certified after-market dealers.

Since the heavy equipment market is dominated by a small number of OEMs, M2M data communications service providers targeting this market segment focus on building relationships with these OEMs, such as Caterpillar, Komatsu, Hitachi and Volvo. There are also a number of manufacturers in large underserved markets such as Africa, India and China and a number of additional global brands that are being targeted. These regions countries and brands represent a significant opportunity and ORBCOMM will continue its efforts to expand its reach by obtaining regulatory approval in additional markets.

Fixed asset monitoring

Companies with widely dispersed fixed assets require a means of collecting data from remote assets to monitor productivity, minimize downtime and realize other operational benefits, as well as managing and controlling the functions of such assets, for example, the remote operation of valves and electrical switches. M2M data communications systems can provide industrial companies with applications for automated meter reading, oil and gas storage tank monitoring, pipeline monitoring and environmental monitoring, which can reduce operating costs for these companies, including labor costs, fuel costs, and the expense of on-site monitoring and maintenance.

Electrical Grid Monitoring

Utilities are increasingly investing in efforts to better monitor power generation assets and distribution systems to protect assets and improve efficiency in power generation and delivery. This could represent a significant opportunity particularly with increased bandwidth through dual-mode capabilities.

Marine vessels

Marine vessels have a need for satellite-based communications due to the absence of reliable terrestrial-based coverage more than a few miles offshore. M2M data communications systems may offer features and functions to luxury recreational marine vessels and commercial fishing vessels, such as onboard diagnostics and other marine telematics, alarms, requests for assistance, security, location reporting and tracking, two-way messaging, catch data and weather reports. In addition, owners and operators of commercial fishing and other marine vessels are increasingly subject to regulations governing, among other things, commercial fishing seasons and geographic limitations, vessel tracking, safety systems, and resource management and protection using various M2M communications systems.

Government and homeland security

Governments worldwide are seeking to address the global terror threat by monitoring land borders and hazardous materials, as well as marine vessels and containers. In addition, modern military and public safety forces use a variety of applications, particularly in supply chain management, logistics and support, which could incorporate our products and services. M2M communications systems can be used in applications to address infiltration across land borders, for example, monitoring seismic sensors placed along the border to detect incursions. Increasingly, there is a need to monitor maritime vessels for homeland security and M2M data communications systems could be used in applications to address homeland security requirements, such as tracking and monitoring these vessels and containers.

We had begun to leverage our investment in AIS technology to resell AIS data collected by our network to other maritime services and governmental agencies which has been interrupted with the loss of our last quick-launch satellite towards the end of the fourth quarter of 2010. Further expansion of the AIS business had been driven by our AIS distribution agreements for commercial purposes, the first of which we signed with Lloyd's in January 2009. We will continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites in the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources. We will continue to seek to expand our commercial activities with other distribution partners in the future.

Consumer transportation

Automotive companies are seeking a means to address the growing need for safety systems in passenger vehicles and to broadcast a single message to multiple vehicles at one time. Within the automotive market, there is no single communications technology that satisfies the need for 100% coverage, high reliability and low cost. An example of an automotive safety application is a system that has the ability to detect and report the deployment of a vehicle's airbag, triggering the dispatch of an ambulance, tow truck or other necessary response personnel. The terrestrial cellular communications systems currently employed have substantial "dead zones", where network coverage is not available, and are difficult to manage globally. With emerging technology, satellite-based automotive safety systems may be able to provide near-real-time message delivery with minimal network latencies, thereby providing a viable alternative to cellular-based systems.

While our system currently has latency limitations which make it impractical for us to address this market fully, we believe that our existing network may be used with dual-mode devices, combining our subscriber communicators with communications devices for cellular networks, allowing our communications services to function as an effective back-up system by filling the coverage gaps in current cellular or wireless networks used in consumer transportation applications. In addition, we may undertake additional capital expenditures beyond our current capital plan in order to expand our satellite constellation and lower our latencies to the level that addresses the requirements of resellers and OEMs developing applications for this market if we believe the economic returns justify such an investment. We believe we can supplement our satellite constellation within the lead time required to integrate applications using our communications service into the automotive OEM product development cycle.

Products and Services

Our principal products and services are satellite-based data communications services and product sales from subscriber communicators. We also provide terrestrial-based cellular communications services, which consist of reselling airtime using cellular providers' wireless technology networks, and product sales from cellular wireless SIMS for use with devices or equipment that enable the use of the cellular providers' wireless networks for data communications.

Our communications services are used by businesses and government agencies that are engaged in tracking, monitoring, controlling, or communicating with fixed or mobile assets globally. Low cost, industrially-rated subscriber communicators are embedded into many different assets for use with our system. These products and services are combined with industry or customer specific applications developed by our VARs, which are sold to their end-user customers.

For our satellite-based data and terrestrial-based cellular communications services, we do not generally market to end users directly; instead, we utilize a cost-effective sales and marketing strategy of partnering with resellers such as VARs, IVARs and country representatives. These resellers, which are our direct customers, market to end users.

Satellite communications services

We provide global two-way M2M data communications services through our satellite-based system. We focus our communications services on narrowband data applications. These data messages are typically sent by a remote subscriber communicator through our satellite system to our ground facilities for forwarding through an appropriate terrestrial communications network to the ultimate destination.

Our system, typically combined with industry- or customer-specific applications developed by our resellers, permits a wide range of fixed and mobile assets to be tracked, monitored, controlled, and communicated with from a central point.

We derive subscription-based recurring revenue from our resellers typically based upon the number of subscriber communicators activated on, and the amount of data transmitted through, our communications system. Customers pay a range of monthly service charges to access our communications system (generally in addition to a one-time provisioning fee), which we believe are the lowest price points in the market.

Terrestrial cellular communication services

These communication services include GSM and CDMA offerings that support higher bandwidth applications that are not typical for an ORBCOMM satellite application. These data messages are sent by SIMS, which are routed through the cellular providers' wireless networks to our ground facilities and forwarded to the ultimate destination in real time.

We derive subscription-based recurring revenue from resellers typically based upon the number of SIMS activated on, and the amount of data transmitted through, the cellular providers' wireless networks. Customers pay a range of monthly service charges to access our communications system (generally in addition to a one-time provisioning fee).

Satellite AIS data services

AIS is a shipboard broadcast system that transmits a vessel's identification and position to aid navigation and improve maritime safety. The International Maritime Organization has mandated the use of AIS on all Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) vessels, which are vessels over 300 tons. Current terrestrial-based AIS systems provide only limited shore-based coverage and are not able to provide global open ocean coverage. Using a satellite communications system, customers can gain access to AIS data well beyond coastal regions in a cost effective and timely fashion.

The following table sets forth selected customers, representative applications and the benefits of such applications for each of our addressed markets:

Market	Select Customers/End-Users	Representative Applications	Key Benefits	
Commercial transportation	• ID Systems • Volvo Construction Equipment • XATA Corporation • StarTrak	Position, speed and heading reporting Units diagnostic monitoring Compliance/tax reporting Cargo monitoring Refrigerated systems control Boundary (geofencing) notification	Improve fleet productivity and profitability Enable efficient, centralized fleet management Ensure safe delivery of shipping cargo Allow real-time tracking of unit maintenance requirements	
Heavy equipment	 Caterpillar, Inc. Hitachi Construction. Machinery Co., Ltd Komatsu Ltd. Volvo Construction Equipment Doosan Infracore America 	 Position reporting Unit diagnostic monitoring Usage tracking Emergency notification 	Improve fleet productivity and profitability Allow OEMs to improve planning and scheduling of preventative maintenance and spare parts needs of their customers	
Fixed asset monitoring	American Innovations, Ltd. Automata, Inc. ID Systems Pioneer Hi-Bred International High Tide Technologies	 Unit diagnostic monitoring Usage tracking Systems control Automated meter reading Cathodic Protection Irrigation monitoring Flow monitoring 	Provide method for managing, controlling, and collecting data from remote sites Improve maintenance services productivity and profitability	
Marine vessels	 Recreational boaters* Skymate, Inc. Atlantic Electronics Commercial fishing fleets 	 Position reporting Two-way messaging Unit diagnostic monitoring Weather reporting 	 Ensure vessel compliance with regulations Create a low cost information channel to disseminate critical weather and safety information Sea surface temperature reporting 	
Government and homeland security/AIS	 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration* U.S. Customs and Border Protection* U.S. Marine Corps* Lloyd's Register-Fairplay Ltd. 	 Container tracking Environmental monitoring Satellite-based Automatic Identification System (AIS) data services Border monitoring Vehicle tracking Vessel Tracking 	Provide efficient monitoring of changing environmental conditions Address increasing need to monitor vessels in U.S. waters Minimize security threats and secure border	

^{*} Represents an end-user from which we directly derive revenue through VARs or other resellers.

Subscriber communicators

Our subsidiary ORBCOMM Japan, markets and sells subscriber communicators directly to our customers. We also earn a one-time royalty fee from third parties for the use of our proprietary communications protocol, which enables subscriber communicators to connect to our M2M data communications system. To ensure the availability of subscriber communicators having different functional capabilities in sufficient quantities to meet demand, we have provided extensive design specifications and technical and engineering support to our manufacturers. In addition, because we maintain backwards compatibility, subscriber communicators produced by former manufacturers are still in use with our system today.

ORBCOMM Japan is currently selling subscriber communicators manufactured by Quake.

Wireless subscriber identity modules (SIMS)

Our subsidiary, ORBCOMM Terrestrial LLC, markets and sells cellular wireless subscriber identity modules, or SIMS which are purchased from the cellular wireless providers and sold to resellers.

Customers

We market and sell our products and services directly to OEM and government customers and indirectly through VARs, IVARs, international licensees and country representatives. In 2010, Komatsu, Caterpillar, Hitachi and AI accounted for 13.1%, 12.8%, 11.3% and 11.7% of our revenues for fiscal 2010, respectively.

Revenues in Foreign Geographic Areas

Revenues in Japan represented approximately 14% and 10% of our consolidated revenues in 2010 and 2009, respectively. No other foreign geographic area accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated revenues.

Key Strategic Relationships

Asset Intelligence, a subsidiary of I.D. Systems, Inc.

We have a significant customer relationship with AI that provides access to a wide array of sales channels and extends to several businesses that are dedicated to M2M data communications application that use our M2M data communications system. All of these businesses directly or indirectly sell applications utilizing our M2M data communications services. As a result, AI has a number of different sales channels for the distribution of our asset monitoring and tracking products either to third party end-users or to other businesses of AI who are end-users.

We entered into the Services Agreement (the "Services Agreement") with AI with a term of January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2013, pursuant to which we agreed with AI to expand the scope of services provided or that may in the future be provided to AI to include other satellite, cellular or dual mode (cellular plus satellite) data communications services, in addition to the low-earth-orbit-satellite-based data communication services (the "Low-Earth Services") under the IVAR Agreement.

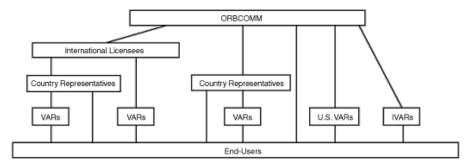
Under the Services Agreement, AI will activate and provide telematics and machine-to-machine data communications services on all communicators sold or managed by or on behalf of AI in the United States, Canada and Mexico for purposes of communications between (i) communicators sold or managed by or on behalf of AI's asset tracking and monitoring business and (b) communications centers or customers of AI's asset tracking and monitoring business, whether satellite, cellular or dual mode (cellular plus satellite), exclusively (subject to certain restrictions and qualifications) on the ORBCOMM communications system that provides the Low-Earth Services and terrestrial-based cellular communication services through reseller agreements with major cellular wireless providers and that may in the future provide communication services through other third party communication networks in each case as long as we provide competitive services at competitive rates with appropriate regulatory approval, subject to the terms of the Services Agreement.

StarTrak Systems, LLC.

On February 23, 2011, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Alanco to purchase substantially all of the assets of StarTrak Systems, LLC an innovator and leading provider of tracking, monitoring and control services for the refrigerated transport market. The acquisition of the StarTrak business supports ORBCOMM's growth strategy. We expect to enhance and expand StarTrak's leadership position in delivering benefits in efficiency, predictability and quality of refrigerated or cold chain management operations, and use this to create a global technology platform to transfer capabilities across new and existing vertical markets. We believe this will help deliver complementary products to our channel partners and resellers worldwide, with the potential opportunity to drive new subscribers to our global communications network. We also expect to leverage StarTrak's capabilities with other resellers to continue to drive down development cycle time and enhance the end user experience, and build on benefits from our new constellation.

Sales, Marketing and Distribution

We generally market our satellite and terrestrial communications services through resellers (i.e., VARs and internationally through IVARs, international licensees and country representatives). The following chart shows how our low cost, multi-channel distribution network is structured:



VARs and IVARs. We are currently working with a number of VARs and IVARs and seek to continue to increase the number of our VARs and IVARs as we expand our business. The role of the VAR or IVAR is to develop tailored applications that utilize our system and then market these applications, through non-exclusive licenses, to specific, targeted vertical markets. VARs and IVARs are responsible for establishing retail pricing, collecting airtime revenue from end-users and for providing customer service and support to end-users. Our relationship with a VAR or IVAR may be direct or indirect and may be governed by a reseller agreement between us, the international licensee or country representative, on the one hand, and the VAR or IVAR on the other hand, that establishes the VAR's or IVAR's responsibilities with respect to the business, as well as the cost of satellite service to the VAR or IVAR. VARs and IVARs are responsible for their own development and sales costs. VARs and IVARs typically have unique industry knowledge, which permits them to develop applications targeted for a particular industry or market. Our VARs and IVARs have made significant investments in developing ORBCOMM-based applications. These applications often require significant time and financial investment to develop for commercial use. By leveraging these investments, we are able to minimize our own research and development costs, increase the scale of our business without increasing overhead and diversify our business risk among many sales channels. VARs and IVARs pay fees for access to our system based on the number of subscriber communicators they have activated on the network and on the amount of data transmitted. VARs and IVARs are also generally required to pay a one-time fee for each subscriber communicator activated on our system and for other administrative charges. VARs and IVARs then typically bill end-users based upon the full value of the application and are responsible for customer care to the end-user.

Generally, subject to certain regulatory restrictions, the IVAR arrangement allows us to enter into a single agreement with any given IVAR and allows the IVARs to pay directly to us a single price on a single monthly invoice in a single currency for worldwide service, regardless of the territories they are selling into, thereby avoiding the need to negotiate prices with individual international licensees and country representatives. We pay our international licensees and country representatives a commission on revenues received from IVARs from each subscriber communicator activated in a specific territory. The terms of our reseller agreements with IVARs typically provide for a three-year initial term that is renewable for additional three year terms. Under these agreements, the IVAR is responsible for promoting their applications in their respective territory, providing sales forecasts and provisioning information to us, collecting airtime revenue from end-users and paying invoices rendered by us. In addition, IVARs are responsible for providing customer support.

International licensees and country representatives. We generally market and distribute our services outside the United States and Canada primarily through international licensees and country representatives. We rely on these third parties to establish business in their respective territories, including obtaining and maintaining necessary regulatory and other approvals, as well as managing local VARs. In addition, we believe that our international licensees and country representatives, through their local expertise, are able to operate in these territories in a more

efficient and cost-effective manner. We currently have agreements covering over 100 countries and territories through our multiple international licensees and country representatives. As we seek to expand internationally, we expect to continue to enter into agreements with additional international licensees and country representatives, particularly in Asia and Africa. International licensees and country representatives are generally required to make the system available in their designated regions to VARs and IVARs.

In territories with multiple countries, it is typical for our international licensees to appoint country representatives. Country representatives are sub-licensees within the territory. They perform tasks assigned by the international licensee. In return, the international licensees are responsible for, among other things, operating and maintaining the necessary gateway earth stations within their designated regions, obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals to provide our services in their designated regions, and marketing and distributing our services in such regions.

Country representatives are entities that obtain local regulatory approvals and establish local marketing channels to provide ORBCOMM services in their designated countries. As a U.S. company, we are not legally qualified to hold a license to operate as a telecommunications provider in some countries and our country representative program permits us to serve many international markets. In some cases, a country representative enters into a joint venture with us. In other cases, the country representative is an independent entity that pays us fees based on the amount of airtime usage on our system. Country representatives may distribute our services directly or through a distribution network made up of local VARs.

Subject to certain limitations, our service license agreements grant to the international licensee, among other things, the exclusive right (subject to our right to appoint IVARs) to market services using our satellite system in a designated region and a limited right to use certain of our proprietary technologies and intellectual property.

International licensees and country representatives who are appointed by us pay fees for access to the system in their region based on the number of subscriber communicators activated on the network in their territory and the amount of data transmitted through the system. We may adjust pricing in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements. We pay international licensees and country representatives a commission based on the revenue we receive from IVARs that is generated from subscriber communicators that IVARs activate in their territories.

We have entered into or are negotiating new service license or country representative agreements with several international licensees and country representatives, respectively, including former licensees of the Predecessor Company and new groups consisting of affiliates of former licensees of the Predecessor Company. Until new service license agreements are in place, we will operate in those regions where a licensee has not been contracted either pursuant to letters of intent entered into with such licensee or pursuant to the terms of the original agreements with the Predecessor Company, as is currently the case in South Korea and Morocco. There can be no assurance we will be successful in negotiating new service license or country representative agreements.

Competition

Currently, we are the only commercial provider of below 1 GHz band, or little LEO, two-way data satellite services optimized for narrowband. However, we are not the only provider of data communication services, and we face competition from a variety of existing and proposed products and services. Competing service providers can be divided into three main categories: terrestrial tower-based, low-Earth orbit mobile satellite and geostationary satellite service providers.

Terrestrial tower-based networks

While terrestrial tower-based networks are capable of providing services at costs comparable to ours, they lack seamless global coverage. Terrestrial coverage is dependent on the location of tower transmitters, which are generally located in densely populated areas or heavily traveled routes. Several data and messaging markets, such as long-haul trucking, railroads, oil and gas, agriculture, utility distribution, and heavy construction, have significant activity in sparsely populated areas with limited or no terrestrial coverage. In addition, there are many different terrestrial systems and protocols, so service providers must coordinate with multiple carriers to enable service in different coverage areas. In some geographic areas, terrestrial tower-based networks have gaps in their coverage and

may require a back-up system to fill in such coverage gaps. Beginning in 2007 and continuing today, we have entered into re-seller agreements with several major cellular wireless providers in the U.S. and the rest of the world to provide terrestrial communications services to our customers who want these services, in either single mode or dual mode configurations, using the wireless communications networks of these cellular wireless providers.

Low-Earth orbit mobile satellite service providers

Low-Earth orbit mobile satellite service providers operating above the 1 GHz band, or big LEO systems, can provide data connectivity with global coverage that can compete with our communications services. To date, the primary focus of big LEO satellite service providers has been primarily on circuit-switched communications tailored for voice traffic, which, by its nature, is less efficient for the transfer of short data messages because they require a dedicated circuit that is time and bandwidth intensive when compared to the amount of information transmitted. However, big LEO satellite service providers have shifted their focus more on M2M data communications. These systems entail significantly higher costs for the satellite fleet operator and the end-users. Our principal big LEO mobile satellite service competitors are Globalstar, Inc. and Iridium Communications Inc.

Geostationary satellite service providers

Geostationary satellite system operators can offer services that compete with ours. Certain pan-regional or global systems (operating in the L or S bands), such as Inmarsat plc, are designed and licensed for mobile high-speed data and voice services. However, the equipment cost and service fees for narrowband, or small packet, data communications with these systems is significantly more expensive than for our system. Some companies, such as the OmniTracs subsidiary of QUALCOMM Incorporated, which uses SES's satellites (operating in C and Ku bands), have developed technologies to use their bandwidth for mobile applications. We believe that the equipment cost and service fees for narrowband data communications using these systems are also significantly higher than ours, and that these geostationary providers cannot offer global service with competitive communications devices and costs. In addition, these geostationary systems have other limitations, such as requiring a clear line of sight between the communicator equipment and the satellite, are affected by adverse weather or atmospheric conditions, and are vulnerable to catastrophic single point failures of their satellites with limited backup options.

Research and Development

We are able to minimize our research and development costs by leveraging the investments made by our VAR's and IVAR's. See sales marketing and distribution. We have incurred no research and development costs in 2010 and 2009.

Backlog

We have no significant backlog for hardware sales as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 as we divested our hardware subsidiary in August 2010

We have "pre-bill backlog", which represents subscriber communicators activated at the customer's request for testing prior to putting the units into actual service, was 50,381 units as of December 31, 2010, as compared with a pre-bill backlog of 37,858 as of December 31, 2009. We believe that the majority of units that comprise our pre-bill backlog will be billable within a one-year period. We are not able to determine pre-bill backlog in dollars because the service costs for each subscriber communicator varies by customer.

Orbcomm Communications System

Overview

Our data communications services are provided by our proprietary two-way satellite system, which is designed to provide "near-real-time" and "store-and-forward" communication to and from both fixed and mobile assets around the world. We also provide terrestrial cellular wireless data communications services through reseller agreements with cellular wireless providers.

Our system has three operational segments:

- The space segment, which consists of a constellation of 27 operational satellites in multiple orbital planes between 435 and 550 miles above the Earth (four primary planes of five to eight satellites each) operating in the VHF band;
- The ground and control segment, which consists of sixteen gateway earth stations, three regional gateway control centers, a
 network control center in Dulles, Virginia including a redundant backup control center in the state of Washington, through which
 data sent to and from satellite subscriber communicators are routed, including a communications node for terrestrial services
 through which data sent to and from terrestrial units are routed; and
- The subscriber segment, which consists of satellite subscriber communicators and cellular terrestrial units, or wireless modems incorporating SIMS used by end-users to transmit and receive messages to and from their assets and our system.

For most applications using our system, data is generated by end-user developed software and is currently transferred to either a subscriber communicator, or a GPRS-based wireless device using a SIM on the cellular provider's wireless network. In the case of the satellite subscriber communicator selection, data is encapsulated and transmitted to the next satellite that comes into view. The data is then routed by the satellite to the next gateway earth station it successfully connects to, which in turn forwards it to the associated gateway control center. Within the gateway control center, the data is processed and forwarded to its ultimate destination after acknowledgement to the satellite subscriber communicator that the entire data message content has been received. In the case of the cellular device, a message is routed through the cellular provider's wireless network "Gateway GPRS Support Node" (GGSN), to the associated ORBCOMM Access Point Name (APN) located within the gateway control center, and forwarded to its ultimate destination in real time. The destination may be another subscriber communicator, a corporate resource management system, any personal or business Internet e-mail address, a pager or a cellular phone. In addition, data can be sent in the reverse direction (a feature which is utilized by many applications to remotely control assets).

When a satellite is in view of and connected to a gateway earth station at the time it receives data from a subscriber communicator, a transmission is initiated to transfer the data in what we refer to as "near-real-time"mode". In this "near-real-time" mode, the data is passed immediately from a subscriber communicator to a satellite and onto the gateway earth station to the appropriate control center for routing to its final destination. When a satellite is not immediately in view of a gateway earth station, the satellite switches to a store-and-forward mode to accept data in "GlobalGram" format. These GlobalGrams are short messages (consisting of data of up to approximately 120 bytes) and are stored in a satellite until it can connect through a gateway earth station to the appropriate control center. The automatic mode-switching capability between near-real-time service and GlobalGram service allows the satellite network to be available to the satellite subscriber communicators worldwide regardless of their location.

End-user data can be delivered by the gateway control center in a variety of formats. Communications options include private and public communications links to the control center, such as standard Internet, dedicated telecommunications company and VPN-based transports. Data can also be received via standard e-mail protocols with full delivery acknowledgement as requested, or via our Internet protocol gateway interface in HTML and XML formats. Wherever possible, our system makes use of existing, mature technologies and conforms to internationally accepted standards for electronic mail and web technologies. For wireless-based applications, the ORBCOMM and cellular providers APN provides the flexibility for developers to control the end-to-end connectivity as needed for the application, using customizable TCP, UDP, and SMS services. This allows existing legacy applications to be retrofit and completely new system designs to be implemented to integrate existing as well as new end user business applications.

System Status

Coast Guard Demonstration ("CDS") and Quick-Launch Satellites

On June 19, 2008, the CDS and five quick-launch satellites were launched. Due to continued delays associated with construction completion, the final quick-launch satellite #6 was to be retained for a future launch. In September

2010, we recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$6.5 million to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 after entering into a settlement agreement with OHB in connection with the contracts to build and deploy the satellites that were launched in June 2008, along with signing the new AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement. The decision to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 instead of completing it was based on our determination that completion of the construction and launch of this satellite would not be cost effective.

During 2009, we lost communications capability with three of the quick-launch satellites and the CDS satellite.

In August 2009, the remaining two quick-launch satellites in service were providing limited ORBCOMM messaging and worldwide AIS services. The similarity of these satellites to the failed satellites in 2009 significantly reduced their expected useful lives. As a result, the two remaining quick-launch satellites were fully depreciated as of December 31, 2009.

On June 22, 2010, one of the two remaining quick-launch satellites experienced a power system anomaly which resulted in loss of contact with the satellite. This satellite was covered as a part of our insurance settlement received in December 2009 as it was considered a constructive total loss under our insurance policy.

Toward the end of the fourth quarter of 2010, we lost communications with the last remaining quick-launch satellite. This satellite was covered as a part of our insurance settlement received in December 2009 as it was considered a constructive total loss under our insurance policy. As a result, our AIS service has been interrupted. We will continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources.

The loss of the two remaining quick-launch satellites can result in longer latencies in transmitting ORBCOMM messaging traffic, but is not otherwise expected to have a material adverse effect on the provision of ORBCOMM messaging service as these satellites were not providing full operational ORBCOMM messaging services.

Next-Generation Satellite Launch

On May 5, 2008, we entered into an agreement with Sierra Nevada Corporation ("SNC") to construct our eighteen low-earth-orbit next-generation satellites. SNC will also provide launch support services, a test satellite (excluding the mechanical structure), a satellite software simulator and the associated ground support equipment. Further, we have the option, exercisable at any time until the third anniversary of the execution of the agreement, to order up to thirty additional satellites substantially identical to the initial order of eighteen satellites. The total contract price is \$117.0 million, excluding any optional satellites or task order, subject to price reductions for failure to achieve certain milestones.

On August 31, 2010, we entered into two task order agreements with SNC in connection with the procurement agreement dated May 5, 2008. Under the terms of the launch vehicle changes task order agreement, SNC will perform the activities to launch eighteen of our next-generation satellites on a SpaceX Falcon 1e or Falcon 9 launch vehicle. The total price for the launch activities is cost reimbursable up to \$4.1 million less a credit of \$1.5 million, which services are cancellable by us with the unused credit applied to other activities under our agreement with SNC. Under the terms of the engineering change requests and enhancements task order agreement, SNC will design and make changes to each of the next-generation satellites in order to accommodate an additional payload-to-bus interface. The total price for the engineering changes requests is cost reimbursable up to \$0.3 million. Both task order agreements are payable monthly as the services are performed, provided that with respect to the launch vehicle changes task order agreement, the credit in the amount of \$1.5 million will first be deducted against amounts accrued thereunder until the entire balance is expended.

On August 28, 2009, we entered into commercial launch services agreement (the "LSA") with Space Exploration Technologies Corp. ("SpaceX") pursuant to which SpaceX will provide launch services (the "Launch Services") using multiple SpaceX Falcon 1e launch vehicles for the carriage into low-Earth-orbit our 18 next-generation satellites currently being constructed by SNC. Under the LSA, SpaceX will also provide us satellite-to-launch vehicle integration and support services, as well as certain related optional services. We anticipate that the Launch Services will be performed between the third quarter of 2011 and first quarter of 2014, subject to

certain rights of ours and SpaceX to reschedule any of the particular Launch Services as needed. The LSA also provides us the option to procure, prior to each Launch Service, reflight launch services whereby in the event the applicable Launch Service results in a failure due to the SpaceX launch vehicle, SpaceX will provide comparable reflight launch services at no additional cost to us beyond the initial option price for such reflight launch services. We and SpaceX are in discussions to provide launch services on multiple Falcon 9 launch vehicles in lieu of multiple Falcon 1e launch vehicles. Based on these changed circumstances, we have revised our next-generation satellite deployment plan. We currently intend to use a Falcon 9 launch vehicle to carry the first two next-generation satellites into orbit later this year. This launch will be followed by at least two additional launches for the sixteen other next-generation satellites that SNC is currently producing. Our most recent March 21, 2008, modification to our FCC satellite constellation license authorized us to deploy the eighteen next-generation satellites that SNC is currently producing in three orbital planes of six satellites each. Accordingly, we will shortly be filing an application requesting the necessary FCC approval to modify our satellite constellation license to accommodate our recently revised next-generation satellite deployment plan.

The total price payable under the LSA (excluding any options or additional launch services) is \$46.6 million, subject to certain adjustments. We may postpone and reschedule the Launch Services for any reason at our sole discretion, following a delay of 12 months for any particular Launch Services. We also have the right to terminate any of the Launch Services subject to the payment of a termination fee in an amount that would be based on the date we exercise our termination right.

Through a series of launches, we intend to replenish the existing constellation of satellites with 18 next-generation satellites with increased communications capabilities and our AIS payload, which, depending on the capabilities of the replacement satellites, may require fewer satellites than we currently have. In addition, we have requested SNC to extend the deadline to exercise options to order additional satellites if the market demands such an increase or if lower latencies are required or to mitigate a launch failure.

AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement

On September 28, 2010, we entered into an AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement (the "AIS Satellite Agreement") with OHB-System AG ("OHB") pursuant to which OHB, through its affiliate Luxspace Sarl ("LXS"), will (1) design, construct, launch and in-orbit test two AIS microsatellites and (2) design and construct the required ground support equipment. Under the AIS Satellite Agreement, we will receive exclusive licenses for all data (with certain exceptions as defined in the AIS Satellite Agreement) collected or transmitted by the two AIS microsatellites (including all AIS data) during the term of the AIS Satellite Agreement and nonexclusive licenses for all AIS data collected or transmitted by another microsatellite expected to be launched by LXS.

The AIS Satellite Agreement provides for milestone payments totaling \$2.0 million (inclusive of in-orbit testing) subject to certain adjustments. Payments under the AIS Satellite Agreement began upon the execution of the agreement and continue upon successful completion of each milestone through to the launch of the two AIS microsatellites, currently scheduled for the second quarter of 2011 and late 2011. In addition, to the extent that both AIS microsatellites are successfully operating after launch, we will pay OHB lease payments of up to \$0.5 million, subject to certain adjustments, over thirty-six months.

First Generation Satellite Health

The majority of our current satellite fleet was put into service in the late 1990s and has an estimated operating life of approximately nine to twelve years after giving effect to certain operational changes and software updates. We believe that our satellite performance remains stable and sufficient for the use of our customers. Our satellite availability, or the percentage of time that an operational satellite is available to pass commercial traffic, was 92.4% in 2010. Twenty of the operational satellites have aggregate average availability over 98.7%. With the high probability of several satellites in view at any one time, especially in the primary coverage area, and the constant motion of the satellites, the time an operational satellite is unavailable is relatively insignificant. We consider a satellite "operational" unless it can no longer provide any communications service, and we determine that further recovery efforts are not expected to return it to service.

Due to our satellite constellation architecture, which consists of numerous independent satellites, our space segment is inherently redundant and service quality is not significantly affected by an individual satellite failure, although service quality could be significantly affected by multiple satellite failures. Our system has experienced minor degradation over time, equal to less than 3% over the past five years (excluding three satellites that have slightly lower commercial service capability). The 3% degradation is primarily due to battery capacity reduction. We have and expect to continue to develop operational procedures to minimize the impact for providing messaging services with degraded batteries.

In 2008, one of our Plane D satellites, which had limited availability and a battery anomaly preventing nighttime operation, stopped providing regular operational service although it may continue to provide operational service on a limited basis. The remaining five Plane D satellites have been repositioned to minimize coverage gaps that impact system latency and overall capacity. In addition, one of our Plane B satellites is no longer providing operational service. The remaining seven plane B satellites have been repositioned to minimize coverage gaps that impact system latency and overall capacity. In April 2007, our Plane F polar satellite, one of the original prototype first generation satellites launched in 1995, was retired due to intermittent service, without any material impact on our service. These failures are less than anticipated failure rates and demonstrate the benefits of a distributed satellite system architecture like ours. We do not expect the absence of these satellites to materially affect our business. These satellites are fully depreciated.

Gateway Health

The gateway earth stations in the United States are performing well. We continue to perform infrastructure upgrades including software upgrades which improved power conditioning and remote monitoring. In general, our international gateway control centers are stable. Our gateway control centers all regularly exceeded 98% availability on a month-to-month basis. The majority of the international gateway earth stations are performing well. In 2010, the international gateway earth stations located in South America and Kazakhstan experienced intermittent outages. We refurbished and replaced numerous components at the Kazakhstan gateway earth station which has resolved the intermittent outages. In 2011, we expect to perform similar refurbishment activities at the South American gateway earth station. Lastly, in August 2010, we completed the installation of a new gateway earth station in South Africa. Since installation, this gateway earth station has an availability of over 99%.

Network Capacity

We continue to conduct analyses to investigate the utilization of our communication channels. Various metrics were used in evaluating the different elements of the communication protocol. The efficiency of the satellites' random access subscriber receivers is measured as the ratio of successfully received inbound communication packets to the number of assignments made to subscriber communicators. In the beginning of 2006, the average value of this ratio was approximately 30%, which is lower than the expected ratio of between 60% and 80%. Throughout 2006 and 2007, a number of improvements were made to raise and maintain this performance ratio to over 60%. Several modifications also were made in 2007 that impacted satellite capacity directly, resulting in a substantial increase in throughput capability. In 2008, logic was implemented on the satellites to prioritize the information transmitted to subscribers, resulting in more timely completion of transactions and fewer message retries. Later that year, we reallocated the duty cycle tasking on the satellite subscriber receivers, effectively increasing the capacity by 11%. More recently, our engineers have made substantial improvements to the satellites' traffic management capabilities with the rollout of a Dynamically Assured Message Performance (DAMP) system. This system enables the satellites to autonomously and actively manage the timing of message transmissions, leading to a throughput increase of over 40% in the random access receivers during heavy loading. Finally, two significant increases to the subscriber reservation capacity have been made thus far in 2011; (1) subscriber reservation assignments are now prioritized to optimize the likelihood of successful completion on the first attempts, netting an additional 30% in reservation receiver capacity and (2) eliminated excess guard time between reservation assignments has added another 15% to 20% to the reservation receiver capacity. It should be noted that failed messaging transactions do not result in lost messages, but do require subscriber communicators to re-initiate message transmissions. For the user, such instances could translate into message delays.

Regulation of Our System in the United States

FCC authorization

Any entity seeking to construct, launch, or operate a commercial satellite system in the United States must first be licensed by the U.S. Federal Communications Commission ("FCC"). ORBCOMM License Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of ours, holds the satellite constellation license originally issued to ORBCOMM Global L.P. in 1994 (which we refer to as the Space Segment License). ORBCOMM License Corp. also holds additional FCC licenses to: (1) operate four United States gateway earth stations; and (2) deploy and operate up to 1,000,000 subscriber communicators in the United States.

Pursuant to an application we filed on May 31, 2007, the Space Segment License was most recently modified by the FCC on March 21, 2008, and currently authorizes the operation of the first generation ORBCOMM satellites, the construction, launch and operation a total of 24 ORBCOMM next-generation replacement satellites, as well any required construction, launch an operation during the term of the license of additional technically identical replacement satellites. The March 21, 2008, Space Segment License modification authorized us to deploy the eighteen next-generation satellites that SNC is currently producing into three orbital planes of six satellites each. Based on changed circumstances relating *inter alia* to launch vehicle availability, we have recently revised our next-generation satellite deployment plan. Accordingly, we will shortly be filing an application requesting the necessary FCC approval to modify our Space Segment License to accommodate our recently revised next-generation satellite deployment plan.

We believe that our system is currently in full compliance with all applicable FCC rules, policies, and license conditions. We also believe that we will continue to be able to comply with all applicable FCC requirements, but we cannot assure you that it will be the case. Although the FCC has been positively disposed thus far towards granting our applications for license modifications, there can be no assurance that the FCC will in fact grant the application we intend to shortly file to modify our satellite constellation license to accommodate our recently revised next-generation satellite deployment plan. Additionally, there can be no assurance that, to the extent that any other modification of our FCC licenses may be required in the future to address changed circumstances, that any related FCC applications we may file will be granted on a timely basis, or at all. If the FCC revokes or fails to renew our FCC licenses, or does not grant any future application we file to modify one or more of our licenses, or if we fail to satisfy any of the conditions of our FCC licenses, any such circumstance could have a material adverse impact on our business. Finally, our business could be adversely affected by the adoption of new laws, policies or regulations, or changes in the interpretation or application of existing laws, policies and regulations that modify the present regulatory environment.

License renewal

Our Space Segment License renewal application was granted by the FCC on March 21, 2008, extending the term of the Space Segment License until April 2025. The current FCC licenses for the United States gateway earth stations and subscriber communicators expire on May 17, 2020 and June 12, 2020, respectively, and the renewal applications must be filed between 30 and 90 days prior to expiration. Although the FCC has been positively disposed thus far towards granting our applications for license renewals, there can be no assurance that the FCC will in fact renew our FCC licenses in the future.

FCC license conditions

We believe that our system is currently in full compliance with all applicable FCC rules, policies, and license conditions. We also believe that we will continue to be able to comply with all applicable FCC requirements, although we cannot assure you that it will be the case.

Under the FCC's current rules and policies relating to little LEO licensing, access in the United States to certain portions of the uplink and downlink spectrum assigned to our system was made subject to possible future spectrum sharing arrangements with one or more other little LEO systems, if such systems are proposed, and then authorized by the FCC. However, there are currently no other FCC little LEO licensees authorized in our spectrum. While other entities could seek to be licensed in the little LEO service by the FCC, to our knowledge no new

applications have been submitted to date. If any one or more new entities are licensed and do in fact proceed with system deployment in accordance with the previously established FCC requirements, we believe that there would be no material adverse effect on our system operations, although we cannot assure you it will be the case.

Non-common carrier status

All of our system's FCC licenses authorize service provision on a "non-common carrier" basis. As a result, the system and the services provided thereby have been subject to limited FCC regulations, but not the obligations, restrictions and reporting requirements applicable to common carriers or to providers of Commercial Mobile Radio Services, or CMRS. There can be no assurance, however, that in the future, we will not be deemed by the FCC to provide services that are designated common carrier or CMRS, or that the FCC will not exercise its discretionary authority to apply its common carrier or CMRS rules and regulations to us or our system. If this were to occur, we would be subject to FCC obligations that include record retention requirements, limitations on use or disclosure of customer proprietary network information and truth-in-billing regulations. In addition, we would need to obtain FCC approval for foreign ownership in excess of 25 percent and authority under Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to provide international services. Finally, we would be subject to additional reporting obligations with regard to international traffic and circuits, and Equal Employment Opportunity compliance.

United States import and export control regulations

We are subject to U.S. import and export control laws and regulations, specifically the Arms Export Control Act, the International Traffic in Arms Regulations, the Export Administration Regulations and the trade sanctions laws and regulations administered by the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control, and we believe we are in full compliance with all such laws and regulations. We also believe that we have obtained all the specific authorizations currently needed to operate our business and believe that the terms of the relevant licenses are sufficient given the scope and duration of the activities to which they pertain.

Regulation of our System in Other Countries

Communications services

We, the relevant international licensee and/or the relevant international licensee's country representative in each country outside the United States must obtain the requisite local regulatory authorization before the commencement of service in that country. The process for obtaining the applicable regulatory authorization varies from country to country, and in some instances may require technical studies or actual experimental field tests under the direction and/or supervision of the local regulatory authority. Failure to obtain or maintain any requisite authorizations in any given country or territory could mean that services may not be provided in that country or territory.

Certain countries continue to require that some or all telecommunications services be provided by a government-owned or controlled entity. Therefore, under such circumstances, we may be required to offer our services through a government-owned or controlled entity.

As part of our international initiative, we are in the process of seeking or assessing the prospect of obtaining regulatory authority in other countries and territories, including China, India and Russia. Because our satellites are licensed by the FCC, the scope of the local regulatory authority in any given country or territory outside of the United States (with the exception of countries where gateway earth stations are located) is generally limited to the operation of subscriber communicator equipment, but may also involve additional restrictions or conditions. Based on available information, we believe that the regulatory authorizations obtained by us, our international licensees and/or their country representatives are sufficient for the provision of commercial services in the subject countries and territories, subject to continuing regulatory compliance. We also believe that additional local service provision authorizations may be obtained in other countries and territories in the near future.

Non-U.S. gateway earth stations

To date, in addition to those in the United States, gateway earth stations have been authorized and deployed in Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Curaçao, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Morocco, South Africa, and South Korea. Gateway earth stations are generally licensed on an individual facility basis. This process normally entails radio frequency coordination within the country of operation for the specific frequencies to be used in the designated geographic location of the subject gateway earth station. This domestic frequency coordination is in addition to any international coordination that may be required, as determined by the proximity of the gateway earth station location to foreign borders (see "— International Regulation of Our System"). Based on the best available information, we believe that each of the above-listed gateway earth stations authorizations is sufficient for the provision of our commercial services in the areas served by the relevant facilities. We will need additional gateway earth station authorizations in other countries as we install additional gateway earth stations around the world.

Equipment standards

Each manufacturer of the applicable subscriber communicator is contractually responsible to obtain and maintain the governmental authorizations necessary to operate their subscriber communicators in each jurisdiction. Most countries generally require all radio transmission equipment used within their borders to comply with operating standards that may include specifications relating to required minimum acceptable levels for radiated power, power density and spurious emissions into adjacent frequency bands not allocated for the intended use. Technical criteria established by telecommunications equipment standards issued by the FCC and/or the European Telecommunications Standards Institute, or ETSI, are generally accepted, and/or closely duplicated by domestic equipment approval regulations in most countries. To the best of our knowledge, all current models of subscriber communicators comply with established FCC and ETSI standards.

International Regulation of our System

Our use of certain orbital planes and related system radio frequency assignments, as licensed by the FCC, is subject to the frequency coordination and registration process of the International Telecommunication Union, or ITU. In order to protect satellite systems from harmful radio frequency interference from other satellite communications systems, the ITU maintains a Master International Frequency Register, or MIFR, of radio frequency assignments and their associated orbital locations. Each ITU member state (referred to as an administration) is required by treaty to give notice of, coordinate and register its proposed use of radio frequency assignments and associated orbital locations with the ITU's Radio communication Bureau.

The FCC serves as the notifying administration for the United States and is responsible for filing and coordinating our allocated radio frequency assignments and associated orbital locations for the system with both the ITU's Radio Communication Bureau and the national administrations of other countries in each satellite's service region. While the FCC, as our notifying administration, is responsible for coordinating the system, in practice the satellite licensee is generally responsible for identifying any potential interference concerns with existing systems or those enjoying date priority and to coordinate with such systems. If we are unable to reach agreement and finalize coordination, the FCC would then assist with such coordination.

When the coordination process is completed, the ITU formally enters each satellite system's orbital and frequency use characteristics in the MIFR. Such registration notifies all proposed users of frequencies that the registered satellite system is protected from interference from subsequent or non-conforming uses by other nations. In the event disputes arise during coordination, the ITU's radio regulations do not contain mandatory dispute resolution or enforcement mechanisms and dispute resolution procedures are based on the willingness of the parties concerned to reach a mutually acceptable agreement voluntarily. Neither the ITU specifically, nor international law generally, provides clear remedies if this voluntary process fails.

The FCC has notified the ITU that our system was initially placed in service in April 1995 and that it has operated without any substantiated complaints of interference since that time. The FCC has also informed the ITU that our system has successfully completed its coordination with all countries other than Russia. We expect that we will successfully complete the ITU coordination process with Russia in the future, at which time the complete system will be formally registered in the MIFR. On September 27, 2007, the FCC transmitted an Advance

Publication submission to the ITU relating to the CDS, the quick-launch satellites and the next-generation satellites; the first step in the international coordination process for our new satellites. If design modifications to future system satellites entail substantial changes to the frequency utilization by the subject system component(s), additional international coordination may be required or reasonably deemed advisable. However, we believe that ITU coordination can be successfully completed in all circumstances where such coordination is required, although we cannot assure you that we will successfully complete such ITU coordination. Failure to complete requisite ITU coordination could have a material adverse effect on our business. Regardless, to date, and to our best knowledge, the system has not caused harmful interference to any other radio system, or suffered harmful interference from any other radio system.

Intellectual Property

We use and hold intellectual property rights for a number of trademarks, service marks and logos for our system. We have one main mark — "ORBCOMM" — which is registered or is pending registration in approximately 125 countries. In addition, we currently have three issued patents and one patent application relating to various aspects of our system, and at any time we may file additional patent applications in the appropriate countries for various aspects of our system.

We believe that all intellectual property rights used in our system were independently developed or duly licensed by us, by those we license the rights from or by the technology companies who supplied portions of our system. We cannot assure you, however, that third parties will not bring suit against us for patent or other infringement of intellectual property rights.

Employees

As of December 31, 2010, we had 99 full-time employees. Our employees are not covered by any collective bargaining agreements and we have not experienced a work stoppage since our inception. We believe that our relationship with our employees is good.

Corporate Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 2115 Linwood Avenue, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024, and our telephone number is (201) 363-4900. Our website is www.orbcomm.com and information contained on our website is not included as a part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our annual, quarterly, and other reports, and amendments to those reports can be obtained through the Investor Relations section of our website or from the Securities and Exchange Commission at www.sec.gov.

Executive Officers of the Registrant

Certain information regarding our executive officers is provided below:

Name	Age	Position(s)
Marc J. Eisenberg	44	Chief Executive Officer and President
Robert G. Costantini	51	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
John J. Stolte, Jr.	51	Executive Vice President — Technology and Operations
Christian G. Le Brun	43	Executive Vice President and General Counsel
Brian J. Bell	44	Executive Vice President — Sales and Marketing

Marc J. Eisenberg is our Chief Executive Officer and President, a position he has held since March 31, 2008, and a member of our board of directors since March 7, 2008. From June 2006 to March 30, 2008 he was our Chief Operating Officer and from March 2002 to June 2006, he was our Executive Vice President, Sales and Marketing. He was a member of the board of directors of ORBCOMM Holdings LLC from May 2002 until February 2004. Prior to joining ORBCOMM, from 1999 to 2001, Mr. Eisenberg was a Senior Vice President of Cablevision Electronics Investments, where among his duties he was responsible for selling Cablevision services such as video

and internet subscriptions through its retail channel. From 1984 to 1999, he held various positions, most recently as the Senior Vice President of Sales and Operations with the consumer electronics company The Wiz, where he oversaw sales and operations and was responsible for over 2,000 employees and \$1 billion a year in sales. Mr. Eisenberg is the son of Jerome B. Eisenberg, our Chairman of the Board.

Robert G. Costantini is our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, a position he has held since October 2, 2006. From October 2003 until September 2006, he served as Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Corporate Secretary of First Aviation Services Inc., an aviation services company providing aircraft parts and maintenance services. From 1999 to 2003, Mr. Costantini was the Chief Financial Officer of Focus Vision Worldwide, Inc., a technology company providing video transmission services. From 1986 to 1989, he was Corporate Controller and from 1989 to 1999 he was Vice-President — Finance of M.T. Maritime Management Corp., a global maritime transportation company. Mr. Costantini started his career with Peat Marwick, Mitchell & Co. Mr. Costantini is a Certified Public Accountant, Certified Management Accountant, and a member of the bar of New York and Connecticut

John J. Stolte, Jr. is our Executive Vice President, Technology and Operations, a position he has held since April 2001. From January to April 2001, he held a similar position with ORBCOMM Global L.P. Mr. Stolte has over 20 years of technology management experience in the aerospace and telecommunications industries. Prior to joining ORBCOMM Global L.P., Mr. Stolte held a number of positions at Orbital Sciences Corporation from September 1990 to January 2001, most recently as Program Director, where he was responsible for design, manufacturing and launch of the ORBCOMM satellite constellation. From 1982 to 1990, Mr. Stolte worked for McDonnell Douglas in a number of positions including at the Naval Research Laboratory where he led the successful integration, test and launch of a multi-billion dollar defense satellite.

Christian G. Le Brun is our Executive Vice President and General Counsel, a position he has held since March 31, 2008. From April 2005 to March 30, 2008, Mr. Le Brun was our Senior Vice President and General Counsel. Prior to joining ORBCOMM, from 1999 to 2005, Mr. Le Brun was an attorney with Chadbourne & Parke LLP, where he oversaw a broad range of transactions, including mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, corporate restructurings and work-outs, as well as debt and equity financing arrangements involving publicly-held and private companies. In addition, from 1994 to 1999, he was a corporate attorney with Pullman & Comley, LLC. Mr. Le Brun is a member of the bar of New York.

Brian J. Bell is our Executive Vice President, Sales and Marketing, a position he has held since joining the Company on July 1, 2009. From 2007 to 2009, he served as Regional Head of Sales for British Telecom, where he was responsible for strategy, development and management of their Global Partners sales organization in North America. From January 2004 to September 2007, Mr. Bell was Executive Director of Sales with Verizon Business where he managed a sales and support organization responsible for some of Verizon's largest and most complex accounts including IBM, CSC, Northrop Grumman and the Federal Aviation Administration. From 1996-2004, Mr. Bell held various senior management roles at IBM, Winstar Communications and Internap where he successfully developed large account sales teams, global distribution alliances and channel marketing programs with an emphasis on launching new business initiatives and developing new geographic markets. Mr. Bell started his career in 1990 at MCI Communications, where he held positions of increasing responsibility in finance and sales management.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Set forth below and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Any of these risks could also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or the price of our common stock. Because of the following factors, as well as other variables affecting our operating results, past financial performance should not be considered as a reliable indicator of future performance and investors should not use historical trends to anticipate results or trends in future periods.

Risks Relating to Our Business

A global recession and continued worldwide credit and capital constraints could adversely affect us.

Recent global economic conditions, including concerns about a recurring global recession, tightening of credit and capital markets and failures or material business deteriorations of financial institutions and other entities, have resulted in unprecedented government intervention in the U.S., Europe and other regions of the world. In addition, the market turmoil and tightening of credit have led to lack of customer confidence, increased market volatility and a reduction of general business activity. If these conditions recur or worsen, risks to us include:

- potential declines in revenues, profitability and cash flow due to reduced orders for our products and services, payment delays or
 other factors caused by economic challenges faced by our customers, end-users and prospective customers and end-users;
- · potential adverse impacts on our ability and our customers' and vendors' ability to access credit and capital sources; and
- potential reprioritization by our customers, end-users and prospective customers and end-users of resources away from
 investments in capital improvements, equipment, vehicles or vessels which use our products and services including in the
 transportation market among other markets which use our products and services.

Any such impacts could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, operating results and cash flow.

Our business plan depends on both increased demand for mobile satellite services and our ability to successfully implement it.

Our business plan is predicated on growth in demand for M2M and AIS mobile data satellite services. Demand for such satellite services may not grow, or may even contract, either generally or in particular geographic markets, for particular types of services or during particular time periods. A lack of demand could impair our ability to sell products and services, develop and successfully market new products and services and could exert downward pressure on prices. Any decline in prices would decrease our revenues and profitability and negatively affect our ability to generate cash for investments and other working capital needs.

Our ability to successfully implement our business plan will also depend on a number of other factors, including:

- our ability to maintain the health, capacity and control of our existing satellite network;
- the ability of our vendors to successfully complete the design, build and launch of our next-generation satellites and related ground infrastructure, products and services and, once launched, our ability to maintain the health, capacity and control of such satellite constellation;
- · the level of market acceptance and demand for our products and services;
- our ability to introduce innovative new products and services that satisfy market demand;
- · our ability to sell our products and services in additional countries;
- the ability of our OEMs, VARs and IVARs to market and distribute their products, services and applications effectively and their
 continued development of innovative and improved solutions and applications for our products and services;
- our ability to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled in the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources;
- · the effectiveness of our competitors in developing and offering similar services and products; and
- our ability to maintain competitive prices for our products and services and control costs.

We have incurred substantial operating losses and are incurring net losses. We anticipate additional future losses. We must increase our revenues to become profitable.

We have had annual net losses since our inception, including a net loss of \$5.2 million for fiscal year 2010 and at December 31, 2010, we had an accumulated deficit of \$76.6 million. Our future results will continue to reflect significant operating expenses, including expenses associated with expanding our sales and marketing efforts, maintaining the infrastructure to operate as a public company and the maintenance of existing gateway earth stations and satellite network ground segment facilities. As a result, we may incur additional operating losses and net losses in the future. The continued development of our business also will require additional capital expenditures for, among other things, the development, construction, launch and insurance for our next-generation satellites, and costs relating to the AIS-only satellites and the installation of additional gateway earth stations and associated satellite network ground segment facilities around the world, as well as the maintenance of existing gateway earth stations and satellite network ground segment facilities that we own and operate. Accordingly, as we make these capital investments, our future results will include greater depreciation and amortization expense which reflect the full cost of acquiring these new assets.

In order to become profitable, we must increase revenue. Revenue will depend on the success of our resellers and acceptance of our products and services by end-users in current markets, as well as in new geographic and industry markets and our ability to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources. We may not become profitable and we may not be able to sustain such profitability, if achieved.

We may need additional capital to complete our capital expenditure plans, which may not be available to us when we need it on favorable terms, or at all. Our next-generation satellites may not be completed on time, and the costs associated with it may be greater than expected.

If our future cash flows from operations are insufficient or if our capital expenditures exceed our spending plans, either in terms of aggregate amount or timing, our existing sources of liquidity, including cash and cash equivalents on hand and cash generated from sales of our products and services may not be sufficient to fund our anticipated operations, capital expenditures (including the deployment of additional satellites), working capital and other financing requirements. If we continue to incur operating losses in the future, we may need to reduce further our operating costs or obtain alternate sources of financing, or both, to remain viable and, in particular, to fund the design, construction, launch and insurance for our next-generation satellites. We cannot assure you that we will have access to additional sources of capital on favorable terms or at all.

We estimate that the aggregate costs associated with the design, building launch and insurance of our next-generation satellites and related infrastructure upgrades will be approximately \$200 million, approximately \$52 million of which has been paid. We may not complete our next-generation satellites and related infrastructure, products and services on time, on budget or at all. The design, manufacture and launch of satellite systems are highly complex and historically have been subject to delays and cost overruns. The deployment of our next-generation satellites may suffer from delays, interruptions or increased costs due to many factors, some of which may be beyond our control, including:

- · lower than anticipated internally generated cash flows;
- · engineering or manufacturing performance falling below expected levels of output or efficiency;
- · denial or delays in receipt of regulatory approvals or non-compliance with conditions imposed by regulatory authorities;
- the breakdown or failure of equipment or systems;
- non-performance by third-party contractors, including the prime system contractor and associated subcontractors;
- the breakdown or failure of equipment or systems;
- the inability to license necessary technology on commercially reasonable terms or at all;

- · use of a new or unproven launch vehicle;
- launch delays or failures or in-orbit satellite failures once launched or the decision to manufacture additional replacement satellites for future launches;
- labor disputes or disruptions in labor productivity or the unavailability of skilled labor;
- · changes in project scope;
- · additional requirements imposed by changes in laws; and
- · severe weather or catastrophic events such as fires, earthquakes, storms or explosions.

If any of the above events occur, they could have a material adverse effect on our ability to continue to deploy our next-generation satellites and related infrastructure, products and services.

We incur significant costs as a result of operating as a public company, and our management devotes substantial time to new compliance requirements.

We incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses as a public company, including costs resulting from regulations regarding corporate governance practices. For example, the listing requirements of The Nasdaq Global Market require that we satisfy certain corporate governance requirements relating to independent directors, audit committees, distribution of annual and interim reports, stockholder meetings, stockholder approvals, solicitation of proxies, conflicts of interest, stockholder voting rights and codes of conduct. Our management and other personnel devote a substantial amount of time to these compliance requirements. Moreover, these rules and regulations have increased our legal and financial compliance costs and will make some activities more time-consuming and costly. Further, these rules and regulations could make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on our board of directors, our board committees or as executive officers.

If end-users do not accept our services and the applications developed by VARs or we cannot obtain or maintain the necessary regulatory approvals or licenses for particular countries or territories, we will fail to attract new customers and our business will be harmed.

Our success depends on end-users accepting our services, the applications developed by VARs, and a number of other factors, including the technical capabilities of our system, the availability of low cost subscriber communicators, the receipt and maintenance of regulatory and other approvals in the United States and other countries and territories in which we operate, the price of our services and the extent and availability of competitive or alternative services. We may not succeed in increasing revenue from the sale of our products and services to new and existing customers. Our failure to significantly increase the number of end-users will harm our business.

Our business plan assumes that potential customers and end-users will accept certain limitations inherent in our system. For example, our satellite system is optimized for small packet, or narrowband, data transmissions, is subject to certain delays in the relay of messages, referred to as latencies, and may be subject to certain line-of-sight limitations between our satellites and the end-user's subscriber communicator. In addition, our satellite system is not capable of handling voice traffic. Certain potential end-users, particularly those requiring full time, real-time communications and those requiring the transmission of large amounts of data or voice traffic, may find such limitations unacceptable. Furthermore, current satellite-based AIS signal reception systems may not receive all AIS transmission signals on AIS equipped vessels in a given day due to signal collisions and co-channel interference of AIS transmissions, particularly in areas with a high density of AIS equipped vessels such as ports.

In addition to the limitations imposed by the architecture of our system, our failure to obtain the necessary regulatory and other approvals or licenses in a given country or territory will preclude the availability of our services in such country or territory until such time, if at all, that such approvals or licenses can be obtained. Certain potential end-users requiring messaging services in those countries and territories may find such limitations unacceptable.

We face competition from existing and potential competitors in the telecommunications industry, including numerous terrestrial and satellite-based network systems with greater resources, which could reduce our market share and revenues.

Competition in the telecommunications industry is intense, fueled by rapid, continuous technological advances and alliances between industry participants seeking to capture significant market share. We face competition from numerous existing and potential alternative telecommunications products and services provided by various large and small companies, including sophisticated two-way satellite-based data and voice communication services and next-generation digital cellular services, such as GSM and 3G, which has influenced the price at which our VARs and other service providers offer our services. The provision of satellite based data services and products are subject to downward price pressure to expand their respective market share. Recently, competition from Iridium, Inmarsat and, to a lesser extent, Globalstar, three global satellite communication services operators, has been increasing with respect to low speed data service. In addition, a continuing trend toward consolidation and strategic alliances in the telecommunications industry could give rise to significant new competitors, and foreign competitors may benefit from government subsidies, or other protective measures, afforded by their home countries. Some of these competitors may provide more efficient or less expensive services than we are able to provide, which could reduce our market share and adversely affect our revenues and business.

Many of our existing and potential competitors have substantially greater financial, technical, marketing and distribution resources than we do. Additionally, many of these companies have greater name recognition and more established relationships with our target customers. Furthermore, these competitors may be able to adopt more aggressive pricing policies and offer customers more attractive terms than we can.

We have a limited operating history and in early 2009, we commenced the commercialization of our new satellite-based AIS service, which has been interrupted and makes it difficult to evaluate your investment in us.

In early 2009, we commenced the commercialization of our new satellite-based AIS service. All of our six satellites launched with AIS capability have failed and our ability to provide AIS service has been interrupted until we are able to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third- party sources. Our prospects and ability to implement our current business plan, including our ability to provide commercial two-way data communications service in key markets on a global basis and to generate revenues and positive operating cash flows, will depend on our ability to, among other things:

- Successfully design, construct, launch, place in commercial service, operate and maintain our AIS payload equipped nextgeneration satellites in a timely and cost-efficient manner;
- ability to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites, or through securing other third party sources;
- develop licensing and distribution arrangements in key markets within and outside the United States sufficient to capture and retain an adequate customer base;
- install the necessary ground infrastructure and obtain and maintain the necessary regulatory and other approvals in key markets
 outside the United States, by our own efforts or through our existing or future international licensees, to expand our business
 internationally; and
- successfully attract and maintain manufacturers that provide for the timely design, manufacture and distribution of subscriber communicators in sufficient quantities, with appropriate functional characteristics and at competitive prices, for various applications.

Given our limited operating history, there can be no assurance that we will be able to achieve these objectives or develop a sufficiently large revenue-generating customer base to achieve profitability. In particular, because we acquired a fully operational satellite constellation and communications system from ORBCOMM Global L.P. and its subsidiaries, our current senior management team has limited experience with managing the design, construction, launch, and in-orbit testing and deployment of a satellite system.

The CDS and all of the five quick-launch satellites experienced anomalies that subsequently resulted in a loss of contact with these satellites.

Our plans to extend the operating life of our network are dependent on the health of our satellites and the failure of the CDS and the quick-launch satellites could eventually have a significant impact on the operating life of our network. The continued operation of the remaining two deployed quick-launch satellites was important to us to leverage our work with AIS to then resell AIS data collected by our satellites. In addition, these new satellites were intended to supplement and ultimately replace our existing Plane A satellites and are important to maintain adequate service levels and to provide additional capacity for future subscriber growth. We were relying on these satellites to provide AIS data service. In 2010, we lost communications with the final two quick-launch satellites and our ability to provide AIS service has been interrupted until we are able to procure other AIS services either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources. See "The ORBCOMM Communications System — System Status" for a description of the status of our communications network.

Our success in generating sufficient cash from operations to fund a portion of the cost of constructing, launching and insuring our next-generation satellites will depend in part on the market acceptance and our ability to restore AIS data service in a timely manner, which may not occur.

In early 2009, we commenced the commercialization of our satellite-based AIS service to receive and report AIS transmissions to be used for ship tracking and other navigational activities. In 2010, the remaining two quick-launch satellites launched with AIS capability failed, and as result our ability to provide AIS service has been interrupted until we are able to restore commercial-level AIS Satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources.

The market for our satellite-based AIS service is new and untested. We cannot predict with certainty the potential demand for the services we plan to offer or the extent to which we will be able to meet that demand. Although we believe the market for satellite-based AIS service is significant, the actual size of the market is unknown and subject to significant uncertainty. Demand for our AIS data service offerings in general, in particular geographic markets, for particular types of services or during particular time periods and our inability to provide AIS service may not enable us to generate sufficient positive cash flow to fund a portion of the cost of our next-generation satellites. Among other things, end-user acceptance of our AIS data service offerings will depend upon:

- our ability to restore commercial-level AIS Satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites, or through securing other third-party sources;
- the actual size of the addressable market;
- our ability to provide attractive service offerings at competitive prices to our target markets;
- · the effectiveness of our competitors in developing and offering alternative technologies or lower priced services; and
- general and local economic conditions.

Our business plan assumes a rapidly growing revenue base for AIS data service. If we cannot implement this business plan successfully and gain sufficient market acceptance for AIS data services, our business, financial condition, results of operations and liquidity could be materially and adversely affected.

We rely on third parties to market and distribute our services to end-users. If these parties are unwilling or unable to provide applications and services to end-users, our business will be harmed.

We rely on VARs to market and distribute our services to end-users in the United States, and we rely on international licensees, country representatives, VARs and IVARs, outside the United States (we refer collectively here to all such parties as "resellers"). We also rely on resellers to market and distribute our AIS services. The willingness of our existing resellers, as well as potential new resellers, to engage or continue to engage in our business depends on a number of factors, including whether they perceive our services to be compatible with their

business objectives, whether they believe we will successfully deploy our next-generation satellites, whether the prices they can charge endusers will provide an adequate return, and regulatory constraints, if any. We believe that successful marketing of our services will depend on the design, development and commercial availability of applications that support the specific needs of the targeted end-users. The design, development and implementation of applications require the commitment of substantial financial and technological resources on the part of these resellers. Certain resellers are, and many potential resellers will be, newly formed or small ventures with limited financial resources, and such entities might not be successful in their efforts to design applications or effectively market our services. The inability of these resellers to provide applications to end-users could have a harmful effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We also believe that our success depends upon the pricing of applications by our resellers to end-users, over which we have no control other than with respect to AIS services under certain circumstances.

As a result of these arrangements, we are dependent on the performance of our resellers to generate substantially all our service revenues. If our resellers fail to market or distribute our services effectively, our revenues, profitability, liquidity and reputation could be adversely affected.

Defects or errors in applications could result in end-users not being able to use our services, which would damage our reputation and harm our financial condition.

Our resellers must develop applications quickly to keep pace with rapidly changing markets. These applications, as well as new models of subscriber communicators, have long development cycles and are likely to contain undetected errors or defects, especially when first introduced or when subsequent versions are introduced, which could result in the disruption of our services to the end-users. While we sometimes assist our resellers in developing applications, we have limited ability to accelerate development cycles to avoid errors and defects in their applications. Such disruption could damage our reputation as well as the reputation of the respective resellers, and result in lost customers, lost revenue, diverted development resources, and increased service and warranty costs.

Because we depend on a few significant customers for a substantial portion of our revenues, the loss or decline or slowdown in growth in business in any of these customers could seriously harm our business.

Significant customers such as the AI subsidiary of I.D. Systems, Inc. (formerly a division of GE), Caterpillar, Komatsu and Hitachi, collectively, represented 48.9% and 52.4% of our revenues in 2010 and 2009, respectively, and are expected to represent a substantial portion of our revenues in the near future. As a result, the loss of any one of these customers, or decline or slowdown in the growth in business of these customers, which could occur at any time, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, because service revenue depends either partially or entirely on the usage of the ORBCOMM System by our customers and end users, the decline or slowdown in the growth of usage patterns of these customers which could occur at any time and with or without a reduction in the number of billable subscriber communicators activated on the ORBCOMM System by such customers, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If our international licensees and country representatives are not successful in establishing their businesses outside of the United States, the prospects for our business will be limited.

Outside of the United States, we rely in part on international licensees and country representatives to establish businesses in their respective territories, including obtaining and maintaining necessary regulatory and other approvals as well as managing local VARs. International licensees and country representatives may not be successful in obtaining and maintaining the necessary regulatory and other approvals to provide our services in their assigned territories and, even if those approvals are obtained and maintained, international licensees and/or country representatives may not be successful in developing a market and/or distribution network within their territories. Certain of the international licensees and/or country representatives are, or are likely to be, newly formed or small ventures with limited or no operational history and limited financial resources, and any such entities may not be successful in their efforts to secure adequate financing and to continue operating. In addition, in certain countries and territories outside the United States, we rely on international licensees and country representatives to operate and maintain various components of our system, such as gateway earth stations. These international

licensees and country representatives may not be successful in operating and maintaining such components of our communications system and may not have the same financial incentives as we do to maintain those components in good repair.

Some of our international licensees and country representatives are experiencing significant operational and financial difficulties and have in the past defaulted on their obligations to us.

Many of our international licensees and country representatives were also international licensees and country representatives of our predecessor company and, as a consequence of the bankruptcy of ORBCOMM Global L.P., they were left in many cases with significant financial problems, including significant debt and insufficient working capital. Certain of our international licensees and country representatives (including in Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, South America and Africa, and to a lesser extent, Europe) have not yet been able to successfully or adequately reorganize or recapitalize themselves and as a result have continued to experience significant material difficulties, including the failure to pay us for our services. To date, several of our licensees and country representatives have had difficulty in paying their usage fees and have not paid us or have paid us at reduced rates and in cases where collectibility is not reasonably assured, we have not reflected invoices issued to such licensees and country representatives in our revenues or accounts receivable. The ability of these international licensees and country representatives to pay their obligations to us may be dependent, in many cases, upon their ability to successfully restructure their business and operations or raise additional capital. In addition, we have from time to time had disagreements with certain of our international licensees related to these operational and financial difficulties. To the extent these international licensees and country representatives are unable to reorganize and/or raise additional capital to execute their business plans on favorable terms (or are delayed in doing so), our ability to offer services internationally and recognize revenue will be impaired and our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected.

As a result of these difficulties experienced by our international licensees, we have and expect to continue to acquire their operations or gateway earth stations and, where permissible, seek to maintain control of international licensees through majority ownership. Although we have implemented a strategy for the acquisition of certain independent licensees and gateway earth station operators when circumstances permit, we may not be able to continue to implement this strategy on favorable terms and may not be able to realize the additional efficiencies that we anticipate from this strategy. In some regions it is impracticable to acquire the independent gateway earth station operators either because local regulatory requirements or business or cultural norms do not permit an acquisition, because the expected revenue increase from an acquisition would be insufficient to justify the transaction, or because the independent gateway earth station operator will not sell at a price acceptable to us. In those regions, our revenue and profits may be adversely affected if those independent gateway earth station operators do not fulfill their own business plans to increase substantially their sales of services and products.

While expanding our international operations would advance our growth, it would also increase numerous risks, including:

- difficulties in penetrating new markets due to established and entrenched competitors;
- · difficulties in developing products and services that are tailored to the needs of local customers;
- · lack of local acceptance or knowledge of our products and services;
- · lack of recognition of our products and services;
- · unavailability of or difficulties in establishing relationships with distributors;
- significant investments, including the development, deployment and maintenance of dedicated gateway earth stations or other
 ground infrastructure as certain countries require physical gateways within their jurisdiction to connect the traffic coming to and
 from their territory;
- · instability of international economies and governments;
- · changes in laws and policies affecting trade and investment in other jurisdictions;

- exposure to varying legal standards, including intellectual property protection and foreign state ownership laws, in other jurisdictions;
- · difficulties in obtaining required regulatory authorizations;
- · difficulties in enforcing legal rights in other jurisdictions;
- · local domestic ownership requirements;
- · changing and conflicting national and local regulatory requirements; and
- · foreign currency exchange rates and exchange controls.

These risks could affect our ability to successfully compete and expand internationally. The prices for most of our products and services are denominated in U.S. dollars. Any appreciation of the U.S. dollar against other currencies will increase the cost of our products and services to our international customers and, as a result, may reduce the competitiveness of our international offerings and make it more difficult for us to grow internationally.

We currently are unable to offer "near-real-time" service in important regions of the world due to the absence of gateway earth stations in those areas, which is limiting our growth and our ability to compete.

Our objective is to establish a worldwide service network, either directly or through independent gateway operators, but to date we have been unable to do so in certain areas of the world and we may not succeed in doing so in the future. We have been unable to find capable independent gateway operators or otherwise obtain regulatory authorizations to install and operate gateway earth stations for several important regions and countries, including China, India, Russia and certain parts of Southeast Asia. This could reduce overall demand for our products and services and reduce the value of our services for potential users who require service in these areas.

A natural disaster could diminish our ability to provide communications service.

Natural disasters could damage or destroy our gateway earth stations or our other ground-based facilities resulting in a disruption of service to our customers in the affected region. In addition, the collateral effects of such natural disasters could impair the functioning of our ground equipment. If a natural disaster were to impair or destroy any of our ground facilities, we might be unable to provide service to our customers in the affected area for a period of time. Even if the gateway earth stations are not affected by natural disasters, our service could be disrupted if a natural disaster damages wireline or terrestrial wireless networks that we utilize, or disrupts our ability to connect to those networks. Such failure or service disruptions could harm our business and results of operations.

We rely on a limited number of manufacturers for our subscriber communicators. If we are unable to, or cannot find third parties to, manufacture a sufficient quantity of subscriber communicators at a reasonable price, the prospects for our business will be negatively impacted.

The development and availability on a timely basis of relatively inexpensive subscriber communicators are critical to the successful commercial operation of our system. Our Japan subsidiary relies on a contract manufacturer, Quake Global, Inc. ("Quake") to produce subscriber communicators. Our customers may not be able to obtain a sufficient supply of subscriber communicators at price points or with functional characteristics and reliability that meet their needs. An inability to successfully develop and manufacture subscriber communicators that meet the needs of customers and are available in sufficient numbers and at prices that render our services cost-effective to customers could limit the acceptance of our system and potentially affect the quality of our services, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business may be materially and adversely affected if ORBCOMM Japan's relationship with Quake is terminated or modified. If our arrangements with third party manufacturers are, terminated our search for additional or alternate manufacturers could result in significant delays, added expense and an inability to maintain or expand our customer base. Any of these events could require us to take unforeseen actions or devote additional resources to provide our services and could harm our ability to compete effectively.

There are currently two manufacturers of subscriber communicators Quake, and Digi International, which acquired Mobile Applitech's business. In addition, Sierra Wireless is authorized to manufacture a model of dual-mode subscriber communicator (GSM cellular and ORBCOMM) based on a licensing arrangement with Digi International with respect to the ORBCOMM communications component. If our arrangements with third party manufacturers with Quake or Digi International are terminated or expire, our search for additional or alternate manufacturers could result in significant delays in customers activating subscriber communicators on our communications system, added expense for our customers and our inability to maintain or expand our customer base.

We depend on recruiting and retaining qualified personnel and our inability to do so would seriously harm our business.

Because of the technical nature of our services and the market in which we compete, our success depends on the continued services of our key personnel, including certain of our engineering personnel, and our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel. The loss of the services of one or more of our key employees or our inability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel could have a material adverse effect on our ability to operate our business and our financial condition and results of operations. We do not have key-man life insurance policies covering any of our executive officers or key technical personnel. Competitors and others have in the past, and may in the future, attempt to recruit our employees. The available pool of individuals with relevant experience in the satellite industry is limited, and the process of identifying and recruiting personnel with the skills necessary to operate our system can be lengthy and expensive. In addition, new employees generally require substantial training, which requires significant resources and management attention. Even if we invest significant resources to recruit, train and retain qualified personnel, we may not be successful in our efforts.

Our management team is subject to a variety of demands for its attention and rapid growth which could further strain our management and other resources and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We currently face a variety of challenges, including maintaining the infrastructure and systems necessary for us to operate as a public company, addressing our potential litigation matters and managing the growth of our business. Our recent growth and expansion has increased the responsibilities of our management team. Any litigation, regardless of the merit or resolution, could be costly and divert the efforts and attention of our management. As we continue to expand, we may further strain our management and other resources. Our failure to meet these challenges as a result of insufficient management or other resources could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Pursuing strategic transactions may cause us to incur additional risks.

We may pursue acquisitions, joint ventures or other strategic transactions on an opportunistic basis. We may face costs and risks arising from any such transactions, including integrating a new business into our business or managing a joint venture. These risks may include legal, organizational, financial, loss of key customers and distributors and diversion of management's time.

In addition, if we were to choose to engage in any major business combination or similar strategic transaction, we may require significant external financing in connection with the transaction. Depending on market conditions, investor perceptions of our company and other factors, we may not be able to obtain capital on acceptable terms, in acceptable amounts or at appropriate times to implement any such transaction. Any such financing, if obtained, may further dilute existing stockholders.

We may be subject to litigation proceedings that could adversely affect our business.

We may be subject to legal claims or regulatory matters involving stockholder, consumer, antitrust and other issues. Litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, including increases in demands for attention on our management team, and unfavorable rulings could occur. An unfavorable ruling could include money damages. If an unfavorable ruling were to occur, it could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations for the period in which the ruling occurred or future periods.

Our business is characterized by rapid technological change and we may not be able to compete with new and emerging technologies.

We operate in the telecommunications industry, which is characterized by extensive research and development efforts and rapid technological change. New and advanced technology which can perform essentially the same functions as our messaging and AIS service (though without global coverage), such as digital cellular networks (GSM and 3G), direct broadcast satellites, new deployed satellites of competing low-earth orbit satellite systems and other forms of wireless transmission, are in various stages of development by others in the industry. These technologies are being developed, supported and rolled out by entities that may have significantly greater resources than we do. These technologies could adversely impact the demand for our services. Research and development by others may lead to technologies that render some or all of our services non-competitive or obsolete in the future.

Because we operate in a highly regulated industry, we may be subjected to increased regulatory restrictions which could disrupt our service or increase our operating costs.

System operators and service providers are subject to extensive regulation under the laws of various countries and the rules and policies they adopt. These rules and policies, among other things, establish technical parameters for the operation of facilities and subscriber communicators, determine the permissible uses of facilities and subscriber communicators, and establish the terms and conditions pursuant to which our international licensees and country representatives operate their facilities, including certain of the gateway earth stations and gateway control centers in our system. These rules and policies may also require our international licensees and country representatives to cut-off the data passing through the gateway earth stations or gateway control centers without notifying us or our end-users, significantly disrupting the operation of our communications system. These rules and policies may also impose regulatory constraints on the use of subscriber communicators within certain countries or territories. International and domestic licensing and certification requirements may cause a delay in the marketing of our services and products, may impose costly fees and procedures on our international licensees and country representatives, and may give a competitive advantage to larger companies that compete with our international licensees and country representatives. Possible future changes to regulations and policies in the countries in which we operate may result in additional regulatory requirements or restrictions on the services and equipment we provide, which may have a material adverse effect on our business and operations. Although we believe that we or our international licensees and country representatives have obtained all the licenses required to conduct our business as it is operated today, we may not be able to obtain, modify or maintain such licenses in the future. Moreover, changes in international or domestic licensing and certification requirements may result in disruptions of our communications services or alternatively result in added operational costs, which could harm our business. Our use of certain orbital planes and radio frequency assignments, as licensed by the FCC, is subject to the frequency coordination and registration process of the ITU. In the event disputes arise during coordination, the ITU's radio regulations do not contain mandatory dispute resolution or enforcement mechanisms and neither the ITU specifically, nor does international law generally, provide clear remedies in this situation. Finally, our business could be adversely affected by the adoption of new laws, fees, policies or regulations, or changes in the interpretation or application of existing laws, fees, policies and regulations that modify the present regulatory environment, including with respect to prohibiting or limiting the distribution of real or near-real-time AIS data.

Our business relies on our ability to maintain our FCC licenses.

Our FCC licenses — a license for the satellite constellation, separate licenses for the four U.S. gateway earth stations and a blanket license for the subscriber communicators — are subject to revocation if we fail to satisfy certain conditions or to meet certain prescribed milestones. Our FCC satellite constellation license is valid until April 2025 and authorizes the continued operation of the first generation ORBCOMM satellites, the construction, launch and operation of a total of 24 ORBCOMM next-generation satellites, as well any required construction, launch and operation during the term of the license of additional technically identical replacement satellites. The U.S. gateway earth station and subscriber communicator licenses will expire in 2020. Renewal applications for the gateway earth station and subscriber communicator licenses must be filed between 30 and 90 days prior to expiration. Although the FCC has been positively disposed thus far towards granting our applications for license renewals, there can be no assurance that the FCC will in fact renew our FCC licenses in the future.

The most recent March 21, 2008, modification of our satellite constellation license authorized us to deploy the eighteen next-generation satellites that SNC is currently producing in three orbital planes of six satellites each. Based on changed circumstances relating inter alia to launch vehicle availability, we have recently revised our next-generation satellite deployment plan. Accordingly, we will shortly be filing an application requesting the necessary FCC approval to modify our satellite constellation license to accommodate our recently revised next-generation satellite deployment plan.

We believe that our system is currently in full compliance with all applicable FCC rules, policies, and license conditions. We also believe that we will continue to be able to comply with all applicable FCC requirements, but we cannot assure you that it will be the case. Although the FCC has been positively disposed thus far towards granting our applications for license modifications and renewals, there can be no assurance that the FCC will in fact grant the application we intend to shortly file to modify our satellite constellation license to accommodate our recently revised next-generation satellite deployment plan. Additionally, there can be no assurance that, to the extent that any modification of our FCC licenses may be required in the future to address changed circumstances, that any related FCC applications we may file will be granted on a timely basis, or at all. If the FCC revokes or fails to renew our FCC licenses, or does not grant any future application we file to modify one or more of our licenses, or if we fail to satisfy any of the conditions of our FCC licenses, any such circumstance could have a material adverse impact on our business. Finally, our business could be adversely affected by the adoption of new laws, policies or regulations, or changes in the interpretation or application of existing laws, policies and regulations that modify the present regulatory environment.

Our business would be harmed if our international licensees and country representatives fail to acquire and retain all necessary regulatory approvals; we are currently unable to offer service in important regions of the world due to regulatory requirements, which is limiting our growth and our ability to compete.

Our business is affected by the regulatory authorities of the countries in which we operate. Due to foreign ownership restrictions in various jurisdictions around the world, obtaining and maintaining local regulatory approval for operation of our system is the responsibility of our international licensees and/or country representatives in each of these licensed territories. In addition, in certain countries regulatory frameworks may be rudimentary or in an early stage of development, which can make it difficult or impossible to license and operate our system in such jurisdictions. There can be no assurance that our international licensees, our country representatives and/or us will be successful in obtaining or maintaining any additional approvals that may be desirable and, if these efforts are not successful, we will be unable to provide service in such countries. Our inability to offer service in one or more important new markets, particularly in China or India, could have a negative impact on our ability to generate more revenue and could diminish our business prospects.

Our ability to provide service in certain regions is limited by local regulations as some countries, like China, India and Russia, have specific regulatory requirements such as local domestic ownership requirements or requirements for physical gateway earth stations or other ground infrastructure within their jurisdiction to connect traffic coming to and from their territory. While we are currently in discussions with parties in these countries to satisfy these regulatory requirements, we may not be able find an acceptable local partner or reach an agreement to develop additional gateway earth stations or other ground infrastructure or the cost of developing and deploying such infrastructure may be prohibitive, which could impair our ability to expand our product and service offerings in such areas and undermine our value for potential users who require service in these areas. The inability to offer to sell our products and services in all major international markets could impair our international growth. In addition, the construction of such gateway earth stations or other ground infrastructure in foreign countries may require us to comply with certain U.S. regulatory requirements which may contravene the laws or regulations of the local jurisdiction.

There are numerous risks inherent to our international operations that are beyond our control.

International telecommunications services are subject to country and region risks. Most of our coverage area and some of our subsidiaries are outside the United States. As a result, we are subject to certain risks on a country-by-country or region-by-region basis, including changes in domestic and foreign government regulations

and telecommunications standards, licensing requirements, tariffs or taxes and other trade barriers, exchange controls, expropriation, and political and economic instability, including fluctuations in the value of foreign currencies which may make payment in U.S. dollars more expensive for foreign customers or payment in foreign currencies less valuable for us. Certain of these risks may be greater in developing countries or regions, where economic, political or diplomatic conditions may be significantly more volatile than those commonly experienced in the United States and other industrialized countries.

We do not currently maintain in-orbit or other insurance for our satellites.

We do not currently maintain in-orbit insurance coverage for our satellites to address the risk of potential systemic anomalies, failures or catastrophic events affecting the existing satellite constellation. We obtained in-orbit insurance for the CDS and five quick-launch satellites for total loss or constructive total loss as defined under the terms of the policy. On December 10, 2009, we and the third party insurers entered into a settlement and release agreement to settle all claims related to the CDS and the five quick-launch satellites for \$44.3 million.

We may obtain launch insurance for the launch of our next-generation satellites. However, any determination as to whether we procure insurance, including in-orbit and launch insurance, will depend on a number of factors, including the availability of insurance in the market and the cost of available insurance. We may not be able to obtain insurance at reasonable costs. Even if we obtain insurance, it may not be sufficient to compensate us for the losses we may suffer due to applicable deductions and exclusions.

The price, terms and availability of insurance have fluctuated significantly since we began offering commercial satellite services. The cost of obtaining insurance can vary as a result of either satellite failures or general conditions in the insurance industry. Insurance policies on satellites may not continue to be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all. In addition to higher premiums, insurance policies may provide for higher deductibles, shorter coverage periods and additional satellite health-related policy exclusions. An uninsured failure of one or more of our satellites could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, higher premiums on insurance policies would increase our costs, thereby reducing our operating income by the amount of such increased premiums. Moreover, if we were to determine in the future that the terms of any particular insurance is economically unfavorable or unfeasible after taking into account factors such as cost of the insurance and scope of insurance exclusions and limitations, we may elect to self-insure against losses of such satellites.

Even where we have obtained in-orbit insurance for a satellite, this insurance coverage will not protect us against all losses that might arise as a result of a satellite failure. Any future policies can be expected to contain, specified exclusions and material change limitations customary in the industry at the time the policy is written. These exclusions typically relate to losses resulting from acts of war, insurrection or military action, government confiscation, as well as lasers, directed energy beams, or nuclear or anti-satellite devices or radioactive contamination.

In addition, should we wish to launch a spare satellite to replace a failed operational satellite, the timing of such launch will be dependent on prior commitments made by potential suppliers of launch services to other satellite operators. Our insurance does not protect us against lost or delayed revenue, business interruption or lost business opportunities. We do not maintain third-party liability insurance with respect to our satellites. Accordingly, we have no insurance to cover any third-party damages that may be caused by any of our satellites. If we experience significant uninsured losses, such events could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business relies on intellectual property, some of which third parties own and we or our customers may inadvertently infringe upon their patents and proprietary rights.

Many entities, including some of our competitors, currently (or may in the future) hold patents and other intellectual property rights that cover or affect products or services related to those that we or our customers offer. We cannot assure you that we are aware of all intellectual property rights that our products or that of our customers may infringe upon. In general, if a court were to determine that one or more of our products or that of our customers infringes upon intellectual property held by others, we or our customers may be required to cease developing or

marketing those products, to obtain licenses from the holders of the intellectual property, or to redesign those products in such a way as to avoid infringing upon others' patents. We cannot estimate the extent to which we or our customers may be required in the future to obtain intellectual property licenses, or the availability and cost of any such licenses. To the extent that we are required to pay royalties to third parties to whom we are not currently making payments, these increased costs of doing business could negatively affect our profitability or liquidity.

If a competitor holds intellectual property rights, it may not allow us or our customers to use its intellectual property at any price, which could adversely affect our competitive position.

If we become subject to unanticipated domestic or foreign tax or fee liabilities, it could materially increase our costs.

We operate in various tax jurisdictions. We believe that we have complied in all material respects with our obligations to pay taxes in these jurisdictions. However, our position is subject to review and possible challenge by the taxing authorities of these jurisdictions. If the applicable taxing authorities were to challenge successfully our current tax positions, or if there were changes in the manner in which we conduct our activities, or changes in the interpretation or application of existing laws, we could become subject to material unanticipated tax or fee liabilities. We may also become subject to additional tax or fee liabilities as a result of changes in tax laws, which could in certain circumstances, have a retroactive effect.

Our proposed acquisition of the StarTrak Systems business of Alanco Technologies, Inc. ("Alanco") may expose us to additional risks.

We have entered into an agreement with Alanco and Alanco's wholly-owned subsidiary, StarTrak Systems, LLC ("StarTrak"), to acquire substantially all of the assets of StarTrak (the "StarTrak Acquisition"). The financing for the StarTrak Acquisition will dilute the interests of our stockholders and will result in an increase in our indebtedness. In addition, the StarTrak Acquisition may entail numerous other risks, including:

- risks that the closing of the transaction is substantially delayed or that the transaction does not close;
- difficulties in assimilating the StarTrak operations or products, including the loss of key employees from StarTrak business and disruption to our existing business;
- · diversion of management's attention from our existing business;
- the expenses of the proposed transaction;
- · adverse effects on existing business relationships with suppliers and customers; and
- · risks of operating in markets with products, software and services in which we have limited experience.

If the StarTrak Acquisition is consummated, our failure to successfully complete the integration of the StarTrak business could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

Risks Related to our Technology

New satellites are subject to launch failures, delays and cost overruns, the occurrence of which can materially and adversely affect our operations and business.

Satellites are subject to certain risks related to failed or delayed launches. Launch failures result in significant delays in the deployment of satellites because of the need both to construct replacement satellites, and to obtain other launch opportunities. Launch delays can be caused by a number of factors, including delays in manufacturing satellites, preparing satellites for launch, securing appropriate launch vehicles or obtaining regulatory approvals. We intend to conduct various satellite launches for our next-generation satellites, and for the AIS-only satellites to replenish existing satellites and to augment the existing constellation in order to expand the messaging capacity of our network and improve the service level of our network. Any launch delays, or launch failures of our additional satellites could result in delays of at least six to nine months from the date of the launch failure until additional satellites under construction are completed and their launches are achieved. Such delays would have a negative

impact on our future growth and would materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our satellites have a limited operating life; all of our recently launched satellites have failed and others have degraded over time resulting in increased system latencies. If we are unable to deploy replacement satellites, our services will be harmed and materially adversely affect our operations and business.

The majority of our first-generation satellites were placed into orbit between 1997 and 1999. Our first-generation satellites have an average expected operating life of approximately nine to twelve years after giving effect to certain operational changes and software updates. On June 19, 2008, we launched five of the six quick-launch satellites together with our CDS in a single mission to supplement and ultimately replace our existing Plane A satellites. In addition to supplementing and replacing our first-generation satellites, these satellites were also intended to expand the capacity of our communications system. In 2010, the remaining two quick-launch satellites failed. We were relying on these satellites to provide AIS data service. As a result, our AIS service has been interrupted until we are able to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled in the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources. These satellite failures combined with the aging of our first generation satellites have resulted in increased system latencies, which have resulted and may continue to result in our customers or potential customers delaying deployments or using a competing wireless data network.

While we expect that our current constellation to provide a commercially acceptable level of satellite messaging service through the scheduled launch of our next-generation satellites, we cannot guarantee we will be able to provide such level of service through such launches of our next-generation satellites. Also, our satellites have already exceeded their original design lives and the actual remaining useful lives of our satellites may be shorter than we expect. If we are unable to effectively develop and deploy our next-generation satellites before our current constellation ceases to provide a commercially acceptable level of service our business will suffer.

We are dependent on a limited number of suppliers to provide the payload, bus and launch vehicle for our next-generation satellites and any increased cost, delay or disruption in the supply of these components and related services will adversely affect our ability to replenish our satellite constellation and adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In 2008, we entered into an agreement with Sierra Nevada Corporation ("SNC") to design and manufacture 18 next-generation satellites. In 2009, we entered into a commercial launch services agreement with Space Exploration Technologies Corp. ("SpaceX") to provide launch services using multiple SpaceX launch vehicles for the carriage into low-Earth orbit of our 18 next-generation satellites being constructed by SNC. Our reliance on these suppliers for their services involves significant risks and uncertainties, including whether our suppliers will provide an adequate supply of required components of sufficient quality, will charge the agreed upon prices for the components or will perform their obligations on a timely basis. If any of our suppliers becomes financially unstable, we may have to find a new supplier. There are a limited number of suppliers for communication satellite components and related services and the lead-time required to qualify a new supplier may take several months. There are only a limited number of suppliers to launch our satellites. There is no assurance that a new supplier will be found on a timely basis, or at all, if any one of our suppliers ceases to supply their services for our satellites or cease to provide launch services.

Any delay or continuing delays in our launch schedule could adversely affect our ability to provide communications services, particularly as the health of our current satellite constellation declines and we could lose current or prospective customers as a result of service interruptions. The loss of any of our satellite suppliers or delay in our launch schedule or any significant increase in costs in our next-generation satellite program could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Once launched and properly deployed, our satellites are subject to significant operating risks due to various types of potential anomalies.

Satellites utilize highly complex technology and operate in the harsh environment of space and, accordingly, are subject to significant operational risks while in orbit. These risks include malfunctions, or "anomalies", that may occur in our satellites. Some of the principal satellite anomalies include:

- Mechanical failures due to manufacturing error or defect, including:
 - Mechanical failures that degrade the functionality of a satellite, such as the failure of solar array panel deployment mechanisms;
 - Antenna failures that degrade the communications capability of the satellite;
 - Circuit failures that reduce the power output of the solar array panels on the satellites;
 - Failure of the battery cells that power the payload and spacecraft operations during daily solar eclipse periods;
 - · Power system failures that result in a shut-down or loss of the satellite;
 - Attitude control system failures that degrade or cause the inoperability of the satellite;
 - Transmitter or receiver failures that degrade or cause the inability of the satellite to communicate with subscriber communicator units or gateway earth stations
 - · Communications system failures that affect overall system capacity; and
 - Satellite computer or processor failures that impair or cause the inoperability of the satellites.
- Equipment degradation during the satellite's lifetime, including:
 - Degradation of the batteries' ability to accept a full charge;
 - · Degradation of solar array panels due to radiation; and
 - · General degradation resulting from operating in the harsh space environment.
- · Deficiencies of control or communications software, including:
 - Failure of the charging algorithm that may damage the satellite's batteries;
 - · Problems with the communications and messaging servicing functions of the satellite; and
 - · Limitations on the satellite's digital signal processing capability that limit satellite communications capacity.

We have experienced, and may in the future experience, anomalies in some of the categories described above, including with respect to the CDS and five quick-launch satellites. Our ability to continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS Satellite service through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites schedule in the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources, is important to us to leverage our work with AIS to then resell AIS data collected by our satellites, as well as to augment our current satellite constellation. In addition, these new satellites were intended to supplement and ultimately replace our existing Plane A satellites and is important to maintain adequate service levels and to provide additional capacity for future subscriber growth.

The effects of these anomalies include, but are not limited to, failure of the satellite, degraded communications performance, reduced power available to the satellite in sunlight and/or eclipse, battery overcharging or undercharging and limitations on satellite communications capacity. Some of these effects may be increased during periods of greater message traffic and could result in our system requiring more than one attempt to send messages before they get through to our satellites. Although these effects do not result in lost messages, they could lead to increased messaging latencies for the end-user and reduced throughput for our system. See "The ORBCOMM Communications System — System Status — Network Capacity" for a description of our network capacity. While

we have already implemented a number of system adjustments we cannot assure you that these actions will succeed or adequately address the effects of any anomalies in a timely manner or at all.

A total of 35 first generation satellites were launched by ORBCOMM Global L.P. and of these, a total of 27 remain operational. Our Plane F polar satellite, one of the original prototype first generation satellites launched in 1995, was retired in April 2007 due to intermittent service. Two additional satellites (one from each of Plane B and Plane D) were retired in 2008 also due to intermittent service. The other five satellites that are not operational experienced failures early in their lifetime and the previous mission ending satellite failure affecting our system occurred in October 2000, prior to our acquisition of the satellite constellation. The absence of these eight satellites can increase system latency and decrease overall capacity. While certain software deficiencies may be corrected remotely, most, if not all, of the satellite anomalies or debris collision damage cannot be corrected once the satellites are placed in orbit. See "The ORBCOMM Communications System — System Status — First Generation" for a description of the operational status and anomalies that affect our satellites. We may experience additional anomalies in the future, whether of the types described above or arising from the failure of other systems or components, and operational redundancy may not be available upon the occurrence of such an anomaly.

Our system could fail to perform or perform at reduced levels of service because of technological malfunctions, satellite failures or deficiencies or events outside of our control, which would seriously harm our business and reputation.

Our system is exposed to the risks inherent in a large-scale, complex telecommunications system employing advanced technology. Any disruption to our services, information systems or communication networks or those of third parties into which our network connects could result in the inability of our customers to receive our services for an indeterminate period of time. Satellite anomalies and other technical and operational deficiencies of our communications system described in this Annual Report on Form 10-K could result in system failures or reduced levels of service. In addition, certain components of our system are located in foreign countries, and as a result, are potentially subject to governmental, regulatory or other actions in such countries which could force us to limit the operations of, or completely shut down, components of our system, including gateway earth stations or subscriber communicators. Any disruption to our services or extended periods of reduced levels of service could, and increased latencies in our satellite network delivering messages have and could continue to, cause us to lose customers or revenue, result in delays or cancellations of future implementations of our products and services, result in failure to attract customers or could result in litigation, customer service or repair work that would involve substantial costs and distract management from operating our business. The failure of any of the diverse and dispersed elements of our system, including our satellites, our network control center or backup control center, our gateway earth stations, our gateway control centers or our subscriber communicators, to function and coordinate as required could render our system unable to perform at the quality and capacity levels required for success. Any system failures or extended reduced levels of service could reduce our sales, increase costs or result in liability claims and seriously harm our business.

All operational satellites are subject to the possibility to be impacted by space debris or another spacecraft.

Collisions with space debris or other spacecraft, could materially affect system performance and our business. Our satellites do not have the ability to actively maneuver to avoid potential impact by space debris or other satellites. On February 10, 2009 a satellite owned by Iridium Satellite LLC and Russia's Cosmos collided in an orbital altitude similar to ours causing an increase in risk of space debris damaging or interfering with the operation of our satellites.

Much of the hardware and software we use in operating our gateway earth stations was designed and manufactured over ten years ago and could be more difficult and expensive to service, upgrade or replace.

Much of the hardware and software we use in operating our gateway earth stations was designed and manufactured over ten years ago and portions are becoming obsolete. As they continue to age, they may become less reliable and will be more difficult and expensive to service, upgrade or replace. Although we maintain inventories of

some spare parts, it nonetheless may be difficult or impossible to obtain all necessary replacement parts for the hardware. Our business plan contemplates updating or replacing some of the hardware and software in our network, however, the age of our existing hardware and software may present us with technical and operational challenges that complicate or otherwise make it not feasible to carry out our planned upgrades and replacements, and the expenditure of resources, both from a monetary and human capital perspective, may exceed our estimates. Without upgrading and replacing our equipment, obsolescence of the technologies that we use could have a material adverse effect on our revenues, profitability and liquidity.

Technical or other difficulties with our gateway earth stations could harm our business.

Our system relies in part on the functionality of our gateway earth stations, some of which are owned and maintained by third parties. While we believe that the overall health of the majority of our gateway earth stations remains stable, we have and may continue to experience technical difficulties or parts obsolescence with our gateway earth stations which negatively impact service in the region covered by that gateway earth station. Certain problems with these gateway earth stations have and may continue to reduce their availability and negatively impact the performance of our system in that region. We are also experiencing commercial disputes with the entities that own the gateway earth stations in South America, Korea and Kazakhstan. In 2010, the international gateway earth stations located in South America and Kazakhstan experienced intermittent outages. We refurbished and replaced various components at the Kazakhstan gateway earth station to address the outages. In 2011, we expect to perform similar refurbishment activities at South American gateway earth station. In addition, due to regulatory and licensing constraints in certain countries in which we operate, we are unable to wholly-own or majority-own some of the gateway earth stations in our system located outside the United States. As a result of these ownership restrictions, we rely on third parties to own and operate some of these gateway earth stations. If our relationship with these third parties deteriorates or if these third parties are unable or unwilling to bear the cost of operating or maintaining the gateway earth stations, or if there are changes in the applicable domestic regulations that require us to give up any or all of our ownership interests in any of the gateway earth stations, our control over our system could be diminished and our business could be harmed.

Rapid and significant technological changes in the satellite communications industry may impair our competitive position and require us to make significant additional capital expenditures.

The space and communications industries are subject to rapid advances and innovations in technology. We expect to face competition in the future from companies using new technologies and new satellite systems. New technology could render our system obsolete or less competitive by satisfying customer demand in more attractive ways or through the introduction of incompatible standards. Particular technological developments that could adversely affect us include the deployment by our competitors of new satellites with greater power, flexibility, efficiency or capabilities than our current constellation or our next generation satellites, as well as continuing improvements in terrestrial wireless technologies. For us to keep up with technological changes and remain competitive, we may need to make significant capital expenditures. Customer acceptance of the products and services that we offer will continually be affected by technology-based differences in our product and service offerings compared to those of our competitors. New technologies may be protected by patents or other intellectual property laws and therefore may not be available to us. Any failure by us to implement new technology within our system may compromise our ability to compete.

Our networks and those of our third-party service providers may be vulnerable to security risks.

We expect the secure transmission of confidential information over public networks to continue to be a critical element of our operations. Our network and those of our third-party service providers and our customers may be vulnerable to unauthorized access, computer viruses and other security problems. Persons who circumvent security measures could wrongfully obtain or use information on the network or cause interruptions, delays or malfunctions in our operations, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may be required to expend significant resources to protect against the threat of security breaches or to alleviate problems, including reputational harm and litigation, caused by any breaches. Although we have implemented and intend to continue to implement security measures, these measures may prove to be inadequate

and result in system failures and delays that could lower network operations center availability, which could harm our business.

Risks Related to an Investment in our Common Stock

The price of our common stock has been, and may continue to be, volatile and your investment may decline in value.

The trading price of our common stock has been and may continue to be volatile and purchasers of our common stock could incur substantial losses. Further, our common stock has a limited trading history. Factors that could affect the trading price of our common stock include:

- further failure of our current or future satellites or a delay in the launch of our next-generation satellites;
- liquidity of the market in, and demand for, our common stock;
- changes in expectations as to our future financial performance or changes in financial or subscriber growth estimates, if any, of market analysts;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our results of operations, including quarterly results;
- · our financial or subscriber growth performance failing to meet the expectations of market analysts or investors;
- · our ability to raise additional funds to meet our capital needs;
- the outcome of any litigation by or against us, including any judgments favorable or adverse to us;
- · conditions and trends in the end markets we serve and changes in the estimation of the size and growth rate of these markets;
- · announcements relating to our business or the business of our competitors;
- investor perception of our prospects, our industry and the markets in which we operate;
- · changes in our pricing policies or the pricing policies of our competitors;
- · loss of one or more of our significant customers;
- · changes in governmental regulation;
- · changes in market valuation or earnings of our competitors;
- · investor perception of and confidence in capital markets and equity investments; and
- · general economic conditions.

In addition, the stock market in general, and The Nasdaq Global Market and the market for telecommunications companies in particular, have experienced and continue to experience extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of particular companies affected. These broad market and industry factors may materially harm the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class-action litigation has often been instituted against that company. Such litigation has previously been instituted against us and could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which could materially harm our business, financial condition, future results and cash flow.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or publish inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock will continue to depend in part on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business. In 2008, two securities firms ceased providing

research coverage of our company and our business. In 2009, one additional securities firm ceased providing such research coverage. If we do not continue to maintain adequate research coverage or if one or more of the analysts who covers us downgrades our stock or publishes inaccurate or unfavorable research about our business, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts ceases coverage of our company or fails to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our stock could decrease, which could cause our stock price and trading volume to decline.

We are subject to anti-takeover provisions which could affect the price of our common stock.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our bylaws contain provisions that could make it difficult for a third party to acquire us without the consent of our board of directors. These provisions do not permit actions by our stockholders by written consent and require the approval of the holders of at least $6.6^2/3\%$ of our outstanding common stock entitled to vote to amend certain provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws. In addition, these provisions include procedural requirements relating to stockholder meetings and stockholder proposals that could make stockholder actions more difficult. Our board of directors is classified into three classes of directors serving staggered, three-year terms and may be removed only for cause. Any vacancy on the board of directors may be filled only by the vote of the majority of directors then in office. Our board of directors has the right to issue preferred stock with rights senior to those of the common stock without stockholder approval, which could be used to dilute the stock ownership of a potential hostile acquirer, effectively preventing acquisitions that have not been approved by our board of directors. Delaware law also imposes some restrictions on mergers and other business combinations between us and any holder of 15% or more for our outstanding common stock. Although we believe these provisions provide for an opportunity to receive a higher bid by requiring potential acquirers to negotiate with our board of directors, these provisions apply even if the offer may be considered beneficial by some stockholders and may delay or prevent an acquisition of our company.

If persons engage in short sales of our common stock, the price of our common stock may decline.

Selling short is a technique used by a stockholder to take advantage of an anticipated decline in the price of a security. A significant number of short sales or a large volume of other sales within a relatively short period of time can create downward pressure on the market price of a security. Further sales of common stock could cause even greater declines in the price of our common stock due to the number of additional shares available in the market, which could encourage short sales that could further undermine the value of our common stock. Holders of our securities could, therefore, experience a decline in the value of their investment as a result of short sales of our common stock.

We do not expect to pay dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future.

We do not currently pay cash dividends on our common stock and, because we currently intend to retain all cash we generate to fund the growth of our business, we do not expect to pay dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Any future dividend payments would be within the discretion of our board of directors and would depend on a variety of factors, including our results of operations, working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements, financial condition, contractual restrictions, business opportunities, anticipated cash needs, provisions of applicable law and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant. We may not generate sufficient cash from operations in the future to pay dividends on our common stock.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

We currently lease approximately 7,000, 28,000 and 1,400 square feet of office space in Fort Lee, New Jersey Dulles, Virginia and in Tokyo, Japan. In addition, we currently own and operate nine gateway earth stations at the following locations, six situated on owned real property and three on real property subject to leases:

Gateway	Real Property Owned or Leased	Lease Expiration
St. John's, Arizona	Owned	n/a
Arcade, New York	Owned	n/a
Curação, Netherlands Antilles	Owned	n/a
Rutherglen Vic, Australia	Owned	n/a
Hartebeesthoek, South Africa	Owned	n/a
Kijal, Malaysia	Owned	n/a
Ocilla, Georgia	Leased	March 2013
Kitaura-town, Japan	Leased	March 2012
East Wenatchee, Washington	Leased	Month to Month

We currently own or lease real property sufficient for our business operations, although we may need to purchase or lease additional real property in the future.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We discuss certain legal proceedings pending against the Company in the notes to the consolidated financial statements and refer you to that discussion for important information concerning those legal proceedings, including the basis for such actions and relief sought. See Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements for this discussion.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities Price of our Common Stock

Our common stock has traded on The Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol "ORBC".

The following sets forth the high and low sales prices of our common stock, as reported on The Nasdaq Global Market from January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2010:

	High	Low
Year ended December 31, 2010		
Quarter ended December 31, 2010	\$ 2.74	\$ 2.20
Quarter ended September 30, 2010	\$ 2.43	\$ 1.64
Quarter ended June 30, 2010	\$ 2.39	\$1.75
Quarter ended March 31, 2010	\$2.76	\$ 2.02
Year ended December 31, 2009		
Quarter ended December 31, 2009	\$ 3.23	\$ 2.04
Quarter ended September 30, 2009	\$2.89	\$1.49
Quarter ended June 30, 2009	\$ 2.13	\$1.25
Quarter ended March 31, 2009	\$2.96	\$1.16

As of March 11, 2011, there were 458 holders of record of our common stock.

Warrants

During the year ended December 31, 2010, there was no warrant activity.

Dividend Payments and Policy

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on shares of our common stock.

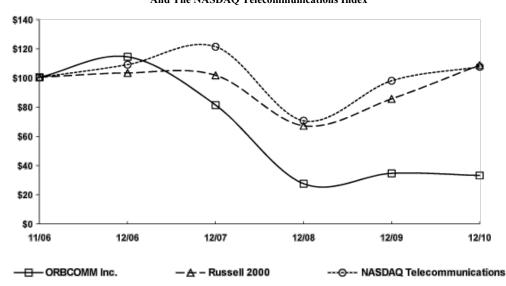
Our board of directors currently intends to retain all available funds and future earnings to support operations and to finance the growth and development of our business and does not intend to pay cash dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. Our board of directors may, from time to time, examine our dividend policy and may, in its absolute discretion, change such policy.

Stock Performance Graph

The graph set forth below compares the cumulative total shareholder return on our common stock between November 3, 2006 (the date of our initial public offering) and December 31, 2010, with the cumulative total result of (i) the Russell 2000 Index and (ii) the NASDAQ Telecommunications Index, over the same period. This graph assumes the investment of \$100 on November 3, 2006 in our common stock, the Russell 2000 Index and the NASDAQ Telecommunications Index, and assumes the reinvestment of dividends, if any. The graph assumes the initial value of our common stock on November 3, 2006 was the closing sales price of \$7.75 per share.

The comparisons shown in the graph below are based on historical data. We caution that the stock price performance show in the graph below is not necessarily indicative of, nor is it intended to forecast, the potential future performance of our common stock. Information used in the graph was obtained from Research Data Group, a source believed to be reliable, but we are not responsible for any errors or omissions in such information.

COMPARISON OF 50 MONTH CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN* Among ORBCOMM Inc., The Russell 2000 Index And The NASDAQ Telecommunications Index



*\$100 invested on 11/3/06 in stock or 10/31/06 in index, including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal year ending December 31.

	11/3/06	12/31/06	12/31/07	12/31/08	12/31/09	12/31/10
ORBCOMM Inc.	100.00	113.81	81.16	27.87	34.84	33.42
Russell 2000	100.00	102.97	101.36	67.11	85.35	108.27
NASDAQ Telecommunications	100.00	108.56	120.72	70.53	97.62	107.14

Item 6. Selected Consolidated Financial Data

The following selected consolidated financial data should be read together with the information under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes which are included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We have derived the consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 from our audited consolidated financial statements, which are included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We have derived the consolidated statement of operations data for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 from our consolidated financial statements, which are not included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of future results of operations.

Years Ended December 31,					
Consolidated Statement of Operations Data:	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006(1)
		(In thousands, except per share data)			
Service revenues	\$ 34,257	\$ 27,143	\$ 23,811	\$ 17,707	\$ 11,542
Product sales	2,419	423	3,498	1,524	235
Total revenues	36,676	27,566	27,309	19,231	11,777
Costs and expenses:					
Costs of services	12,683	26,891	9,800	7,982	8,704
Costs of product sales	1,511	260	2,172	683	24
Selling, general and administrative	16,728	17,172	18,879	17,583	15,684
Product development	663	714	643	648	1,224
Gains on customer claims settlements			(1,368)		
Impairment charges-satellite network	6,509	29,244	_	_	_
Insurance recovery-satellite network		(44,250)			
Total costs and expenses	38,094	30,031	30,126	26,896	25,636
Loss from operations	(1,418)	(2,465)	(2,817)	(7,665)	(13,859)
Other income	10	110	558	5,074	2,616
Pre-control earnings of consolidated subsidiary			128		
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(1,408)	(2,355)	(2,387)	(2,591)	(11,243)
Income taxes (benefit)	(216)				
Loss from continuing operations	(1,192)	(2,355)	(2,387)	(2,591)	(11,243)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations(2)	(3,753)	(954)	(1,682)	(998)	28
Net loss	(4,945)	(3,309)	(4,069)	(3,589)	(11,215)
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interests(3)	224	130	471		
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.	\$ (5,169)	\$ (3,439)	\$ (4,540)	\$ (3,589)	\$(11,215)
Net loss applicable to common shares	\$ (5,169)	\$ (3,439)	\$ (4,540)	\$ (3,589)	\$(29,646)
Per share information-basic and diluted:					
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (2.80)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(0.09)	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.02)	0.00
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.	\$ (0.13)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (2.80)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:					
Basic and diluted	42,586	42,404	41,984	39,706	10,601

			As of December 31	l ,	
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
			(In thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,026	\$ 65,292	\$ 75,370	\$115,587	\$ 62,139
Marketable securities	67,902	26,145	_	_	38,850
Working capital	81,810	85,572	67,236	106,716	100,887
Satellite network and other equipment, net	71,684	73,208	92,772	49,369	29,079
Intangible assets, net	1,114	2,600	4,086	5,572	7,058
Total assets	171,469	181,059	191,367	181,823	148,093
Note payable — related party	1,416	1,398	1,244	1,170	879
Total equity(3)	158,119	160,918	163,051	160,849	128,712

- (1) On November 8, 2006, we completed our initial public offering of 9,230,800 shares of common stock at a price of \$11.00 per share. After deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses we received proceeds of approximately \$89.5 million. From these net proceeds we paid accumulated and unpaid dividends totaling \$7.5 million to the holders of Series B preferred stock, a \$3.6 million contingent purchase price payment relating to the acquisition of our interest in Satcom International Group plc and \$10.1 million to the holders of Series B preferred stock in connection with obtaining consents required for the conversion of the Series B preferred stock into common stock. All outstanding shares of Series A and B preferred stock automatically converted into 21,383,318 shares of common stock.
- (2) The amounts reflected above have been recast to reflect all adjustments necessary to present the assets, liabilities and the related results of operations of Stellar as discontinued operations.
- (3) In 2008, amounts have been recast for noncontrolling interests.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes which appear elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Organization

ORBCOMM LLC was organized as a Delaware limited liability company on April 4, 2001 and on April 23, 2001, we acquired substantially all of the non-cash assets and assumed certain liabilities of ORBCOMM Global L.P. and its subsidiaries, which had filed for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. The assets acquired from ORBCOMM Global L.P. and its subsidiaries consisted principally of the in-orbit satellites and supporting U.S. ground infrastructure equipment that we own today. At the same time, ORBCOMM LLC also entered an agreement that resulted in the acquisition of the FCC licenses required to own and operate the communications system from a subsidiary of Orbital Sciences Corporation, which was not in bankruptcy, in a related transaction. Prior to April 23, 2001, ORBCOMM LLC did not have any operating activities. We were formed as a Delaware corporation in October 2003 and on February 17, 2004, the members of ORBCOMM LLC contributed all of their outstanding membership interests in ORBCOMM LLC to us in exchange for shares of our common stock, representing ownership interests in us equal in proportion to their prior ownership interest in ORBCOMM LLC. As a result of, and immediately following the contribution, ORBCOMM LLC became a whollyowned subsidiary of ours.

Overview

We operate a global commercial wireless messaging system optimized for narrowband communications. Our system consists of a global network of 27 low-Earth orbit, or LEO, satellites and accompanying ground

infrastructure. Our two-way communications system enables our customers and end-users, which include large and established multinational businesses and government agencies, to track, monitor, control and communicate cost-effectively with fixed and mobile assets located anywhere in the world. We also provide terrestrial-based cellular communication services through reseller agreements with major cellular wireless providers. Currently, our agreements with major cellular providers include GSM and CDMA offerings in the United States and GSM services with significant coverage worldwide. These terrestrial-based communication services enable our customers who have higher bandwidth requirements to receive and send messages from communication devices based on terrestrial-based technologies using the cellular providers' wireless networks as well as from dual-mode devices combining our satellite subscriber communicators with devices for terrestrial-based technologies. As a result, our customers are now able to integrate into their applications a terrestrial communications device that will allow them to send and receive messages, including data intensive messaging using the cellular providers' wireless networks.

Our products and services enable our customers and end-users to enhance productivity, reduce costs and improve security through a variety of commercial, government, and emerging homeland security applications. We enable our customers and end-users to achieve these benefits using a single global satellite technology standard for machine-to-machine and telematic, or M2M, data communications. Our customers have made significant investments in developing ORBCOMM-based applications. Examples of assets that are connected through our M2M data communications system include trucks, trailers, railcars, containers, heavy equipment, fluid tanks, utility meters, pipeline monitoring equipment, marine vessels, and oil wells. Our customers include original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, such as Caterpillar Inc., ("Caterpillar"), Doosan Infracore America, Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd., ("Hitachi"), Hyundai Heavy Industries, Komatsu Ltd., ("Komatsu"), The Manitowoc Company and Volvo Construction Equipment. In addition, we market our services through a distribution network of vertical market technology integrators known as VARs and IVARs, such as StarTrak, AI, XATACorporation and American Innovations, Ltd., and U.S. government agencies.

Global economic conditions, including a global economic recession, along with unprecedented credit and capital constraints in the capital markets have created a challenging economic environment leading to a lack of customer confidence. Our worldwide operations and performance depend significantly on global economic conditions and their impact on our customers' decisions to purchase our services and products. Economic conditions in many parts of the world remain weak or may even deteriorate further in the foreseeable future. The worldwide economic turmoil may have a material adverse effect on our operations and financial results, and we may be unable to predict the scope and magnitude of its effects on our business. VARs and end users in any of our target markets, including in commercial transportation and heavy equipment, have and may experience unexpected fluctuations in demand for their products, as our end users alter purchasing activities in response to this economic volatility. Our customers may change or scale back product development efforts, the roll-out of service applications, product purchases or other sales activities that affect purchases of our products and services, and this could adversely affect the amount and timing of revenue for the long-term future, leaving us with limited visibility in the revenue we can anticipate in any given period. These economic conditions also affect our third party manufacturers, and if they are unable to obtain the necessary capital to operate their business, this may also impact their ability to provide the subscriber communicators that our end-users need, or may adversely affect their ability to provide timely services or to make timely deliveries of products or services to our end-users. It is currently unclear as to what overall effect these economic conditions and uncertainties will have on our existing customers and core markets, and future business with existing and new customers in our current and future markets.

As of December 31, 2010, we had approximately 575,000 billable subscriber communicators activated on our communications system compared to approximately 515,000 billable subscriber communicators as of December 31, 2009, an increase of approximately 11.6%.

Satellite replenishments

The majority of our current fleet of satellites was put in service in the late 1990s and has an estimated operating life of approximately nine to twelve years. Since 2002, we have implemented several operational changes and software demonstration updates that we believe have enhanced the expected life of the satellites. The majority of these changes focus on extending the life of the primary life limiting component — the nickel hydrogen batteries — which power the satellites.

Next-Generation Satellites

Through a series of launches, we intend to replenish the existing constellation of satellites with 18 next-generation satellites, which depending on the capabilities of the replacement satellites, may require fewer satellites than we currently have. In addition, we have required SNC the manufacturer for our next-generation satellites to extend the deadline to exercise options to order additional satellites if the market demands such an increase or if lower latencies are required or to mitigate a launch failure.

We intend to launch 18 next-generation satellites equipped with increased communications capabilities and our AIS payload currently being constructed by SNC with the first of several launches using multiple SpaceX launch vehicles based on our agreement with SpaceX, our launch service provider. We anticipate that the launch services will be performed between the third quarter of 2011 and first quarter of 2014, subject to certain rights of us and the launch service provider to reschedule any of the following launch services as needed. The agreement also provides us the option to procure, prior to each launch service, reflight launch services whereby in the event the applicable launch service results in a failure due to the SpaceX launch vehicle, our launch service provider will provide comparable reflight launch services at no additional cost to us beyond the initial option price for such reflight launch services.

AIS microsatellites

On September 28, 2010, we entered into an AIS Satellite Agreement with OHB pursuant to which OHB, through its affiliate LXS, will (1) design, construct, launch and in-orbit test two AIS microsatellites and (2) design and construct the required ground support equipment. Under the AIS Satellite Agreement, we will receive exclusive licenses for all data (with certain exceptions as defined in the AIS Satellite Agreement) collected or transmitted by the two AIS microsatellites (including all AIS data) during the term of the AIS Satellite Agreement and nonexclusive licenses for all AIS data collected or transmitted by another microsatellite expected to be launched by LXS. LXS plans to launch the first of two AIS microsatellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011 then followed by the second AIS microsatellite late in 2011.

Satellite impairments and insurance recovery

On June 19, 2008, the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and five quick-launch satellites were launched. Due to continued delays associated with the construction of the final quick-launch satellite #6, we were retaining it for future deployment. Since launch, communications capability for all of the quick-launch satellites and the Coast Guard demonstration satellite has been lost, and we impaired the full cost of quick-launch satellite #6 as described below.

In August 2009, we placed the remaining two quick-launch satellites in service for which we maintained communications capability. These satellites were providing limited ORBCOMM messaging and worldwide AIS services. The similarity of these satellites to the failed satellites described below significantly reduced their expected useful lives to three and five months.

On February 22, 2009, one quick-launch satellite experienced a power system anomaly that subsequently resulted in a loss of contact with the satellite. A non-cash impairment charge to write-off the cost of this satellite of \$7.0 million was recognized during the first quarter of 2009.

On July 31, 2009, another quick-launch satellite experienced a gateway transmitter anomaly that resulted in a loss of contact with the satellite by our ground control systems. A non-cash impairment charge to write-off the cost of this satellite of \$7.1 million was recognized during the third quarter of 2009.

On August 7, 2009, another quick-launch satellite experienced a power system anomaly. Subsequently, on August 24, 2009, the Coast Guard demonstration satellite also experienced an anomaly with its power system. These anomalies resulted in a loss of contact with the satellites. A non-cash impairment charge to write-off the cost of these satellites of \$14.8 million was recorded resulting in a total impairment charge of \$21.9 million that was recognized during the third quarter of 2009. During the quarter ended December 31, 2009, we recorded an additional non-cash impairment charge of \$0.3 million.

We purchased an in-orbit insurance policy that covers the total loss or constructive total loss of the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and five quick-launch satellites during the coverage period that ended on June 19, 2009. Under the terms of the policy, a satellite that does not meet the working satellite criteria constitutes a constructive total loss of that satellite for insurance purposes. The in-orbit insurance was subject to certain exclusions including a deductible under which no claim is payable under the policy for the first satellite to suffer a constructive total loss or total loss.

We filed a claim under our in-orbit insurance policy for all six satellites as either a total loss or constructive total loss. The total loss claim was for the one satellite that suffered a power system failure resulting in loss of contact in February 2009, and the constructive total loss claim for each of the other five satellites was on the basis that these satellites did not meet the working satellite criteria stated in the policy. The maximum amount recoverable by us under the policy from third party insurers for all six satellites covered by the policy was \$50.0 million, after taking into account the one-satellite deductible, under which no claim is payable for the first satellite to suffer a constructive total loss or total loss, and less any salvage value that can be established for the insured satellites.

On December 10, 2009, we entered into a settlement and release agreement with the third party insurers to settle any and all claims relating to the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and the five quick-launch satellites discussed above. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, we received \$44.3 million from the third party insurers. In addition, each of the insurers has waived all rights, title and interest in and to the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and the five quick-launch satellites. As a result, we recorded a \$44.3 million insurance recovery in our consolidated statements of operations in 2009.

On June 22, 2010, one of the two remaining quick-launch satellites experienced a power system anomaly which resulted in loss of contact with the satellite by our ground control systems. This satellite was fully depreciated as of December 31, 2009. This satellite was covered as a part of our insurance settlement received in December 2009 as it was considered a constructive total loss under our insurance policy.

In September 2010, we recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$6.5 million to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 after entering into a settlement agreement with OHB in connection with two contracts to build and deploy satellites that were launched in June 2008, along with signing the new AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement. The decision to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 instead of completing it was based on our determination that completion of the construction and launch of this satellite would not be cost effective.

Toward the end of the fourth quarter of 2010, we lost communication with the remaining quick-launch satellite. As a result, our AIS service has been interrupted. We will continue our efforts to restore commercial-level AIS satellite service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites scheduled for the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources.

The loss of these satellites can result in longer latencies in transmitting messages but is not otherwise expected to have a material adverse effect on the current communications service as the satellites were not in full operational service. We expect that the financial impact on our AIS business for the first half of 2011 to be less than \$1.0 million.

ORBCOMM Japan

On December 21, 2010, we purchased the remaining 49% noncontrolling ownership interests for \$0.8 million, thereby making ORBCOMM Japan a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours.

On March 25, 2008, we received a 37% equity interest in ORBCOMM Japan, which was accounted for an investment in affiliates at March 31, 2008. ORBCOMM Japan's results of operations were not significant for the period from March 25, 2008 through March 31, 2008. On May 15, 2008, we received an additional 14% equity interest in Japan and, as a result, our ownership interest increased to 51%. On June 9, 2008, we entered into an agreement with the noncontrolling stockholder, which terminated its substantive participatory rights in the governance of ORBCOMM Japan and as a result, we obtained the controlling interest in ORBCOMM Japan.

We consolidated the results of ORBCOMM Japan as though the controlling interest was acquired on April 1, 2008 and therefore deducted \$0.1 million of ORBCOMM Japan's earnings for the period prior to June 9, 2008 (the

date we acquired our controlling interest) from our results of continuing operations in our consolidated statements of operations. See Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

Cost Method Investment

On April 5, 2010, we entered into a stock purchase agreement with Alanco Technologies, Inc., ("Alanco"), the parent company of a terrestrial VAR, StarTrak Systems, LLC ("StarTrak"). Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, we purchased 500,000 shares of Series E Convertible Preferred Stock from Alanco for \$2.3 million. In connection with this investment, we entered into a product/software development cooperation agreement with StarTrak to develop, manufacture and market new products featuring dual-mode cellular and ORBCOMM satellite communications capabilities to operate over the ORBCOMM System. See Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

On February 23, 2011, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Alanco and StarTrak to purchase substantially all of the assets of StarTrak equal to the aggregate face amount of \$18.5 million comprised of cash, stock and debt.

Discontinued Operations

We are focused on continuing the growth and expansion of our network services business and, in 2009, began discussing with interested parties about a sale of our subsidiary, Stellar Satellite Communications, Ltd. ("Stellar"). The GE settlement agreement and the services agreement discussed below provides us with the ability to dispose of Stellar without disrupting ORBCOMM's growth prospects with GE and allows us to concentrate on our service-based data communications business. In 2009, as a result, we classified Stellar's assets and liabilities as held for sale on our consolidated balance sheet and presented Stellar's results of operations as discontinued operations in our consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented. During the three months ended June 30, 2010, we wrote down the net assets held for sale by \$3.3 million to the estimated selling price in anticipation of selling Stellar. On August 5, 2010, Stellar entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Quake Global, Inc. ("Quake"), a manufacturer of satellite communicators. Under the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, Quake purchased inventory, equipment, intellectual property and assumed certain liabilities. See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

On April 3, 2009, we entered into a settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") with GE with respect to the supply agreement dated October 10, 2006 (the "2006 Agreement") to supply up to 412,000 units of in-production and future models of subscriber communicators through December 31, 2009 to support GE's applications utilizing our data communications system. 270,000 of these units were non-cancelable except for specified early termination provisions.

Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, we received \$0.8 million as settlement for GE's obligation under the 2006 Agreement. GE did not purchase its minimum committed volumes for 2007 and 2008. In 2009, we recognized a gain of \$0.8 million for customer claims settlements in loss from discontinued operations.

We terminated the 2006 Agreement with GE and all their respective obligations relating to it, and released each other from any claims relating to their obligations arising under the 2006 Agreement, except for certain obligations related to warranties, indemnities, confidentiality and intellectual property.

Services Agreement with AI (now a subsidiary of I.D. Systems, Inc. and formerly a division of GE)

Concurrent with the Settlement Agreement, we entered into a services agreement with GE (the "Services Agreement") with a term of January 1, 2009 through December 31 2013, pursuant to which both parties agreed to expand the scope of services provided or that may in the future be provided to include other satellite, cellular or dual mode (cellular plus satellite) data communications services, in addition to the low-earth-orbit-satellite-based data communication services (the "Low-Earth Services").

Under the Services Agreement, GE will activate and provide telematics and machine-to-machine data communications services on all communicators sold or managed by or on behalf of GE in the United States, Canada and Mexico for purposes of communications between (i) subscriber communicators sold or managed by or

on behalf of GE's asset tracking and monitoring business and (ii) communications centers or customers of GE's asset tracking and monitoring business, whether satellite, cellular or dual mode (cellular plus satellite), exclusively (subject to certain restrictions and qualifications) on ORBCOMM's communications system that provides the Low-Earth Services and terrestrial-based cellular communication services through reseller agreements with major cellular wireless providers and that may in the future provide communication services through other third party communication networks in each case as long as we provide competitive services at competitive rates with appropriate regulatory approval, subject to the terms of the Services Agreement.

EBITDA

EBITDA is defined as earnings attributable to ORBCOMM Inc., before interest income (expense), provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization. We believe EBITDA is useful to our management and investors in evaluating our operating performance because it is one of the primary measures we use to evaluate the economic productivity of our operations, including our ability to obtain and maintain our customers, our ability to operate our business effectively, the efficiency of our employees and the profitability associated with their performance. It also helps our management and investors to meaningfully evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period to period on a consistent basis by removing the impact of our financing transactions and the depreciation and amortization impact of capital investments from our operating results. In addition, our management uses EBITDA in presentations to our board of directors to enable it to have the same measurement of operating performance used by management and for planning purposes, including the preparation of our annual operating budget.

EBITDA is not a performance measure calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. While we consider EBITDA to be an important measure of operating performance, it should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, net loss or other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP and may be different than EBITDA measures presented by other companies.

The following table reconciles our net loss to EBITDA for the periods shown:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	(In thousands)	2008
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.	\$(5,169)	\$ (3,439)	\$ (4,540)
Income tax benefit	(216)	_	_
Interest income	(218)	(85)	(1,599)
Interest expense	192	193	199
Depreciation and amortization	4,317	19,132	3,236
EBITDA	\$ (1,094)	\$15,801	\$ (2,704)

EBITDA in 2010 decreased by \$16.9 million over 2009 primarily due to a net gain in 2009 of \$15.0 million on an insurance settlement, and 2010 non-cash impairment charges of \$6.5 million and \$3.3 million related to the sale of Stellar in discontinued operations, offset by higher net service revenues of \$7.1 million of which \$5.9 million is related to recognizing the remaining unamortized AIS deferred professional services revenues that was prepaid by the USCG.

EBITDA in 2009 improved by \$18.5 million over 2008. This improvement was due to recognizing a net gain of \$15.0 million on insurance settlement, higher net service revenues of \$3.3 million and a gain of \$0.8 million for customer claims settlement from GE reported in loss from discontinued operations, a decrease of \$2.1 million in stock-based compensation offset by an increase in operating expenses of \$0.9 million from the full year consolidation of ORBCOMM Japan for \$0.5 million, \$0.3 million of a satellite insurance policy, \$0.9 million for bad debt reserves, unanticipated expenses of \$0.6 million for a contested proxy vote, \$0.1 million in severance payments and \$0.3 million in legal fees related to the preparation of our satellite insurance claim.

Revenues

We derive service revenues from our resellers and direct customers from utilization of satellite subscriber communicators on our communications system and the reselling of airtime from the utilization of terrestrial-based subscriber communicators using SIMS on the cellular providers' wireless networks. These service revenues generally consist of a one-time activation fee for each subscriber communicator and SIMS activated for use on our communications system and monthly usage fees. Usage fees that we charge our customers are based upon the number, size and frequency of data transmitted by the customer and the overall number of subscriber communicators and SIMS activated by each customer. Revenues for usage fees from currently billing subscriber communicators and SIMS are recognized on an accrual basis, as services are rendered, or on a cash basis, if collection from the customer is not reasonably assured at the time the service is provided. Usage fees charged to our resellers and direct customers are charged primarily at wholesale rates based on the overall number of subscriber communicators activated by them and the total amount of data transmitted. Service revenues also includes AIS data transmissions, services to the USCG (described below), royalty fees from third parties for the use of our proprietary communications protocol charged on a one-time basis for each satellite subscriber communicator connected to our M2M data communications system and fees from providing engineering, technical and management support services to customers.

We derive product revenues primarily from sales of subscriber communicators to our resellers (i.e., our VARs, IVARs, international licensees and country representatives) and direct customers and other equipment such as gateway earth stations and related products to customers. We also sell cellular wireless subscriber identity modules, or SIMS, (for our terrestrial-communication services) to our resellers and direct customers.

During 2004, we entered into an agreement with the USCG to design, develop, launch and operate a single satellite equipped with the capability to receive, process and forward AIS data (the "Concept Validation Project"). Under the terms of the agreement, title to the Concept Validation Project demonstration satellite remains with us, however the USCG is granted a non-exclusive, royalty free license to use the intellectual property related to the designs, processes and procedures developed under the agreement in connection with any of our future satellites that are AIS enabled. We were permitted to use the Concept Validation Project demonstration satellite. The agreement provides for post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services to be provided by us to the USCG for an initial term of 14 months and an additional option to receive post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services subsequent to the initial term. In 2009, the USCG elected to receive the additional post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmissions services options for 12 months to continue receiving service from the remaining two quick-launch satellites.

On August 5, 2010, our agreement with the USCG was completed. We terminated AIS data transmission and maintenance services to the USCG the following day. We do not know when or if another agreement will be reached to provide AIS data services to the USCG.

Costs and expenses

We own and operate a 27-satellite constellation, nine of the sixteen gateway earth stations and two of the four gateway control centers. Satellite-based communications systems are typically characterized by high initial capital expenditures and relatively low marginal costs for providing service. Because we acquired substantially all of our existing satellite and network assets from ORBCOMM Global L.P. for a fraction of their original cost in a bankruptcy court-approved sale, we have benefited from lower amortization of capital costs than if the assets were acquired at ORBCOMM Global L.P.'s original cost. These satellites became fully depreciated during the fourth quarter of 2006.

Communications capability for all of the quick-launch satellites and the Coast Guard demonstration satellite that were launched in June 2008 were lost and we impaired the full cost of quick-launch satellite #6, in September 2010, coincident with the signing of the AIS deployment agreement.

As a result, we recognized a non-cash impairment charge of \$6.5 million relating to quick-launch satellite #6 in our consolidated statements of operations in 2010. In 2009, we recognized non-cash impairment charges of

\$29.2 million relating to the three quick-launch satellites and the Coast Guard demonstration satellite that were launched in June 2008 in our consolidated statements of operations.

In December 2009, we entered into a settlement and release agreement with the third party insurers with respect to our in-orbit insurance policy and received \$44.3 million. We recorded the \$44.3 million as an insurance recovery-satellite network in our consolidated statements of operations.

In August 2009, we placed the remaining two quick-launch satellites in service and began depreciating these satellites over their expected useful lives of three and five months as these two satellites were experiencing similar anomalies to the three quick-launch satellites and the Coast Guard demonstration satellite were expected to be permanent and significantly reduce their expected useful lives. As a result our depreciation expense, a component of cost of services, increased significantly in 2009. This was primarily due to \$14.2 million of depreciation expense relating to the two remaining quick-launch satellites. These satellites were fully depreciated as of December 31, 2009. In 2010, we lost contact with these two remaining quick-launch satellites.

We currently anticipate that when the next-generation satellites and AIS microsatellites are placed in service they will be depreciated over a period of ten and three years, respectively, representing the estimated operational lives of the satellites.

We incur engineering expenses associated with the operation of our communications system and the development and support of new applications, as well as sales, marketing and administrative expenses related to the operation of our business. As of December 31, 2010, we have 99 employees and we do not expect a significant increase in 2011.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our results of operations, liquidity and capital resources are based on our consolidated financial statements which have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, costs of services, accounts receivable, satellite network and other equipment, long-lived assets, capitalized development costs, valuation of deferred tax assets, uncertain tax positions, loss contingencies and the value of securities underlying stock-based compensation. We base our estimates on historical and anticipated results and trends and on various other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, including assumptions as to future events. These estimates form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. By their nature, estimates are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. Actual results may differ from our estimates and could have a significant adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant estimates and judgments in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Revenue recognition

We recognize revenues when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the fee is fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured. Our revenue recognition policy requires us to make significant judgments regarding the probability of collection of the resulting accounts receivable balance based on prior history and the creditworthiness of our customers. In instances where collection is not reasonably assured, revenue is recognized when we receive cash from the customer.

Revenues generated from the sale of satellite subscriber communicators, SIMS and other products are either recognized when the products are shipped or when customers accept the products, depending on the specific contractual terms. Sales of satellite subscriber communicators and SIMS and other items are not subject to return and title and risk of loss pass to the customer at the time of shipment.

Sales of subscriber communicators and SIMS are primarily to resellers and are not bundled with service arrangements. Revenues from sales of gateway earth stations and related products are recognized only upon

installation, customer acceptance and when collectibility is reasonably assured. Revenues from the activation of subscriber communicators and SIMS are initially recorded as deferred revenues and are, thereafter, recognized ratably over the term of the agreement with the customer, generally three years which is the estimated customer relationship period. Revenues generated from monthly usage and administrative fees and engineering services are recognized when the services are rendered. Revenues generated from royalties under our subscriber communicator manufacturing agreements are recognized when we issue to a third party manufacturer upon request a unique serial number to be assigned to each unit manufactured by such third party manufacturer.

Under of our agreement with the USCG with respect to the Concept Validation Project and related services, described under "— Overview — Revenues", as no tangible deliverable other than services will be provided to the USCG and we retain title to the Coast Guard demonstration satellite, the arrangement is accounted for as a long term service arrangement. The deliverables under the agreement with the USCG do not qualify as separate units of accounting. Commencing with acceptance of the AIS data by the USCG in August 2008, the revenues related to the design and development of the satellite, initial post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services were being recognized ratably over six years, the expected life of the customer relationship. In August 2009, the USCG elected to receive the subsequent post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services options to continue receiving service from the remaining two quick-launch satellites. These services were being recognized ratably over the remaining expected life of the customer relationship.

On August 5, 2010, our agreement with the USCG was completed. We terminated AIS data transmission and maintenance services to the USCG the following day. We do not know when or if another agreement will be reached to provide the AIS data services to the USCG, but do expect that any future agreement will reflect fair value of the services provided. As a result of the expiration of the agreement, the remaining unamortized AIS deferred professional services revenues that were prepaid were recognized in service revenues during the third quarter of 2010.

For arrangements with multiple obligations (e.g., deliverable and undeliverable products, and other post-contract support), we allocate revenues to each component of the contract based upon objective evidence of each component's fair value. We recognize revenues allocated to undelivered products when the criteria for product revenues set forth above are met. If objective and reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered obligations is not available, the arrangement consideration allocable to a delivered item is combined with the amount allocable to the undelivered item(s) within the arrangement. Revenues are recognized as the remaining obligations are fulfilled.

Out-of-pocket expenses incurred during the performance of professional service contracts are included in costs of services and any amounts re-billed to clients are included in revenues during the period in which they are incurred. Shipping costs billed to customers are included in product sales revenues and the related costs are included as costs of product sales.

Amounts received prior to the performance of services under customer contracts are recognized as deferred revenues and revenue recognition is deferred until such time that all revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Costs of services

Costs of services is comprised of expenses to provide services, such as payroll and related costs, including stock-based compensation, materials and supplies, depreciation and amortization of assets and usage fees to cellular wireless providers for the data transmitted by the resellers on our network.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are due in accordance with payment terms included in our negotiated contracts. Amounts due are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts that are outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms are considered past due. We make ongoing assumptions and judgments relating to the collectibility of our accounts receivable to determine our required allowances based on a number of factors such as the age of the receivable, credit history of the customer, historical experience and current economic conditions that may affect a customer's ability to pay. Past experience may not be indicative of future collections; as a result, allowances for doubtful accounts may deviate from our estimates as a percentage of accounts receivable and sales.

Satellite network and other equipment

Satellite network and other equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. We use judgment to determine the useful life of our satellite network based on the estimated operational life of the satellites and periodic reviews of engineering data relating to the operation and performance of our satellite network.

Satellite network includes the costs of our constellation of satellites, and the ground and control segments, which consists of gateway earth stations, gateway control centers and the network control center (the "Ground Segment").

Assets under construction primarily consist of milestone payments pursuant to procurement agreements, which include the design, development, launch and other direct costs relating to the construction of the satellites and upgrades to the Company's infrastructure and the Ground Segment. Once these assets are placed in service they will be transferred to satellite network and then depreciation will be recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets. No depreciation has been recorded on these assets as of December 31, 2010.

Long-lived assets

Management reviews long-lived assets, including license rights for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of assets may not be recoverable. In connection with this review, we reevaluate the periods of depreciation and amortization. We recognize an impairment loss when the sum of the future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be realized from the asset is less than its carrying amount. If an asset is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value, which is determined using the projected discounted future net cash flows. We measure fair value by discounting estimated future net cash flows using an appropriate discount rate. Considerable judgment by us is necessary to estimate the fair value of the assets and accordingly, actual results could vary significantly from such estimates. Our most significant estimates and judgments relating to the long-lived asset impairments include the timing and amount of projected future cash flows and the discount rate selected to measure the risks inherent in future cash flows.

Capitalized development costs

Judgments and estimates occur in the calculation of capitalized development costs. We evaluate and estimate when a preliminary project stage is completed and at the point when the project is substantially complete and ready for use. We base our estimates and evaluations on engineering data. We capitalize the costs of acquiring, developing and testing software to meet our internal needs. Capitalization of costs associated with software obtained or developed for internal use commences when both the preliminary project stage is completed and management has authorized further funding for the project, based on a determination that it is probable that the project will be completed and used to perform the function intended. Capitalized costs include only (1) external direct cost of materials and services consumed in developing or obtaining internal-use software, and (2) payroll and payroll-related costs for employees who are directly associated with, and devote time to, the internal-use software project. Capitalization of such costs ceases no later than the point at which the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. Internal use software costs are amortized once the software is placed in service using the straight-line method over periods ranging from one to five years.

Income taxes

We estimate our income taxes separately for each tax jurisdiction in which we conduct operations. This process involves estimating actual current tax expense and assessing temporary differences resulting from different treatment of items between book and tax which result in deferred tax assets and liabilities. We recognize a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities in income in the period that includes the enactment date. In determining the net deferred tax assets and valuation allowances, we are required to make judgments and estimates in assessing the realizability of the deferred tax assets. In assessing the realizability of our deferred tax assets, we consider whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. The

ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible.

We account for uncertainly in income tax positions using a two-step approach. The first step is to determine whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step is to measure the tax position at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Accounting for uncertainties in income taxes positions involves significant judgments by management.

During the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, we had no significant unrecognized tax benefits. We are subject to U.S. Federal and state examinations by tax authorities for all years from 2007. We do not expect any significant changes to its unrecognized tax positions during the next twelve months.

Loss contingencies

We accrue for costs relating to litigation, claims and other contingent matters when such liabilities become probable and reasonably estimable. Such estimates may be based on advice from third parties or on management's judgment, as appropriate. Actual amounts paid may differ from amounts estimated, and such differences will be charged to operations in the period in which the final determination of the liability is made. Management considers the assessment of loss contingencies as a critical accounting policy because of the significant uncertainty relating to the outcome of any potential legal actions and other claims and the difficulty of predicting the likelihood and range of the potential liability involved, coupled with the material impact on our results of operations that could result from legal actions or other claims and assessments.

Share-based Compensation

Our share-based compensation plans consist of the 2006 Long-Term Incentives Plan (the "2006 LTIP") and the 2004 Stock Option Plan. The 2006 LTIP approved by our stockholders in September 2006, provides for the grants of non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), common stock, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance units and performance shares to our employees and non-employee directors. The 2004 Stock Option Plan, adopted in 2004, provides for the grants of non-qualified and incentive stock options to officers, directors, employees and consultants.

We measure and recognize stock-based compensation expense for share-based payment awards to employees and directors based on estimated fair values on the date of grant. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. For awards with performance conditions, an evaluation is made at the grant date and future periods as to the likelihood of the performance criteria being met. Compensation expense is adjusted in future periods for subsequent changes in the performance condition until the vesting date. We estimate forfeitures at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, we recognized \$2.2 million, \$1.5 million and \$3.6 million of stock-based compensation expense, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2010, there was no stock-based compensation expense in our discontinued operations. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 stock-based compensation expense was not significant in our discontinued operations. As of December 31, 2010, we had an aggregate of \$1.2 million of unrecognized compensation costs for all share-based payment arrangements.

We expect that our planned use of share-based payment arrangements will continue to be a significant expense for us in future periods. We have not recognized, and do not expect to recognize in the near future, any significant tax benefit related to employee stock-based compensation expense as a result of the full valuation allowance on our net deferred tax assets and net operating loss carryforwards generated in the U.S.

The grant date fair value of the performance-and time-based RSU awards granted in 2010, 2009 and 2008 are based upon the closing stock price of our common stock on the date of grant.

The fair value of each time and performance-based SAR award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the assumptions described below for the periods indicated. In 2010, the expected volatility was based on an average of our historical volatility over the expected terms of the SAR awards and the comparable publicly traded companies' historical volatility. In 2009 and 2008, the expected volatility was based on the historical volatility for comparable publicly traded companies, due to our own insufficient trading history. We use the "simplified" method to determine the expected terms of SARs due to an insufficient history of exercises. Estimated forfeitures were based on voluntary and involuntary termination behavior as well as analysis of actual forfeitures. The risk-free interest rate was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve at the time of the grant over the expected term of the SAR grants.

		Years Ended December 31,	
	2010	2009	2008
Risk-free interest rate	1.77% to 2.65%	2.15% to 2.34%	2.50% to 3.20%
Expected life (years)	5.5 and 6.00	5.5 and 6.00	5.5 and 6.00
Estimated volatility	83.30% to 85.95%	55.03% and 85.30%	43.98% to 48.98%
Expected dividends	None	None	None

2004 Stock Option Plan

In 2010, 2009 and 2008 we did not grant any stock options.

Results of Operations

Revenues

The table below presents our revenues (in thousands) for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, together with the percentage of total revenue represented by each revenue category:

			Years Ended D	ecember 31,		
	201	2010		2009		8
		% of		% of		% of
		Total		Total		Total
Service revenues	\$ 34,257	93.4%	\$ 27,143	98.5%	\$23,811	87.2%
Product sales	2,419	6.6%	423	1.5%	3,498	12.8%
	\$36,676	100.0%	\$27,566	100.0%	\$27,309	100.0%

2010 vs. 2009: Total revenues for 2010 increased \$9.1 million, or 33.0%, to \$36.7 million from \$27.6 million in 2009.

2009 vs. 2008: Total revenues for 2009 increased \$0.3 million, or 0.9%, to \$27.6 million from \$27.3 million in 2008.

Service revenues

2010 vs. 2009: Service revenues increased \$7.1 million in 2010, or 26.2%, to \$34.3 million, or approximately 93.4% of total revenues, from \$27.1 million, or approximately 98.5% of total revenues in 2009.

The increase in service revenues in 2010 over 2009 were primarily due to an increase in the number of billable subscriber communicators activated on our communications system, an increase in AIS revenue of \$0.4 million and recognizing \$5.9 million of AIS revenues from the expiration of the agreement with the USCG. As of December 31, 2010, we had approximately 575,000 billable subscriber communicators on the ORBCOMM System compared to approximately 515,000 billable subscriber communicators as of December 31, 2009, an increase of approximately 11.6%.

2009 vs. 2008: Service revenues increased \$3.3 million in 2009, or 14.0%, to \$27.1 million, or approximately 98.5% of total revenues, from \$23.8 million, or approximately 87.2% of total revenues in 2008.

The increase in service revenues in 2009 over 2008 were primarily due to an increase in the number of billable subscriber communicators activated on our communications system, an increase in AIS revenue of \$1.4 million and incremental service revenue margin provided by ORBCOMM Japan of \$0.4 million. As of December 31, 2009, we had approximately 515,000 billable subscriber communicators activated on our communications system compared to approximately 460,000 billable subscriber communicators as of December 31, 2008, an increase of approximately 12.0%.

Service revenue growth can be impacted by the customary lag between subscriber communicator activations and recognition of service revenue from these units. In addition, in 2008, this customary lag has been increased by the slowdown in deployments of activated units to end users by GE.

Product sales

2010 vs. 2009: Revenue from product sales increased \$2.0 million in 2010, or 471.8%, to \$2.4 million, or approximately 6.6% of total revenues, from \$0.4 million, or approximately 1.5% of total revenues in 2009. The increase in product revenues in 2010 over 2009 was primarily due to an increase in sales to the heavy equipment sector by our Japanese subsidiary.

2009 vs. 2008: Revenue from product sales decreased \$3.1 million in 2009, or 87.9%, to \$0.4 million, or approximately 1.5% of total revenues, from \$3.5 million, or approximately 12.8% of total revenues in 2008. The decrease in product revenues in 2009 over 2008 was due to the lower product sales as a result of the economic conditions impacting the heavy equipment sector at our Japanese subsidiary at that time.

Costs of services

Costs of services is comprised of expenses to provide services, such as payroll and related costs, including stock-based compensation, materials and supplies, depreciation and amortization of assets and usage fees to cellular wireless providers for the data transmitted by the resellers on our network.

2010 vs. 2009: Costs of services decreased by \$14.2 million, or 52.8%, to \$12.7 million in 2010 from \$26.9 million in 2009. The decrease is primarily due to lower depreciation expense of \$15.0 million resulting primarily from depreciation of the remaining two quick-launch satellites that were placed in service in August 2009 that were being depreciated over three and five months and depreciation expense related to the Coast Guard demonstration satellite. As a percentage of service revenues, cost of services were 37.0% in 2010 compared to 99.1% of service revenues in 2009. The decrease in cost of services as percentage of service revenues was due to an increase in service revenues which is primarily due to recognizing the remaining AIS deferred professional services revenues that were prepaid as the agreement with the USCG expired and lower depreciation expense related to the two quick-launch satellites in and the Coast Guard demonstration satellite.

2009 vs. 2008: Costs of services increased by \$17.1 million, or 174.4%, to \$26.9 million in 2009 from \$9.8 million in 2008. The increase is primarily due to depreciation expense of \$15.9 million resulting primarily from depreciation of the remaining two quick-launch satellites that were placed in service in August 2009 that were being depreciated over three and five months and depreciation expense from the Coast Guard demonstration satellite placed in service during the third quarter of 2008, a charge of \$0.3 million from a satellite insurance policy that expired in June 2009, network telecommunications costs to support higher service revenues of \$0.5 million and the consolidation of ORBCOMM Japan of \$0.5 million. As a percentage of service revenues, cost of services were 99.1% of service revenues in 2009 compared to 41.2% in 2008. The increase in cost of services as a percentage of revenues was primarily due to the depreciation expense related to placing the two quick-launch satellites in service in August 2009.

Costs of product sales

Costs of products includes the purchase price of subscriber communicators and SIMS sold and shipping charges.

2010 vs. 2009: Costs of product sales increased by \$1.2 million, or 481.4%, to \$1.5 million in 2010 from \$0.3 million in 2009. We had a gross profit from product sales (revenues from product sales minus costs of product sales) of \$0.9 million in 2010 compared to \$0.2 million in 2009.

The increase in gross profit from product sales in 2010 over 2009 was primarily due to an increase in product sales by our Japanese subsidiary.

2009 vs. 2008: Costs of product sales decreased by \$1.9 million, or 88.0%, to \$0.3 million in 2009 from \$2.2 million in 2008. In 2008 product costs includes a cost reduction of \$0.2 million from the gateway earth station sold in 2007. In 2009, we had a gross profit from product sales (revenues from product sales minus costs of product sales) of \$0.2 million. Excluding the cost reduction of \$0.2 million from a gateway earth station sold in 2007 we had a gross profit from product sales (revenues from product sales minus costs of product sales) of \$1.2 million in 2008. The decrease in costs of products sales in 2009 over 2008 is due to lower product sales by our Japanese subsidiary as a result of the economic conditions at that time.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses relate primarily to expenses for general management, sales and marketing, and finance, professional fees and general operating expenses.

2010 vs. 2009: Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.4 million, or 2.6%, to \$16.7 million in 2010 from \$17.2 million in 2009. This decrease is primarily due to decreases of \$1.1 million in professional fees and \$0.8 million in bad debt reserves, offset by a \$1.0 million increase in employee costs, resulting primarily from an increase in stock-based compensation of \$0.6 million

2009 vs. 2008: Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased by \$1.7 million, or 9.0%, to \$17.2 million in 2009 from \$18.9 million in 2008. This decrease is primarily due to lower employee costs of \$1.8 million, resulting primarily from a decrease in stock-based compensation of \$2.0 million, and \$0.7 million of professional fees. Included in professional fees in 2009 were unanticipated expenses of \$0.6 million incurred in connection with our contested proxy and \$0.3 million in legal fees related to the preparation of filing our satellite insurance claim. These decreases were offset by an increase in bad debts of \$0.9 million.

Product development expenses

Product development expenses consist primarily of the expenses associated with our engineering team, along with the cost of third parties that are contracted to support our current applications.

2010 vs. 2009: Product development expenses in both 2010 and 2009 were \$0.7 million.

2009 vs. 2008: Product development expenses in 2009 and 2008 were \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

Gain on customer claims settlements

In 2008, we recognized a \$0.3 million gain on a settlement of a claim against a VAR upon receipt of the settlement proceeds.

On March 25, 2008, we received a 37% equity interest in ORBCOMM Japan and cash of \$0.6 million in satisfaction of claims against ORBCOMM Japan, pursuant to a voluntary reorganization of ORBCOMM Japan in accordance with the rehabilitation plan approved by the Tokyo district court on December 25, 2007. The fair value of the consideration we received for settlement of claims against ORBCOMM Japan exceeded the \$0.4 million carrying value of current and long-term receivables from ORBCOMM Japan by \$0.9 million and we recognized a gain for the same amount for the three months ended March 31, 2008.

On May 15, 2008, we received 616 newly issued shares of common stock from ORBCOMM Japan representing an additional 14% equity interest and recognized a gain of \$0.2 million.

Impairment charges and insurance recovery — satellite network

In September 2010, we recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$6.5 million to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 after entering into a settlement agreement with OHB in connection with two contracts to build and deploy satellites that were launched in June 2008, along with signing the new AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement. The decision to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 instead of completing it was based on our determination that completion of the construction and launch of this satellite would not be cost effective.

In February 2009, one quick-launch satellite experienced a power system anomaly that subsequently resulted in a loss of contact with the satellite. The satellite was not recovered and we recorded a non-cash impairment charge to write-off the cost of the satellite of \$7.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

In July 2009, one quick-launch satellite with lower than expected subscriber transmission experienced a gateway transmitter anomaly that resulted in a loss of contact with the satellite by our ground control systems. The satellite was not recoverable and we recorded a non-cash impairment charge to write-off the cost of this satellite of \$7.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009.

In August 2009, a second quick-launch satellite and the Coast Guard demonstration satellite experienced power system anomalies that subsequently resulted in a loss of contract with the satellites. Both of these satellites were not recoverable and we recorded an additional non-cash impairment charge to write-off the cost of these satellites of \$14.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2009.

On December 10, 2009, we entered into a settlement and release agreement with the third party insurers to settle any and all claims relating to the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and the five quick-launch satellites discussed above. In December 2009, we received \$44.3 million from the third party insurers and recorded an insurance recovery-satellite network for the same amount in our consolidated statements of operations.

Other income (expense)

Other income is comprised primarily of interest income from our cash and cash equivalents, which consists of U.S. Treasuries, interest bearing instruments, and our investments in marketable securities consisting of U.S. government and agency obligations, corporate obligations and FDIC-insured certificates of deposit classified as held to maturity, foreign exchange gains and losses and interest expense.

2010 vs. 2009: Other income was less than \$0.1 million in 2010 compared to \$0.1 million in 2009.

2009 vs. 2008: Other income was \$0.1 million in 2009 compared to \$0.6 million in 2008. In 2009, interest income was \$0.1 million compared to \$1.6 million. This decrease was primarily due to lower invested cash balances. In 2009, included in other expense are \$0.2 million of gains from foreign currency transactions. In 2008, included in other expense are \$0.8 million of losses from foreign currency transactions.

Pre-control earnings in subsidiary

Pre-control earnings in subsidiary are comprised of earnings prior to the change in control related to the acquisition of ORBCOMM Japan in June 2008.

In 2008, the pre-control earnings of ORBCOMM Japan was \$0.1 million.

Provision for Income tax (provision) benefit

In 2010, our income tax benefit of \$0.2 million is primarily due to reversing \$0.3 million of the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets related to ORBCOMM Japan operating in the foreign jurisdiction of Japan during the quarter ended December 31, 2010. The primary evidence used in determining to reverse the valuation allowance was that ORBCOMM Japan has had positive cumulative earnings since 2008. Other positive evidence includes; ORBCOMM Japan's forecast which indicates that its positive earnings will continue in the long-term and the utilization of its net operating loss carryforwards before expiration. The valuation allowance was originally established in 2008 based primarily on negative evidence of ORBCOMM Japan's limited operating history following its reorganization.

Loss from continuing operations before income taxes

2010 vs. 2009: As a result of the items described above, we have a loss from continuing operations of \$1.2 million in 2010 compared to a loss from continuing operations of \$2.4 million in 2009.

2009 vs. 2008: As a result of the items described above, we have a loss from continuing operations of \$2.4 million in 2009 and 2008.

Loss from discontinued operations

2010 vs. 2009: Loss from discontinued operations in 2010 was \$3.8 million compared to a loss of \$1.0 million in 2009. The increase in the loss from discontinued operations in 2010 was primarily due to a non-cash impairment charge of \$3.3 million related to the sale of Stellar on August 5, 2010.

2009 vs. 2008: Loss from discontinued operations in 2009 was \$1.0 million compared to a loss of \$1.7 million in 2008. The improvement in loss from discontinued operations in 2009 over 2008 was primarily related to the \$0.8 million for customer claims settlement from GE in 2009 under the 2006 Agreement.

Noncontrolling interests

Noncontrolling interests relate to earnings and losses attributable to noncontrolling shareholders.

Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.

2010 vs. 2009: As a result of the items described above, the net loss attributable to our company of \$5.2 million in 2010, compared to a net loss of \$3.4 million in 2009.

2009 vs. 2008: As a result of the items described above, the net loss attributable to our company of \$3.4 million in 2009, compared to a net loss of \$4.5 million in 2008.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our liquidity requirements arise from our working capital needs and to fund capital expenditures to support our current operations, and facilitate growth and expansion. Since our inception, we have financed our operations and expansion from sales of our common stock through public offerings and private placements of debt, convertible redeemable preferred stock, membership interests and common stock. We have incurred losses from inception and through December 31, 2010 we have an accumulated deficit of \$76.6 million. As of December 31, 2010, our primary source of liquidity consisted of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and marketable securities totaling \$89.0 million, which we believe will be sufficient to provide working capital and milestone payments for our next-generation satellites for the next twelve months.

Operating activities

Cash provided by our operating activities of continuing operations in 2010 was \$3.5 million resulting from a net loss of \$4.9 million, offset by adjustments for non-cash items including \$6.5 million impairment charge-satellite network, \$3.3 million impairment charge related to the sale of Stellar, \$4.3 million for depreciation and amortization, \$2.2 million for stock-based compensation and amortization of premium on marketable securities of \$1.2 million. Working capital activities consisted of net uses of cash of \$1.4 million for an increase in accounts receivable primarily due to the increase in revenues and \$6.9 million from a decrease in deferred revenue of which \$5.9 million is related to recognizing the remaining AIS deferred professional services revenue that were prepaid as the agreement with the U.S. Coast Guard expired.

Cash provided by our operating activities of continuing operations in 2009 was \$2.1 million resulting from a net loss of \$3.3 million, which included a \$15.0 million gain on insurance settlement — satellite network, offset by

non-cash items including \$19.1 million for depreciation and amortization and \$1.5 million for stock-based compensation. Working capital activities primarily consisted of a net use of cash of \$1.1 million from a decrease in deferred revenues primarily due to an increase in the recognition of revenues related the Coast Guard contract.

Cash provided by our operating activities of continuing operations in 2008 was \$4.3 million resulting from a net loss of \$4.1 million, offset by adjustments for non-cash items of \$6.6 million and \$1.8 million of cash generated from working capital. Adjustments for non-cash items primarily consisted of \$3.2 million for depreciation and amortization and \$3.6 million for stock-based compensation, \$0.8 million for foreign currency transactions and \$0.1 million of pre-control earnings relating to ORBCOMM Japan, offset by \$0.9 million non-cash gains primarily related to obtaining our 51% interest in ORBCOMM Japan and a \$0.3 million reduction of expenses due to expiration of an asset purchase option. Working capital activities primarily consisted of net sources of cash of \$1.7 million for a decrease in accounts receivable primarily related to timing of collections and \$1.0 million for an increase in deferred revenue primarily related to an increase in pre-payments of service revenues by OEMs, offset by a net use of cash of \$0.8 million for an increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

Cash used in our operating activities of discontinued operations in 2010 was \$0.1 million.

Cash used in our operating activities of discontinued operations in 2009 was \$0.1 million resulting from a loss from discontinued operations of \$1.0 million, offset by \$0.9 million of cash generated from working capital.

Cash used in our operating activities of discontinued operations in 2008 was \$2.0 million resulting from a loss from discontinued operations of \$1.7 million and \$0.3 million of cash used for working capital.

Investing activities

Cash used in our investing activities of continuing operations in 2010 was \$51.5 million, resulting from capital expenditures of \$7.2 million, purchases of marketable securities of \$143.2 million and the purchase of a cost method investment of \$1.4 million. These uses were offset by proceeds received from the maturities of marketable securities totaling \$100.3 million.

Cash used in our investing activities of continuing operations in 2009 was \$12.8 million, resulting from capital expenditures of \$32.5 million, primarily for satellites, and purchases of marketable securities consisting of U.S. government and agency and corporate obligations and FDIC-backed certificates of deposit debt securities of \$26.2 million. Capital expenditures and purchases of marketable securities, were offset by the insurance recovery-satellite network of \$44.3 million and a net change in restricted cash of \$1.7 million. The net change in restricted cash was due to a \$2.0 million refund for completion of milestones for a performance bond in connection with obtaining FCC authorization to construct, launch and operate an additional twenty-four next-generation satellites, offset by a payment of \$0.3 million to secure a letter of credit with a cellular wireless provider related to secure terrestrial communications services. Capital expenditures included \$29.0 million for the next-generation satellites including \$10.3 million for the launch services contract, \$0.8 million for the quick-launch satellites and \$0.4 million for the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and \$2.3 million of improvements to our internal infrastructure and Ground Segment.

Cash used in our investing activities of continuing operations in 2008 was \$45.3 million, resulting from capital expenditures of \$40.0 million, primarily for satellites, and an increase of \$5.7 million to restricted cash as collateral for a performance bond in connection with obtaining FCC authorization to construct, launch and operate an additional twenty-four next-generation satellites and the Orbital Sciences procurement agreement for the quick-launch satellites. Capital expenditures included \$1.4 million for the Coast Guard demonstration satellite, \$8.7 million for the quick-launch satellites and \$26.6 million for the next-generation satellites and \$3.3 million of improvements to our internal infrastructure and Ground Segment.

Cash provided by our investing activities of discontinued operations in 2010 was less than \$0.1 million.

Cash used in our investing activities of discontinued operations in 2009 and 2008 were \$0.2 million.

Financing activities

Cash used in our financing activities of continuing operations in 2010 was \$0.8 million, resulting from the purchase of the noncontrolling ownership interests of ORBCOMM Japan.

In 2009, we did not have any cash flows from financing activities of continuing operations.

Cash provided by our financing activities of continuing operations in 2008 was \$0.3 million resulting primarily from proceeds received from the exercise of warrants and stock options to purchase 125,744 shares of our common stock at per share exercise prices ranging from \$2.33 to \$3.38.

Future Liquidity and Capital Resource Requirements

We expect cash flows from continuing operating activities, along with our existing cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and marketable securities will be sufficient to provide working capital and fund capital expenditures, which primarily includes milestone payments under the procurement agreements for the next-generation satellites for the next twelve months. For 2011, we expect to incur approximately \$27.0 million of capital expenditures primarily for our next-generation satellites.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations at December 31, 2010 and the effect that those obligations are expected to have on our liquidity and cash flows in future periods:

		Payment due by Period			
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 Years	After 3 Years	
Next-generation procurement agreements	\$116,175	\$26,882	\$ 89,293	\$ —	
AIS satellite deployment and license agreement	2,196	1,711	364	121	
Operating leases	3,439	1,130	2,258	51	
	\$ 121,810	\$29,723	\$91,915	\$ 172	

Next Generation procurement agreements

On May 5, 2008, we entered into a Procurement Agreement ("the Agreement") with Sierra Nevada Corporation ("SNC") pursuant to which SNC will construct eighteen low-earth-orbit satellites in three sets of six satellites ("shipsets") for our next-generation satellites (the "Initial Satellites"). Under the Agreement, SNC will also provide launch support services, a test satellite (excluding the mechanical structure), a satellite software simulator and the associated ground support equipment. Under the Agreement, we may elect to use the launch option to be offered by SNC or we may contract separately with other providers for launch services and launch insurance for the satellites

Under the Agreement, we have the option, exercisable at any time until the third anniversary of the execution of the Agreement, to order up to thirty additional satellites substantially identical to the Initial Satellites (the "Optional Satellites").

The total contract price (for the Initial Satellites) is \$117 million, subject to reduction upon failure to achieve certain in-orbit operational milestones with respect to the Initial Satellites or if the pre-ship reviews of each shipset are delayed more than 60 days after the specified time periods described below. We have agreed to pay SNC up to \$1.5 million in incentive payments for the successful operation of the Initial Satellites five years following the successful completion of in-orbit testing for the third shipset of six satellites. The price for the Optional Satellites ranges from \$5.0 million to \$7.7 million per satellite depending on the number of satellites ordered and the timing of the exercise of the option.

The Agreement also requires SNC to complete the pre-ship review of the Initial Satellites (i) no later than 24 months after the execution of the Agreement for the first shipset of six satellites, (ii) no later than 31 months after the execution of the Agreement for the second shipset of six satellites and (iii) no later than 36 months after the execution of the Agreement for the third shipset of six satellites. Payments under the Agreement will begin upon the

execution of the Agreement and will extend into the second quarter of 2012, subject to SNC's successful completion of each payment milestone

Under the Agreement, SNC has agreed to provide us with an optional secured credit facility for up to \$20.0 million commencing 24 months after the execution of the Agreement and maturing 44 months after the effective date. If we elect to establish and use the credit facility we and SNC will enter into a formal credit facility on terms established in the Agreement.

On August 31, 2010, we entered into two additional task order agreements with SNC in connection with the procurement agreement dated May 5, 2008. Under the terms of the launch vehicle changes task order agreement, SNC will perform the activities to launch eighteen of our next-generation satellites on a SpaceX Falcon 1E or Falcon 9 launch vehicle. The total price for the launch activities is cost reimbursable up to \$4.1 million less a credit of \$1.5 million, which services are cancellable by us with the unused credit applied to other activities under our agreement with SNC. Under the terms of the engineering change requests and enhancements task order agreement, SNC will design and make changes to each of the next-generation satellites in order to accommodate an additional payload-to-bus interface. The total price for the engineering changes requests is cost reimbursable up to \$0.3 million. Both task order agreements are payable monthly as the services are performed, provided that with respect to the launch vehicle changes task order agreement, the credit in the amount of \$1.5 million will first be deducted against amounts accrued thereunder until the entire balance is expended.

As of December 31, 2010, we had made payments totaling approximately \$42.1 million pursuant to this agreement.

On August 28, 2009, we entered into a Commercial Launch Services Agreement (the "LSA") with Space Exploration Technologies Corp. ("SpaceX") pursuant to which SpaceX will provide launch services (the "Launch Services") using multiple SpaceX launch vehicles for the carriage into low-Earth-orbit our 18 next-generation commercial communications satellites currently being constructed by SNC. Under the LSA, SpaceX will also provide us satellite-to-launch vehicle integration and support services, as well as certain related optional services.

The LSA anticipates that the Launch Services will be performed between the third quarter of 2011 and first quarter of 2014, subject to certain rights of ours and SpaceX to reschedule any of the particular Launch Services as needed. The Agreement also provides us the option to procure, prior to each Launch Service, reflight launch services whereby in the event the applicable Launch Service results in a failure due to the SpaceX launch vehicle, SpaceX will provide comparable reflight launch services at no additional cost to us beyond the initial option price for such reflight launch services.

The total price under the LSA (excluding any options or additional launch services) is \$46.6 million, subject to certain adjustments. The amounts due under the SLA are payable in periodic installments from the date of execution of the SLA through the performance of each Launch Service. We may postpone and reschedule the Launch Services for any reason at our sole discretion, following 12 months of delay for any particular Launch Services. We also have the right to terminate any of the Launch Services subject to the payment of a termination fee in an amount that would be based on the date we exercise our termination right.

As of December 31, 2010, we had made payments totaling approximately \$10.1 million pursuant to this agreement.

AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement

On September 28, 2010, we entered into an AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement (the "AIS Satellite Agreement") with OHB System AG ("OHB") pursuant to which OHB, through its affiliate Luxspace Sarl ("LXS"), will (1) design, construct, launch and in-orbit test two AIS microsatellites and (2) design and construct the required ground support equipment. Under the AIS Satellite Agreement, we will receive exclusive licenses for all data (with certain exceptions as defined in the AIS Satellite Agreement) collected or transmitted by the two AIS microsatellites (including all AIS data) during the term of the AIS Satellite Agreement and nonexclusive licenses for all AIS data collected or transmitted by another microsatellite expected to be launched by LXS.

The AIS Satellite Agreement provides for milestone payments totaling \$2.0 million (inclusive of in-orbit testing) subject to certain adjustments. Payments under the AIS Satellite Agreement began upon the execution of the agreement and successful completion of each milestone through to the launch of the two AIS microsatellites scheduled for May 2011 and June 2011. In addition, to the extent that both AIS microsatellites are successfully operating after launch, we will pay OHB lease payments of up to \$0.5 million, subject to certain adjustments, over thirty-six months.

As of December 31, 2010, we had made payments totaling approximately \$0.4 million pursuant to this agreement.

Operating leases

Amounts represent future minimum payments under operating leases for our office spaces and other facilities.

Related parties

The information in Part III, Item 11, "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions", is incorporated herein by reference.

Off- Balance sheet Arrangements

None

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2009, FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, *Revenue Recognition* FASB Topic ASC 605-25 ("ASC 605-25"), *Multiple Deliverable Revenue Arrangements*. ASU No. 2009-13 requires an entity to allocate the revenue at the inception of an arrangement to all of its deliverables based on their relative selling prices. This guidance eliminates the residual method of allocation of revenue in multiple deliverable arrangements and requires the allocation of revenue based on the relative-selling-price method. The determination of the selling price for each deliverable requires the use of a hierarchy designed to maximize the use of available objective evidence including, vendor-specific objective evidence of fair value (VSOE), third party evidence of selling price (TPE), or estimated selling price (ESP). On January 1, 2011, we adopted ASC No. 2009-13 and it did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest rate risk

We do not have any material interest rate risk.

Effects of inflation risk

Overall, we believe that the impact of inflation risk on our business will not be significant.

Foreign currency risk

The majority of our revenues and expenses are transacted in U.S. dollars. Due to the acquisition of ORBCOMM Japan, we have foreign exchange exposures to non U.S. dollar revenues. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, revenues denominated in foreign currencies were approximately 14.7% and 10.9% of total revenues. For the year ended December 31, 2010, our revenues would have decreased by approximately 1.3% if the U.S. dollar would have strengthened by 10%.

We have assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. A potential change in the fair value of these assets and liabilities from an increase (decrease) of 10% of the U.S. dollar would be an increase (decrease) of approximately \$0.3 million.

Concentration of credit risk

The following table presents customers with revenues greater than 10% of our consolidated total revenues.

	Years I	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008	
Komatsu Ltd.	13.1%	11.3%	_	
Caterpillar Inc.	12.8%	16.2%	11.9%	
Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd.	11.3%	_	15.8%	
AI, formerly a division of General Electric	11.7%	15.6%	17.5%	

As of December 31, 2010, we have marketable securities which consist of U.S. government and agency obligations, corporate obligations and FDIC-backed certificates of deposit debt securities totaling \$67.9 million. The primary objectives of our investment activities are to preserve capital, maintain sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements while at the same time maximizing income we receive from our investments without significantly increasing our risk. Due to the high investment quality and short duration of these marketable securities, we do not believe that we have any material exposure to changes in the fair value as a result of changes in interest rates. Declines in interest rates, however will reduce future income. A hypothetical 1% movement in market interest rates would not have a significant impact on interest income.

Vendor risk

We do not have any material vendor risk.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The consolidated financial statements of ORBCOMM Inc., and subsidiaries including the notes thereto and the report thereon, is presented beginning at page F-1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In connection with preparation of this Annual Report on From 10-K, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2010. The term "disclosure controls and procedures", as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2010, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework set forth in Internal Control -Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2010. The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in its attestation report which is included below.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2010, that are materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of ORBCOMM Inc.:

We have audited ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries' management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control* — *Integrated Framework* issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, cash flows and changes in equity and comprehensive loss for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2010, and our report dated March 16, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York March 16, 2011

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Item 9B. Other information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Identification of Directors

Reference is made to the information regarding directors under the heading "Election of Directors (Proposal 1)" in the Proxy Statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of stockholders to be held on April 28, 2011, (the "2011 Proxy Statement"), which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

Identification of Executive Officers

Reference is made to the information regarding executive officers under the heading "Executive Officers of the Registrant" in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Identification of Audit Committee and Audit Committee Financial Expert

Reference is made to the information regarding directors under the heading "Election of Directors (Proposal 1) Board of Directors and Committees — Audit Committee" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information hereby is incorporated by reference.

Material Changes to Procedures for Recommending Directors

Reference is made to the information regarding directors under the heading "Election of Directors (Proposal 1)" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

Reference is made to the information under the heading "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance — Board of Directors and Committees" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a code of ethics, or Code of Business Conduct, to comply with the rules of the SEC and Nasdaq. Our Code of Business Conduct applies to our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer and senior financial officers. A copy of our Code of Business Conduct is maintained on our website at www.orbcomm.com.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Reference is made to the information under the heading "Executive Compensation" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Beneficial Ownership

Reference is made to the information under the heading "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Reference is made to the information under the heading "Equity Compensation Plan Information" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

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Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Reference is made to the information under the heading "Certain Relationships and Transactions with Related Persons" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Reference is made to the information under the heading "Ratification of Selection of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Proposal 2) — Principal Accountant Fees" in our 2011 Proxy Statement, which information is hereby incorporated by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statements Schedules

(a)(1) Financial Statements

See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing on page F-1.

(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedules

Schedule II- See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing on page F-1

Financial statement schedules not filed herein have been omitted as they are not applicable or the required information or equivalent information has been included in the financial statements or the notes thereto.

(a)(3) Exhibits

See Exhibit Index attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, ORBCOMM Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Fort Lee, State of New Jersey, on March 16, 2011.

ORBCOMM Inc.

By: /s/ Marc J. Eisenberg

Marc J. Eisenberg Chief Executive Officer and President

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed on March 16, 2011 by the following persons in the capacities indicated:

	/s/ Marc J. Eisenberg	Chief Executive Officer and President and Director (principal executive
	Marc J. Eisenberg	officer)
	/s/ Jerome B. Eisenberg	Chairman of the Board
	Jerome B. Eisenberg	-
	/s/ Marco Fuchs*	Director
	Marco Fuchs	-
	/s/ Didier Delepine*	Director
	Didier Delepine	-
	/s/ Timothy Kelleher*	Director
	Timothy Kelleher	-
	/s/ Hans E.W. Hoffmann*	Director
	Hans E.W. Hoffmann	-
	/s/ John Major*	Director
	John Major	-
	/s/ Gary H. Ritondaro*	Director
	Gary H. Ritondaro	-
	/s/ John R. Wood*	Director
	John R. Wood	-
	/s/ Robert G. Costantini	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
	Robert G. Costantini	(principal financial and accounting officer)
*By:	/s/ Christian G. LeBrun	
-	Christian G. LeBrun, Attorney-in-Fact**	-

Signature

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<u>2008</u>	F-7
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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders of ORBCOMM Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, cash flows and changes in equity and comprehensive loss for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2010. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the consolidated financial statement schedule, "Schedule II- Valuation and Qualifying Accounts" as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule as of and for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company changed its method for accounting for noncontrolling interests due to the adoption of new accounting requirements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, as of January 1, 2009.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control*— *Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 16, 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting.

KPMG LLP

New York, New York March 16, 2011

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of ORBCOMM Inc.
Fort Lee, New Jersey

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, cash flows and changes in equity and comprehensive loss of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2008. Our audit also included the 2008 information included in the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15. These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and cash flows of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2008, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also, in our opinion, the 2008 information included in such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic 2008 consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 have been retrospectively adjusted for the adoption of new accounting guidance which changed the accounting treatment for noncontrolling interests of partially owned subsidiaries.

As discussed in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company classified the results of operations and cash flows of Stellar Satellite Communications Ltd. as discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2008.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

New York, New York

March 16, 2009 (March 16, 2010 as to the effects of the retrospective adjustments to 2008 relating to the adoption of the accounting guidance for noncontrolling interests and the classification of Stellar as discontinued operations and the related disclosures in Note 4)

Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands, except share data)

NAME NAME		Decem	ber 31,
Current assets: S 17,026 \$ 65,292 Cash and cash equivalents 1,000 1,000 Marketable securities 67,902 26,145 Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$557 and \$803 4,536 3,574 Inventories 1,277 7.8 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 1,177 -1.2 Deferred income taxes 1,177 -2 Current assets held for sale 2,130 98,085 Satellite network and other equipment, net 1,114 2,600 Intangible assets, net 1,114 2,600 Restricted cash 3,30 2,980 Other investment 2,278 - Deferred income taxes 1,114 2,600 Other savests 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale 2,278 - Deferred income taxes 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale 2,13 3,262 Accounts payable 2,134 3,26 Current liabilities 6,043 5,610		2010	2009
Cash and cash equivalents \$17,026 \$65,292 Restricted cash 1,000 1,000 Marketable scurities 67,902 25,415 Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$557 and \$803 4,536 3,574 Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$557 and \$803 4,536 3,574 Inventories 1,77 1,218 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 1,77 1,218 Deferred income taxes 1,77 7,78 Current assets beld for sale 2,78 7,78 Total current assets 92,130 98,085 Statellite network and other equipment, net 7,684 73,208 Intangible assets, net 1,114 2,600 Restricted cash 3,030 2,980 Other investment 2,278 — Deferred income taxes 1,14 — Other assets 1,14 — Deferred income taxes 5,143 \$ 2,642 Current professes 2,143 \$ 2,642 Current professes <td< td=""><td>ASSETS</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	ASSETS		
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Marketable securities 67,902 26,145 Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$557 and \$803 4,536 3,754 Inventories 172 78 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 1,377 1,218 Deferred income taxes 1,7 Current assets beld for sale 778 Total current assets 92,130 98,085 Statellite network and other equipment, net 71,684 73,208 Intangible assets, net 1,114 2,600 Restricted cash 3,030 2,980 Other investment 2,278 Deferred income taxes 141 Other assets 1,114 2,600 Long terms assets held for sale 2,832 Total assets \$17,409 \$18,105 ***********************************	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,026	\$ 65,292
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$557 and \$803 4,536 3,574 Inventories 172 78 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 1,377 1,218 Deferred income taxes 117 — Current assets held for sale 92,130 98,085 Total current assets 92,130 98,085 Satellite network and other equipment, net 1,114 2,600 Restricted cash 3,030 2,980 Other investment 2,278 — Deferred income taxes 141 — Other assets 1,092 1,354 Long tern assets held for sale 1,092 1,354 Long tern assets held for sale 6,043 5,610 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities 6,043 5,610 Accured liabilities 6,043 5,610 Accured liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current protion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities 1,032 1,251	Restricted cash	1,000	1,000
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Deferred income taxes 117 — Current assets held for sale 92,130 98,085 Statellite network and other equipment, net 71,684 73,208 Intangible assets, net 1,114 2,000 Cestricted cash 3,03 2,980 Other investment 2,278 — Deferred income taxes 1,91 2,554 Compterm assets held for sale 1,92 1,554 Compterm assets held for sale — 2,832 Total assets 1,92 1,554 Current labilities 2,143 2,642 Accounts payable \$2,143 \$2,642 Accured liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 4,242 Current liabilities related party 1,16 1,384 Other liabilities 3,35 2,51 Total current portion 1,23 6,23 Other liabilities 3,5 1 Committents and contingencis 3,5 1			
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Satellite network and other equipment, net 71,684 73,208 Intangible assets, net 1,114 2,600 Restricted cash 3,030 2,986 Other investment 2,278 — Deferred income taxes 141 — Other assets 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale — 2,832 Total assets \$171,469 \$181,059 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities 6,043 5,610 Accounts payable \$2,143 \$2,642 Accounts payable 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current pibilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities 10,320 12,513 Note payable — related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — <	Current assets held for sale		
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Restricted cash 3,030 2,980 Other investment 2,278 — Deferred income taxes 141 — Other assets 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale — 2,832 Total assets \$171,469 \$181,059 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities 5,143 \$2,642 Accounts payable \$2,143 \$2,642 Accurent liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities related party 1,416 1,338 Note payable—related party 1,216 1,339 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total labilities 375 — Total liabilities 43 42 Commitments and contingencies 2 43 42 Equity	Satellite network and other equipment, net	71,684	/
Other investment 2,278 — Deferred income taxes 141 — Other assets 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale — 2,832 Total assets \$171,469 \$181,059 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities \$2,143 \$2,642 Accrued liabilities 6,043 \$5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities 10,320 12,513 Note apayable—related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 3 2,91 Equity — <	Intangible assets, net	1,114	
Deferred income taxes 141 — Other assets 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale — 2,832 Total assets LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable \$2,143 \$2,642 Accrued liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities 10,320 12,513 Note payable — related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Commitments and contingencies *** *** Equity: *** *** ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 43 42 Additional paid-in-capital 234,125 230,512 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated	Restricted cash	3,030	2,980
Other assets 1,092 1,354 Long term assets held for sale 2,832 Total assets \$171,469 \$181,059 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities Accounts payable \$2,143 \$2,642 Accured liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale ————————————————————————————————————	Other investment	2,278	_
Liabilities 2,832 Current liabilities: 2,143 \$2,642 Accounts payable \$2,143 \$2,642 Accrued liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale 10,320 12,513 Note payable—related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 3,350 20,141 Commitments and contingencies 2 3 Equity: 2 4 4 Common stock, par value \$0,001; 250,000,000 shares authorized; 42,616,950 and 4 4 4 Additional paid-in capital 234,125 230,512 3 4 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 7 6 Accumulated deficit (76,584) (71,415) 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 <td>Deferred income taxes</td> <td>141</td> <td>_</td>	Deferred income taxes	141	_
Total assets	Other assets	1,092	1,354
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 2,143 \$ 2,642 Accrued liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities 10,320 12,513 Note payable—related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 13,350 20,141 Commitments and contingencies Equity: ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 43 42 Additional paid-in capital 234,125 230,512 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated deficit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703	Long term assets held for sale		2,832
Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 2,143 \$ 2,642 Accrued liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities 10,320 12,513 Note payable—related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 13,350 20,141 Commitments and contingencies *** Equity: ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity ** 42 4,2455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 4,2455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 4,2455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated officit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1	Total assets	\$171,469	\$ 181,059
Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 2,143 \$ 2,642 Accrued liabilities 6,043 5,610 Current portion of deferred revenue 2,134 3,849 Current liabilities related to assets held for sale — 412 Total current liabilities 10,320 12,513 Note payable—related party 1,416 1,398 Deferred revenue, net of current portion 1,239 6,230 Other liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 375 — Total liabilities 13,350 20,141 Commitments and contingencies *** Equity: ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity ** 42 4,2455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 4,2455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 4,2455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated officit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1			
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ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity Common stock, par value \$0.001; 250,000,000 shares authorized; 42,616,950 and 42,455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 Additional paid-in capital 234,125 230,512 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated deficit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703 Total equity 158,119 160,918	Commitments and contingencies		
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 250,000,000 shares authorized; 42,616,950 and 42,455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 Additional paid-in capital 234,125 230,512 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated deficit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703 Total equity 158,119 160,918	Equity:		
42,455,531 shares issued and outstanding 43 42 Additional paid-in capital 234,125 230,512 Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated deficit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703 Total equity 158,119 160,918			
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Accumulated other comprehensive income 1,126 76 Accumulated deficit (76,584) (71,415) Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703 Total equity 158,119 160,918			
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Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity 158,710 159,215 Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703 Total equity 158,119 160,918	*		
Noncontrolling interests (591) 1,703 Total equity 158,119 160,918	Accumulated deficit	(76,584)	(71,415)
Total equity 158,119 160,918	Total ORBCOMM Inc. stockholders' equity	158,710	,
	Noncontrolling interests	(591)	1,703
Total liabilities and equity \$171,469 \$181,059	Total equity	158,119	160,918
	Total liabilities and equity	\$171,469	\$ 181,059

Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except per share data)

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Revenues:			
Service revenues	\$ 34,257	\$ 27,143	\$ 23,811
Product sales	2,419	423	3,498
Total revenues	36,676	27,566	27,309
Costs and expenses (1):			
Costs of services	12,683	26,891	9,800
Costs of product sales	1,511	260	2,172
Selling, general and administrative	16,728	17,172	18,879
Product development	663	714	643
Impairment charges-satellite network	6,509	29,244	_
Insurance recovery-satellite network	_	(44,250)	(1.260)
Gains on customer claims settlements			(1,368)
Total costs and expenses	38,094	30,031	30,126
Loss from operations	(1,418)	(2,465)	(2,817)
Other income (expense):	-10		
Interest income	218	85	1,599
Other income (expense)	(16)	218	(842)
Interest expense	(192)	(193)	(199)
Total other income	10	110	558
Loss from continuing operations before pre-control earnings of consolidated subsidiary			
and income taxes	(1,408)	(2,355)	(2,259)
Less: Pre-control earnings of consolidated subsidiary			128
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(1,408)	(2,355)	(2,387)
Income taxes (benefit)	(216)		
Loss from continuing operations	(1,192)	(2,355)	(2,387)
Loss from discontinued operations	(3,753)	(954)	(1,682)
Net loss	(4,945)	(3,309)	(4,069)
Less: Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interests	224	130	471
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.	\$ (5,169)	\$ (3,439)	\$ (4,540)
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.:			
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (1,416)	\$ (2,485)	\$ (2,858)
Loss from discontinued operations	(3,753)	(954)	(1,682)
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.	\$ (5,169)	\$ (3,439)	\$ (4,540)
Per share information-basic and diluted:			
Loss from continuing operations	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.07)
Loss from discontinued operations	(0.09)	(0.02)	(0.04)
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.11)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:			
Basic and diluted	42,586	42,404	41,984
(1) Stock-based compensation included in costs and expenses:			
Costs of services	\$ 111	\$ 65	\$ 119
Selling, general and administrative	2,082	1,438	3,467
Product development	18	8	57
	\$ 2,211	\$ 1,511	\$ 3,643

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (4,945)	\$ (3,309)	\$ (4,069)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by			
operating activities:	(246)	698	(150)
Change in allowance for doubtful accounts Depreciation and amortization	4,317	19,115	(159) 3,174
Accretion on note payable — related party	4,517	19,113	131
Stock-based compensation	2,211	1,511	3,643
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	47	(217)	839
Amortization of premium on marketable securities	1.164	72	037
Deferred income taxes	(258)		_
Common stock dividend received from other investment	(28)	_	_
Gain on settlement of vendor liabilities	(220)	_	_
Impairment charge and loss on sale of Stellar	3,306	_	_
Impairment charge-satellite network	6,509		
Gain on insurance settlement-satellite network	· —	(15,006)	_
Loss on disposal of equipment	_	` ´—´	13
Pre-control earnings of consolidated subsidiary	_	_	128
Non-cash portion of gains on customer claims settlements	_	_	(882
Gain on expiration of gateway purchase option	_	_	(325
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisition:			
Accounts receivable	(1,440)	(705)	1,676
Inventories	(79)	77	228
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(64)	532	(837
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(320)	286	(264)
Deferred revenue	(6,911)	(1,069)	963
Other liabilities	319		
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	3,493	2,116	4,259
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities of discontinued operations	(51)	949	(312)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,442	3,065	3,947
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(7,171)	(32,486)	(40,044
Purchases of marketable securities	(143,224)	(26,217)	` _
Proceeds from maturities of marketable securities	100,303	`	_
Change in restricted cash	(50)	1,700	(5,680)
Purchase of other investment	(1,356)	_	_
Proceeds of insurance settlement-satellite network	_	44,250	_
Cash acquired from step acquisition of subsidiary			366
Net cash used in investing activities of continuing operations	(51,498)	(12,753)	(45,358
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of discontinued operations	48	(208)	(245
Net cash used in investing activities	(51,450)	(12,961)	(45,603
Cash flows from financing activities:	(**, ***)	(,)	(10,000
Purchase of noncontrolling ownership interests in ORBCOMM Japan	(768)	_	_
Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options	(700)	_	342
Payment of offering costs in connection with initial and secondary public offerings	_	_	(40)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities from continuing operations	(768)		302
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(768)		302
		(192)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	510	(182)	1,137
Not decreased in each and each confinedants	(48,266)	(10,078)	(40,217
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents:	65 202	75 270	115 597
•	65,292 \$ 17,026	75,370 \$ 65,292	115,587 \$ 75,370

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and Comprehensive Loss Years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands, except share data)

			Additional	Accumulated other				
	Common sto Shares	ck Amount	paid-in capital	comprehensive income (loss)	Accumulated deficit	Noncontrolling Interests	Total equity	Comprehensive loss
Balances, January 1, 2008	41,658,066	42	224,899	(656)	(63,436)	Titterests	160,849	1055
Exercise of warrants and options	187,270		342	(050)	(05,150)	_	342	
Vesting of restricted stock units	256,498	_		_	_	_		
Stock-based compensation		_	3,760	_	_	_	3,760	
Non-controlling interest of acquired			- ,				.,	
subsidiary	_	_	_	_	_	847	847	
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	(4,540)	599	(3,941)	\$ (4,540)
Cumulative translation adjustment	_	_	_	1,037		157	1,194	1,194
								\$ (3,346)
Balances, December 31, 2008	42,101,834	42	229,001	381	(67,976)	1,603	163,051	
Vesting of restricted stock units	353,697	_	· —	_				
Stock-based compensation	_	_	1,511	_	_	_	1,511	
Net income (loss)	_	_			(3,439)	130	(3,309)	\$ (3,439)
Cumulative translation adjustment				(305)		(30)	(335)	(335)
								\$ (3,774)
Balances, December 31, 2009	42,455,531	\$ 42	\$ 230,512	\$ 76	\$ (71,415)	\$ 1,703	\$160,918	
Vesting of restricted stock units	161,419	1	· —	_	` _		1	
Stock-based compensation	_	_	2,250	_	_	_	2,250	
Net income (loss)	_	_			(5,169)	224	(4,945)	\$ (5,169)
Purchase of noncontrolling								
ownership interests in								
ORBCOMM Japan			1,363	389		(2,586)	(834)	
Cumulative translation adjustment				661		68	729	729
								\$ (4,440)
Balances, December 31, 2010	42,616,950	\$ 43	\$ 234,125	\$ 1,126	\$ (76,584)	\$ (591)	\$158,119	

Note 1. Organization and Business

ORBCOMM Inc. ("ORBCOMM" or the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, is a satellite-based data communications company that operates a two-way global wireless data messaging system optimized for narrowband data communication. The Company also provides terrestrial-based cellular communication services through reseller agreements with major cellular wireless providers. The Company provides services through a constellation of 27 owned and operated low-Earth orbit satellites and accompanying ground infrastructure through which small, low power, fixed or mobile satellite subscriber communicators ("Communicators") and cellular wireless subscriber identity modules, or SIMS, connected to the cellular wireless providers' network, that can be connected to other public or private networks, including the Internet (collectively, the "ORBCOMM System"). The ORBCOMM System is designed to enable businesses and government agencies to track, monitor, control and communicate with fixed and mobile assets.

Note 2. Basis of Presentation

The Company has incurred losses from inception including a net loss of \$5,169 in 2010 and as of December 31, 2010, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$76,584. As of December 31, 2010, the Company's primary source of liquidity consisted of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and marketable securities totaling \$88,958, which the Company believes will be sufficient to provide working capital and milestone payments for its next-generation satellites for the next twelve months.

Note 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries, and investments in variable interest entities in which the Company is determined to be the primary beneficiary. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The portions of majority-owned subsidiaries that the Company does not own are reflected as noncontrolling interests in the consolidated balance sheet. Investments in entities over which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence but does not have a controlling interest are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. The Company considers several factors in determining whether it has the ability to exercise significant influence with respect to investments, including, but not limited to, direct and indirect ownership level in the voting securities, active participation on the board of directors, approval of operating and budgeting decisions and other participatory and protective rights. Under the equity method, the Company's proportionate share of the net income or loss of such investee is reflected in the Company's consolidated results of operations. Although the Company owns interests in companies that it accounts for pursuant to the equity method, the investments in those entities had no carrying value as of December 31, 2010 and 2009. The Company has no guarantees or other funding obligations to those entities, and the Company had no equity in the earnings or losses of those investees for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008. Noncontrolling interests in companies are accounted for by the cost method where the Company does not exercise significant influence over the investee.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses at the date of the consolidated financial statements and during the reporting periods, and to disclose contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates relate to the allowances for doubtful accounts, the useful lives and impairment of the Company's satellite network and other equipment, license rights, the fair value of securities underlying share-based payment arrangements, uncertain tax positions and the realization of deferred tax assets.

Revenue recognition

The Company derives service revenues from the utilization of Communicators on the ORBCOMM System and the reselling of airtime from the utilization of SIMS on the cellular providers' wireless networks from its resellers (i.e., its value added resellers, international value added resellers, international licensees and country representatives) and direct customers. These service revenues consist of subscriber-based and recurring monthly usage fees and generally a one-time activation fee for each Communicator and SIMS activated for use. Usage fees charged to customers are based upon the number, size and frequency of data transmitted by a customer and the overall number of Communicators and SIMS activated by each customer. Usage fees charged to the Company's resellers are charged primarily based on the overall number of Communicators and SIMS activated by the resellers and the total amount of data transmitted by their customers.

The Company also earns service revenues from providing engineering, technical and management support services to customers, and a one-time royalty fee relating to the manufacture of Communicators from third parties under a manufacturing agreement. Revenues generated from monthly usage and administrative fees and engineering services are recognized when the services are rendered.

Product revenues are derived from sales of Communicators, SIMS, and other equipment such as gateway earth stations to customers. Revenues generated from the sale of Communicators, SIMS and other products are either recognized when the products are shipped or when customers accept the products, depending on the specific contractual terms. Sales of Communicators, SIMS and other products are not subject to return and title and risk of loss pass to the customer at the time of shipment. Sales of Communicators and SIMS are primarily to resellers and are not bundled with services arrangements. Revenues from the activation of both Communicators and SIMS are initially recorded as deferred revenues and are, thereafter, recognized ratably over the term of the agreement with the customer, generally three years which is the estimated customer relationship period. Revenues generated from royalties relating to the manufacture of Communicators by third parties are recognized when the third party notifies the Company of the units it has manufactured and a unique serial number is assigned to each unit by the Company.

Amounts received prior to the performance of services under customer contracts are recognized as deferred revenues and revenue recognition is deferred until such time that all revenue recognition criteria have been met. For arrangements with multiple obligations (e.g., deliverable and undeliverable products, and other post-contract support), the Company allocates revenues to each component of the contract based on objective evidence of its fair value. The Company recognizes revenues allocated to undelivered products when the criteria for product revenues set forth above are met. If objective and reliable evidence of the fair value of the undelivered obligations is not available, the arrangement consideration allocable to a delivered item is combined with the amount allocable to the undelivered item(s) within the arrangement. Revenues are recognized as the remaining obligations are fulfilled.

During 2004, the Company entered into a contract with the United States Coast Guard ("USCG") to design, develop, launch and operate a single satellite equipped with the capability to receive, process and forward Automatic Identification Systems ("AIS") data (the "Concept Validation Project"). Under the terms of the agreement, title to the Concept Validation Project demonstration satellite (also called the Coast Guard demonstration satellite) remained with the Company, however the USCG was granted a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the designs, software processes and procedures developed under the contract in connection with any future Company satellites that are AIS enabled. The Company was permitted to use the Concept Validation Project satellite and to provide services to other customers. The agreement also provided for post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services to be provided by the Company to the USCG for an initial term of 14 months. At its option, the USCG may elect an additional option to receive post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services subsequent to the initial term.

On June 19, 2008, the Coast Guard demonstration satellite was launched. In August 2008, the USCG accepted the AIS data and elected to receive the initial post-launch maintenance for \$380 and AIS data transmission services for \$198. At that time, the Company placed the Coast Guard demonstration satellite in service and began to recognize revenues. On September 30, 2008, the USCG exercised its option to increase the AIS data transmission

services to \$575. In August 2009, the USCG exercised its option to receive the subsequent post-launch maintenance for \$200 and AIS data transmission services for \$394 for 12 months.

Because no tangible deliverable other than services will be provided to the USCG and the Company retained title to the Concept Validation Project satellite, the arrangement is accounted for as a long-term service arrangement. The deliverables under the agreement with the USCG do not qualify as separate units of accounting. Commencing with acceptance of the AIS data by the USCG in August 2008, the revenues related to the design and development of the satellite, initial post-launch maintenance and AIS data transmission services were being recognized ratably over six years, the expected life of the customer relationship. The subsequent maintenance and AIS data transmission services were being recognized ratably over the remaining expected life of the customer relationship.

On August 5, 2010, the Company's agreement with the USCG was completed. The Company terminated AIS data transmission and maintenance services to the USCG the following day. As a result of the expiration of the agreement, the Company determined that the relationship with the USCG for purposes of the agreement ended and the remaining unamortized AIS deferred professional services revenues that were prepaid were recognized in service revenues during the third quarter of 2010.

Out-of-pocket expenses incurred during the performance of professional service contracts are included in costs of services and any amounts re-billed to customers are included in revenues during the period in which they are incurred. Shipping costs billed to customers are included in product sales revenues and the related costs are included as costs of product sales.

Costs of revenues

Costs of services is comprised of expenses to provide services, such as payroll and related costs, including stock-based compensation, materials and supplies, depreciation and amortization of assets and usage fees to cellular wireless providers for the data transmitted by the resellers on our network. Costs of product sales includes the purchase price of subscriber communicators and SIMS sold and shipping charges.

Foreign currency translation

The Company has foreign operations where the functional currency is the local currency. For operations where the local currency is the functional currency, assets and liabilities are translated using end-of-period exchange rates; revenues, expenses and cash flows are translated using average rates of exchange. For these operations, currency translation adjustments are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses related to assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in other income (expense) in the consolidated statements of operations. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2008, the Company recorded foreign exchange losses of \$47 and \$839, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company recorded a foreign exchange gain of \$217.

Fair value of financial instruments

The Company has no financial assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. However, if certain triggering events occur the Company is required to evaluate the non-financial assets for impairment, resulting asset impairment would require that a non-financial asset be recorded at the fair value. FASB Topic ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement Disclosures", prioritizes inputs used in measuring fair value into a hierarchy of three levels: Level 1- unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets, Level 2- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3- unobservable inputs in which little or no market activity exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions that market participants would use in pricing.

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximated their fair value due to the short-term nature of these items. The fair value of the Note payable-related party is de minimis.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, at the time of purchase, to be cash equivalents.

Marketable securities

Marketable securities consist of debt securities including U.S. government and agency obligations, corporate obligations and FDIC-insured certificates of deposit, which have stated maturities ranging from three months to less than one year. The Company classifies these securities as held-to-maturity since it has the positive intent and ability to hold until maturity. These securities are carried at amortized cost. The changes in the value of these marketable securities, other than impairment charges, are not reported in the consolidated financial statements. The fair value of the Company's marketable securities approximate their carrying value (See Note 8).

Concentration of risk

The Company's customers are primarily commercial organizations. Accounts receivable are generally unsecured.

Accounts receivable are due in accordance with payment terms included in contracts negotiated with customers. Amounts due from customers are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts that are outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms are considered past due. The Company determines its allowance for doubtful accounts by considering a number of factors, including the length of time accounts are past due, the customer's current ability to pay its obligations to the Company, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole. The Company writes-off accounts receivable when they are deemed uncollectible.

The following table presents customers with revenues greater than 10% of the Company's consolidated total revenues for the periods shown:

	Years E	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008	
Komatsu Ltd.	13.1%	11.3%	_	
Caterpillar Inc.	12.8%	16.2%	11.9%	
Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd.	11.3%		15.8%	
AI, formerly a division of General Electric	11.7%	15.6%	17.5%	

The following table presents customers with accounts receivable greater than 10% of the Company's consolidated accounts receivable for the periods shown:

	Decemb	er 31,
	2010	2009
AI, formerly a division of General Electric	20.3%	10.9%
Caternillar Inc.	19.9%	13.9%

The Company does not currently maintain in-orbit insurance coverage for its satellites to address the risk of potential systemic anomalies, failures or catastrophic events affecting its satellite constellation. If the Company experiences significant uninsured losses, such events could have a material adverse impact on the Company's business.

Satellite network and other equipment

Satellite network and other equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are recognized once an asset is placed in service using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of their useful life or their respective lease term.

Satellite network includes costs of the constellation of satellites, and the ground and control segments, consisting of gateway earth stations, gateway control centers and the network control center (the "Ground Segment").

Assets under construction primarily consist of milestone payments pursuant to procurement agreements, which include the design, development, launch and other direct costs relating to the construction of the satellites and upgrades to the Company's infrastructure and the Ground Segment. Once these assets are placed in service they will be transferred to satellite network and then depreciation will be recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets. No depreciation has been recorded on these assets as of December 31, 2010.

The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to operations as incurred; significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Capitalized development costs

The Company capitalizes the costs of acquiring, developing and testing software to meet the Company's internal needs. Capitalization of costs associated with software obtained or developed for internal use commences when both the preliminary project stage is completed and management has authorized further funding for the project, based on a determination that it is probable that the project will be completed and used to perform the function intended. Capitalized costs include only (1) external direct cost of materials and services consumed in developing or obtaining internal-use software, and (2) payroll and payroll-related costs for employees who are directly associated with and devote time to the internal-use software project. Capitalization of such costs ceases no later than the point at which the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. Internal use software costs are amortized once the software is placed in service using the straight-line method over periods ranging from three to five years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets consist primarily of licenses to market and resell the Company's services in certain foreign geographic areas and related regulatory approvals to allow the Company to provide its services in various countries and territories. Intangible assets are amortized using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Intangible assets are stated at their acquisition cost less accumulated amortization. The Company does not have any indefinite lived intangible assets at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company reviews its long-lived assets and amortizable intangibles for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In connection with this review, the Company also re-evaluates the periods of depreciation and amortization for these assets. The Company recognizes an impairment loss when the sum of the future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be realized from the asset is less than its carrying amount. If an asset is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset, which is determined using the present value of net future operating cash flows to be generated by the asset.

Income taxes

The Company estimates its income taxes separately for each tax jurisdiction in which it conducts operations. This process involves estimating actual current tax expense and assessing temporary differences resulting from different treatment of items between book and tax which result in deferred tax assets and liabilities. The Company recognizes a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established when realization of deferred tax assets is not considered more likely than not.

In determining whether the realization of deferred tax assets is considered to be more likely than not, the Company assesses the realizability of the deferred taxes asset on a jurisdiction by jurisdiction basis. This assessment is dependent upon past operating results and projected profitability. The weight given to the positive and negative evidence is commensurate with the extent to which the evidence is objectively verified.

The Company accounts for uncertainly in income tax positions using a two-step approach. The first step is to determine whether it is more-likely-than-not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The second step is to measure the tax position at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense.

Loss contingencies

The Company accrues for costs relating to litigation, claims and other contingent matters when such liabilities become probable and reasonably estimable. Such estimates may be based on advice from third parties or on management's judgment, as appropriate. Actual amounts paid may differ from amounts estimated, and such differences will be charged to operations in the period in which the final determination of the liability is made.

Stock-based compensation

The Company measures and recognizes stock-based compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees and directors based on estimated fair values on the date of grant. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service period. For awards with performance conditions, an evaluation is made at the grant date and future periods as to the likelihood of the performance criteria being met. Compensation expense is adjusted in future periods for subsequent changes in the performance condition until the vesting date. The Company estimates forfeitures at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In October 2009, FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, *Revenue Recognition* FASB Topic ASC 605-25 ("ASC 605-25"), *Multiple Deliverable Revenue Arrangements*. ASU No. 2009-13 requires an entity to allocate the revenue at the inception of an arrangement to all of its deliverables based on their relative selling prices. This guidance eliminates the residual method of allocation of revenue in multiple deliverable arrangements and requires the allocation of revenue based on the relative-selling-price method. The determination of the selling price for each deliverable requires the use of a hierarchy designed to maximize the use of available objective evidence including, vendor-specific objective evidence of fair value (VSOE), third party evidence of selling price (TPE), or estimated selling price (ESP). On January 1, 2011, the Company adopted ASC No. 2009-13. The adoption of ASC No 2009-13 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted FASB ASC 810-10-45, *Consolidation Topic*, ("ASC 810-10-45") which revised the accounting treatment for noncontrolling interests of partially owned subsidiaries. The adoption of ASC 810-10-45, on a retrospective basis, has resulted in the reclassification of amounts previously attributable to

minority interest (now referred to as noncontrolling interest) to a separate component of equity in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, net income attributable to noncontrolling interests is shown separately from net loss in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The prior periods presented have also been reclassified to conform to the current classification as required by ASC 810-10-45. As a result, equity increased by \$1,446 for the reclassification of noncontrolling interests as of December 31, 2008, and net loss decreased by \$471 for the year ended December 31, 2008. These reclassifications have no effect on the Company's previously reported net loss per common share.

Note 4. Discontinued Operations

The Company is focused on continuing the growth and expansion of its network services business and was discussing with interested parties about a sale of its subsidiary, Stellar. The GE Settlement Agreement discussed below and the Services Agreement provides the Company with the ability to dispose of Stellar without disrupting ORBCOMM's growth prospects with GE Asset Intelligence, LLC ("GE"), (now a subsidiary of I.D. Systems, Inc. and formerly a division of GE) allowing the Company to concentrate its resources on its service-based data communications business. Beginning in the second quarter of 2009, the Company classified the assets and liabilities of Stellar as assets held for sale in its consolidated balance sheets and Stellar's results of operations as discontinued operations in its consolidated statements of operations for the periods presented.

In June 2010, the Company wrote down the net assets held for sale by \$3,261 to the estimated selling price in anticipation of selling Stellar. On August 5, 2010, Stellar entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Quake Global, Inc. ("Quake"), a manufacturer of satellite communicators. Under the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, Quake purchased inventory, equipment, intellectual property and assumed certain liabilities. The Company received a cash payment of \$48 at closing. Other than disposal costs of \$45 there were no significant adjustments to the net assets or to the estimated selling price.

In addition, the Company will receive royalty payments contingent on future product sales of inventory as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Company will recognize the future royalty payments when they are received and the contingency is resolved in accordance with FASB Topic ASC 450 "Contingencies". From August 6, 2010 through December 31, 2010, the Company received royalty payments totaling \$53, which is included in continuing operations in the consolidated statements of operations.

On April 3, 2009, the Company entered into a settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") with GE with respect to the supply agreement dated October 10, 2006 (the "2006 Agreement") to supply GE up to 412,000 units of in-production and future models of subscriber communicators to support GE's applications utilizing the Company's data communications system. 270,000 of these units were non-cancelable except for specified early termination provisions.

Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the Company received \$800 as settlement for GE's obligation under the 2006 Agreement. GE did not purchase its minimum committed volumes for 2007 and 2008. For year ended December 31, 2009, the Company recognized a gain on settlement of \$800, which is recorded in discontinued operations.

The Company and GE terminated the 2006 Agreement and all their respective obligations relating to it, and released each other from any claims relating to their obligations arising under the 2006 Agreement, except for certain obligations related to warranties, indemnities, confidentiality and intellectual property.

A summary of discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

	Years	Years Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008		
Revenues- Product sales	\$ 548	\$1,604	\$ 2,783		
Loss from discontinued operations	\$ (3,753)	\$ (954)	\$(1,682)		

As of December 31, 2009, the major classes of assets and liabilities of Stellar held for sale were as follows:

Accounts receivable, net	\$ 168
Inventories, current	575
Current assets	575 778
Other equipment, net	707
Inventories, long term	707 2,125
Current liabilities	412

As of December 31, 2009, the assets held for sale were reported at the lower of cost or estimated fair value less costs to sell and were no longer being depreciated.

Note 5. ORBCOMM Japan

On December 21, 2010, the Company purchased the remaining 49% noncontrolling ownership interests for \$834, thereby making ORBCOMM Japan a wholly-owned subsidiary. The consideration consisted of: (1) \$768 cash payment and (2) exchange of outstanding employee receivables of \$66 in lieu of receiving payment. The Company accounted for the purchase of the 49% noncontrolling ownership interests as of December 31, 2010 as ORBCOMM Japan's results of operations were not significant for the period from December 21, 2010 through December 31, 2010. As a result, noncontrolling interests decreased by \$2,586 and additional paid-in capital and accumulated other comprehensive income increased by \$1,363 and \$389, respectively.

On March 25, 2008, the Company received a 37% equity interest in ORBCOMM Japan with an estimated fair value of \$640 and cash of \$602 in satisfaction of claims against ORBCOMM Japan. The distribution was pursuant to a voluntary reorganization of ORBCOMM Japan in accordance with a rehabilitation plan approved by the Tokyo district court on December 25, 2007.

The Company and ORBCOMM Japan are parties to a service license agreement, pursuant to which ORBCOMM Japan acts as a country representative and resells the Company's services in Japan. ORBCOMM Japan owns a gateway earth station in Japan, holds the regulatory authority and authorization to operate the gateway earth station and provides the Company's satellite communication services in Japan.

The consideration the Company received for settlement of claims against ORBCOMM Japan exceeded the \$366 carrying value of current and long-term receivables from ORBCOMM Japan by \$876 and the Company recognized a gain for the same amount in the first quarter of 2008.

The Company's aggregate claims against ORBCOMM Japan totaled approximately \$2,910, of which \$2,410 related to amounts owed to the Company pursuant to a change in control payment provision in the service license agreement that was triggered by a change in control of ORBCOMM Japan prior to the reorganization. The Company had not previously recognized any amounts in its financial statements related to the change in control provision because it believed that the collection of the change in control payment was not reasonably assured. ORBCOMM Japan's results of operations were not significant for the period from March 25, 2008 through March 31, 2008.

On May 12, 2008, the Company entered into an amended service license agreement with ORBCOMM Japan, which expires in June 2018. On May 15, 2008, in consideration for entering into the amended service license agreement, the Company received 616 newly issued shares of common stock from ORBCOMM Japan representing an additional 14% equity interest and the Company recognized a gain of \$242 during the three months ended June 30, 2008. As a result, the Company's ownership interest in ORBCOMM Japan increased to 51%. On June 9, 2008, the Company and the noncontrolling stockholder entered into an agreement, which terminated the

noncontrolling stockholder's substantive participatory rights in the governance of ORBCOMM Japan and resulted in the Company obtaining a controlling interest in ORBCOMM Japan.

As the 51% interest in ORBCOMM Japan was acquired in two transactions during 2008, the Company has accounted for this transaction using the step acquisition method prescribed by Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, Consolidated Financial Statements ("ARB 51"). As permitted by ARB 51, the Company consolidated ORBCOMM Japan's results of operations as though the controlling interest was acquired on April 1, 2008. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company deducted from continuing operations in its consolidated statement of operations \$128 of pre-control earnings of ORBCOMM Japan for the period prior to the termination of the noncontrolling stockholder's substantive participatory rights on June 9, 2008 and noncontrolling interest for the 49% interest in the income of ORBCOMM Japan attributable to the noncontrolling stockholders for the period after the change in control.

Note 6. Stock-based Compensation

The Company's share-based compensation plans consist of its 2006 Long-Term Incentives Plan (the "2006 LTIP") and its 2004 Stock Option Plan. As of December 31, 2010, there were 839,722 shares available for grant under the 2006 LTIP.

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company recognized stock-based compensation expense in continuing operations of \$2,211, \$1,511 and \$3,643, respectively. The Company's stock-based compensation in discontinued operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 was nil. The Company's stock-based compensation in discontinued operations for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 was not significant. For the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2008, the Company capitalized stock-based compensation of \$39 and \$54 to satellite network and other equipment, respectively. The Company has not recognized and does not expect to recognize in the foreseeable future, any tax benefit related to stock-based compensation as a result of the full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax assets and its net operating loss carryforwards generated in the U.S.

The components of the Company's stock-based compensation expense are presented below:

For the Tears Ended					
December 31,					
2010	2009	2008			
\$1,672	\$ 942	\$ 914			
539	545	2,633			
_	24	96			
\$ 2,211	\$1,511	\$ 3,643			
	\$1,672 539	2010 2009 \$1,672 \$ 942 539 545 — 24			

For the Vears Ended

As of December 31, 2010, the Company had unrecognized compensation costs for all share-based payment arrangements totaling \$1,210.

2006 LTIP

In September 2006, the Company's stockholders approved the 2006 LTIP under which awards for shares of common stock are authorized for grants to directors and employees. The 2006 LTIP provides for grants and awards of stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), common stock, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance units and performance shares. Stock options granted pursuant to the 2006 LTIP Plan have a maximum term of 10 years. The SARs expire 10 years from the date of grant and are payable in cash, shares of common stock or a combination of both upon exercise, as determined by the Compensation Committee. The 2006 LTIP is administrated by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors, which selects persons eligible to receive awards under the 2006 LTIP and determines the number, terms, conditions, performance measures and other provisions of the awards.

Time-based Stock Appreciation Rights

In March 2010, the Company granted 828,000 time-based SARs. These SARs vest in three equal installments on December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012. In September 2010, the Company granted 18,000 time-based SARs. These SARs vest in three equal installments on September 20, 2011, 2012 and 2013.

A summary of the Company's time-based SARs for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (In thousands)
Outstanding at January 1, 2010	1,166,667	\$ 5.23		
Granted	846,000	2.45		
Forfeited or expired	(12,000)	2.46		
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	2,000,667	\$ 4.07	8.01	\$135
Exercisable at December 31, 2010	1,422,000	\$ 4.75	7.55	\$ 43
Vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2010	2,000,667	\$ 4.07	8.01	\$135

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense in continuing operations of \$1,349, \$903 and \$767 relating to the time-based SARs, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, \$997 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to the time-based SARs is expected to be recognized through September 2013. The weighted-average grant date fair value of the time-based SARs granted in 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$1.77, \$0.91 and \$2.27 per share, respectively.

Performance-Based Stock Appreciation Rights

In 2010, the Company granted 312,000 performance-based SARs for 2010 financial and operational targets. These SARs are expected to vest in the first quarter of 2011. The weighted-average grant date fair value of these SARs was \$1.72 per share. As of December 31, 2010, the Company estimates that 73% of the performance targets will be achieved resulting in 224,863 performance-based SARs vesting in the first quarter of 2011.

A summary of the Company's performance-based SARs for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	Number of Shares	 ited-Average rcise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Intrin	gregate sic Value ousands)
Outstanding at January 1, 2010	280,146	\$ 9.59			
Granted	312,000	2.46			
Forfeited or expired	(25,000)	1.96			
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	567,146	\$ 6.00	7.96	\$	45
Exercisable at December 31, 2010	259,146	\$ 10.22	6.51	\$	7
Vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2010	484,008	\$ 6.61	7.75	\$	37

The weighted-average grant date fair value of the performance-based SARs granted during the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$1.72, \$1.30 and \$1.23 per share, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense in continuing operations of \$323, \$38 and \$147 relating to the performance-based SARs, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, \$66 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to the performance-based SARs is expected to be recognized through the first quarter of 2011.

The fair value of each time and performance-based SAR award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the assumptions described below for the periods indicated. For year ended December 31, 2010, the expected volatility was based on an average of the Company's historical volatility over the expected terms of the SAR awards and the comparable publicly traded companies' historical volatility. For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the expected volatility was based on the historical volatility for comparable publicly traded companies, due to the Company's own insufficient trading history. The Company uses the "simplified" method to determine the expected terms of SARs due to an insufficient history of exercises. Estimated forfeitures were based on voluntary and involuntary termination behavior as well as analysis of actual forfeitures. The risk-free interest rate was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve at the time of the grant over the expected term of the SAR grants.

		Years Ended December 31,	
	2010	2009	2008
Risk-free interest rate	1.77% to 2.65%	2.15% to 2.34%	2.50% to 3.20%
Expected life (years)	5.5 and 6.0	5.5 and 6.0	5.5 and 6.0
Estimated volatility	83.30% to 85.95%	55.03% and 85.30%	43.98% to 48.98%
Expected dividends	None	None	None

Time-Based Restricted Stock Units

In 2010, the Company granted 79,290 time-based RSUs. These RSUs vest in January 2011.

A summary of the Company's time-based RSUs for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

		We	Weighted-Average Grant		
	Shares		Date Fair Value		
Balance at January 1, 2010	238,753	\$	3.18		
Granted	79,290		2.27		
Vested	(161,419)		3.01		
Forfeited or expired			<u> </u>		
Balance at December 31, 2010	156,624	\$	2.90		

For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense in continuing operations of \$539, \$461 and \$2,176 related to the time-based RSUs, respectively. As of December 31, 2010, \$147 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to the time-based RSUs granted is expected to be recognized through July 2012.

Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units

In 2010, the Company did not grant any performance-based RSUs. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense in continuing operations of nil, \$85 and \$457 related to performance-based RSUs, respectively.

Stock Options

Options granted under the 2004 Stock Option Plan have a maximum term of 10 years and vest over a period determined by the Company's Board of Directors (generally four years) at an exercise price per share determined by

the Board of Directors at the time of the grant. The 2004 stock option plan expires 10 years from the effective date, or when all options have been granted, whichever is sooner. The Company did not grant stock options in 2010, 2009 and 2008.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock options as of December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	Number of Shares	hted-Average ercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)	Intri	gregate nsic Value nousands)
Outstanding at January 1, 2010	782,079	\$ 2.98			
Granted		_			
Exercised	_	_			
Forfeited or expired	(24,251)	 3.27			
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	757,828	\$ 2.97	3.20	\$	105
Exercisable at December 31, 2010	757,828	\$ 2.97	3.20	\$	105
Vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2010	757,828	\$ 2.97	3.20	\$	105

Note 7. Net Loss per Common Share

Basic net loss per common share is calculated by dividing net loss applicable to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the year. Diluted net loss per common share is the same as basic net loss per common share, because potentially dilutive securities such as SARs, RSUs, stock options and stock warrants would have an antidilutive effect as the Company incurred a net loss for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008. The potentially dilutive securities excluded from the determination of basic and diluted loss per share, as their effect is antidilutive, are as follows:

Year	Years Ended December 31,			
2010	2009	2008		
2,567,813	1,446,813	1,433,566		
156,624	238,753	473,313		
757,828	782,079	782,079		
		257,986		
3,482,265	2,467,645	2,946,944		
	2,567,813 156,624 757,828	2010 2009 2,567,813 1,446,813 156,624 238,753 757,828 782,079		

Note 8. Marketable Securities

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the marketable securities are recorded at amortized cost which approximates fair market value which was based on Level 1 inputs. All investments mature in one year or less.

	December 31, 2010				December 31, 2009							
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses		Unrealized		zed Unrealized		Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses		Gross Unrealized Gains	
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$39,926	\$	18	\$	5	\$ 13,009	\$	_	\$	1		
Corporate obligations	24,108		18		3	11,211		7		_		
FDIC-insured certificates of deposit	3,837		3		_	1,919		_		_		
	\$67,871	\$	39	\$	8	\$26,139	\$	7	\$	1		

The Company would recognize an impairment loss when the decline in the estimated fair value of a marketable security below the amortized cost is determined to be other-than-temporary. The Company considers various factors in determining whether to recognize an impairment charge, including the duration of time and the severity to which the fair value has been less than the amortized cost, any adverse changes in the issuer's financial conditions and the Company's intent to sell or whether it is more likely than not that it would be required to sell the marketable security before its anticipated recovery. Investments with unrealized losses have been in an unrealized loss position for less than a year.

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, the gross unrealized losses of \$39 and \$7, respectively, were primarily due to changes in interest rates and not credit quality of the issuer. Accordingly, the Company has determined that the gross unrealized losses are not other-than-temporary at December 31, 2010 and 2009 and there has been no recognition of impairment losses in its consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Cost method investment

On April 5, 2010, the Company entered into a stock purchase agreement with Alanco Technologies, Inc., ("Alanco"), the parent company of a terrestrial VAR, StarTrak Systems, LLC ("StarTrak") a provider of tracking, monitoring and control services for the refrigerated transport market. Under the terms of the stock purchase agreement, the Company purchased 500,000 shares of Series E Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series E preferred stock") from Alanco for consideration totaling \$2,250. The consideration consisted of: (1) \$1,356 cash payment, (2) exchange of outstanding accounts receivable balance of \$644 in lieu of receiving payment from StarTrak and (3) a \$250 credit against future accounts receivable for satellite usage fees.

Each share of the Series E preferred stock is entitled to an annual dividend of 5% per annum, payable quarterly, when declared by Alanco's board of directors in cash or stock. The Series E preferred stock is an equity security that does not have a readily determinable fair value. The Company periodically assesses whether the investment is other-than-temporarily impaired. If the Company determines that an other-than temporary impairment has occurred, the Company will write down the investment to its fair value. The fair value of a cost method investment is not evaluated if there are no identified events or changes in circumstances that may have a significant adverse effect on the investment's fair value.

In July 2010, Alanco's board of directors declared a quarterly dividend and the Company received 15,060 shares of Alanco's common stock valued at \$28. The Company increased its cost method investment by \$28 and recorded dividend income for the same amount in other income in its consolidated statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2010.

As of December 31, 2010, the carrying amount of the Company's cost method investment was \$2,278.

On February 23, 2011, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Alanco to purchase substantially all of the assets of StarTrak.

Note 9. Satellite Network and Other Equipment

Satellite network and other equipment consisted of the following:

	Useful Life	Decemb	er 31,
	(Years)	2010	2009
Land		\$ 381	\$ 381
Satellite network	1 to 10 years	32,560	27,814
Capitalized software	3-5	1,646	1,318
Computer hardware	5	1,247	1,144
Other	5-7	1,311	1,105
Assets under construction		62,374	66,450
		99,519	98,212
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(27,835)	(25,004)
		\$ 71,684	\$ 73,208

During the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company capitalized costs attributable to the design and development of internal-use software in the amount of \$353 and \$175, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$2,831, \$17,629 and \$1,688, respectively. This includes amortization of internal-use software of \$352, \$342 and \$252 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Assets under construction primarily consist of milestone payments pursuant to procurement agreements, which includes the design, development, launch and other direct costs relating to the construction of the satellites (See Note 18) and upgrades to its infrastructure and the ground segment.

On June 19, 2008, the Coast Guard Demonstration satellite ("CDS") and five quick-launch satellites were launched. Due to continued delays associated with the construction of the final quick-launch satellite #6, the Company was retaining it for future deployment. Since launch, communications capability for all of the quick-launch satellites and the CDS have been lost and the Company impaired the full cost of quick-launch satellite #6.

As a result of losing communications capabilities, the Company recognized in 2009 non-cash impairment charges of \$29,244 relating to the three quick-launch satellites and the CDS satellite that were launched in June 2008 in its consolidated statements of operations.

In August 2009, the Company placed in service the two remaining quick-launch satellites for which the Company maintained communications capability which were providing limited ORBCOMM messaging and worldwide AIS services. These satellites were experiencing attitude control system anomalies which resulted in the satellites not pointing towards the sun and the earth as expected. These pointing errors resulted in reduced power generation, improper satellite spacing within the orbital plane and reduced communications capabilities. One of these satellites had an intermittent flight computer anomaly and a power system anomaly which significantly reduced its availability. The similarity of these satellites to the failed satellites significantly reduce their expected useful lives. These two satellites were fully depreciated as of December 31, 2009.

On June 22, 2010, one of the two remaining quick-launch satellites experienced a power system anomaly which resulted in loss of contact with the satellite. This satellite was covered as a part of the Company's insurance settlement received in December 2009 as it was considered a constructive total loss under the Company's insurance policy.

In September 2010, the Company recorded a non-cash impairment charge of \$6,509 to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 after entering into a settlement agreement with OHB in connection with two contracts to build and deploy satellites that were launched in June 2008, along with signing the new AIS Satellite Deployment and

License Agreement, discussed in Note 18. The two agreements covered by the settlement were the ORBCOMM Concept Demonstration Satellite Bus, Integration Test and launch services procurement agreement with respect to the Coast Guard demonstration satellite and the procurement agreement with respect to quick-launch satellites #1 through 6. Quick-launch satellite #6, which was not launched in June 2008 as part of the earlier agreement, was expected to be retained for future deployment after completion to address the anomalies exhibited by the earlier satellites. The decision to write-off quick-launch satellite #6 instead of completing it was based on the Company's determination that completion of the construction and launch of this satellite would not be cost effective.

Toward the end of the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company lost contact with its remaining quick-launch satellite which had experienced various anomalies since its launch in June 2008. This satellite was covered as a part of the Company's insurance settlement received in December 2009 as it was considered a constructive total loss under the Company's insurance policy. The Company will continue its efforts to restore commercial-level AIS service in the near term either through the launch of the first of two AIS-only satellites during the second quarter of 2011, or through securing other third-party sources.

The loss of these satellites can result in longer latencies in transmitting messages but is not otherwise expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's satellite communications service as the satellites were not in full operational service.

The Company had purchased an in-orbit insurance policy for the 2008 launch of the CDS and the quick-launch satellites that covers the total loss or constructive total loss of the CDS and five quick-launch satellites during the coverage period that ended on June 19, 2009. Under the terms of the policy, a satellite that does not meet the working satellite criteria constitutes a constructive total loss of that satellite for insurance purposes. The in-orbit insurance policy is subject to certain exclusions including a deductible under which no claim is payable under the policy for the first satellite to suffer a constructive total loss or total loss.

The Company filed a claim under its in-orbit insurance policy for all six satellites as either a total loss or constructive total loss. The total loss claim was for the one satellite that suffered a power system failure resulting in loss of contact in February 2009, and the constructive total loss claim for each of the other five satellites is on the basis that these satellites did not meet the working satellite criteria stated in the policy. The maximum amount recoverable by the Company under the policy from third party insurers for all six satellites covered by the policy was \$50,000, after taking into account the one-satellite deductible, under which no claim is payable for the first satellite to suffer a constructive total loss or total loss, and less any salvage value that can be established.

On December 10, 2009, the Company and the third party insurers entered into a settlement and release agreement to settle any and all claims relating to the CDS and the five quick-launch satellites discussed above. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the Company received \$44,250 in 2009 from the third party insurers. In addition, each of the insurers has waived all rights, title and interest in and to the CDS and the five quick-launch satellites. The Company recorded an insurance recovery-satellite network of \$44,250 in its consolidated statements of operations.

Note 10. Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of the remaining cash collateral of \$3,000 for a performance bond required by the FCC in connection with the construction, launch and operation of the 18 next-generation satellites that was authorized in the March 21, 2008 FCC Space Segment License modification. Under the terms of the performance bond, the cash collateral will be reduced in increments of \$1,000 upon issuance of an FCC finding that the Company has completed the specified milestones. The Company certified completion of the first three milestones to the FCC on March 20, 2009. In November 2009, \$2,000 was returned to the Company upon the FCC's finding that the first two milestones had been satisfied. The FCC has not yet issued a ruling on the certification of the third milestone. In response to a request from FCC staff, the Company filed a further supplement to the third milestone certification on December 22, 2010. The Company has classified \$1,000 of restricted cash for the third milestone as a current asset and the remaining \$2,000 of restricted cash as a non-current asset on the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010.

Restricted cash also includes \$680 deposited into an escrow account under the terms of a procurement agreement for the quick-launch satellites.

Restricted cash also includes \$350 placed into certificates of deposit to collateralize a letter of credit with a cellular wireless provider to secure terrestrial communications services and to secure a credit card facility. The interest income earned on the restricted cash balances is unrestricted and included in interest income in the consolidated statements of operations.

Note 11. Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets consisted of the following:

	December 31,						
			2010			2009	
	Useful Life		Accumulated				
	(Years)	Cost	Amortization	Net	Cost	Amortization	Net
Acquired licenses-Satcom International							
Group, plc	6	\$8,115	\$ (7,001)	\$1,114	\$8,115	\$ (5,515)	\$2,600

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$1,486.

Estimated amortization expense for the acquired licenses in 2011 is \$1,114.

Note 12. Accrued Liabilities

The Company's accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	Decen	ıber 31
	2010	2009
Accrued compensation and benefits	\$2,151	\$ 1,738
Accrued interest	857	797
Deferred rent payable	112	919
Other accrued expenses	2,923	2,156
	\$ 6,043	\$5,610

Note 13. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues consisted of the following:

	Decen	nber 31
	2010	2009
Service activation fees	\$ 2,277	\$ 2,563
Prepaid services	1,067	1,035
Manufacturing license fees	29	44
Professional services		6,437
	3,373	10,079
Less current portion	(2,134)	(3,849)
Long-term portion	\$ 1,239	\$ 6,230

At December 31, 2009, deferred professional services revenue represent amounts related to the USCG Concept Validation Project. The amount primarily represents one deliverable under the agreement to design,

develop, launch and operate a single satellite equipped with the capability to receive, process and forward AIS data ("CDS satellite") to demonstrate that low earth orbit satellites are able to receive and process AIS signals. The payment for the deliverable was being recognized over the expected life of the customer relationship period in which the USCG was expected to benefit as the Company believed that the relationship period would be longer than the contractual period. On August 5, 2010, the Company's agreement with the USCG was completed. The Company terminated AIS data transmission and maintenance services to the USCG the following day and the USCG is no longer benefiting from this payment. As a result of the expiration of the agreement, the Company determined that the relationship with the USCG for purposes of the agreement ended and the remaining unamortized AIS deferred professional services revenues of \$5,906 that were prepaid are recognized in service revenues during the quarter ended September 30, 2010.

Note 14. Notes Payable

OHB Technology A.G.

In 2005, in connection with acquisition of a majority interest in Satcom International Group plc, the Company has recorded an indebtedness to OHB, a principal stockholder of the Company. At December 31, 2010, the principal balance of the note payable was €1,138 (\$1,514) and it had a carrying value of \$1,416. At December 31, 2009, the principal balance of the note payable was €1,138 (\$1,628) and it had a carrying value of \$1,398. The difference between the carrying value and principal balance is being amortized to interest expense over the estimated life of the note of six years. Interest expense related to the note was \$131 for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008. This note does not bear interest and has no fixed repayment term. Repayment will be made from the distribution profits (as defined in the note agreement) of ORBCOMM Europe LLC ("ORBCOMM Europe"). The note has been classified as long-term and the Company does not expect any repayments to be required prior to January 1, 2012.

Note 15. Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

The Company currently has 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock authorized. No shares were outstanding at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Common Stock

The terms of the Common stock are as follows:

Voting rights

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share.

Dividends

Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding shares of preferred stock, the holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared by the Board of Directors. No common stock dividends have been declared to date.

Warrants

The Company issued no warrants to purchase common stock in 2010, 2009 and 2008. As of December 31, 2010, the Company had no outstanding warrants to purchase shares of common stock.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, warrants to purchase 257,986 shares with a per share exercise price of \$4.26 expired.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company issued 106,146 shares of common stock upon the exercise of warrants at per share exercise prices ranging from \$2.33 to \$3.38. The Company received gross proceeds of \$262 from the exercise of these warrants. In addition, the Company issued 46,643 shares of common stock upon the cashless exercise of warrants to purchase 86,123 common shares with per share exercise prices ranging from \$2.33 to \$3.38.

At December 31, 2010, the Company has reserved 4,321,987 shares of common stock for future issuances related to employee stock compensation plans.

Note 16. Geographical Information

The Company operates in one reportable segment, satellite data communications. Other than satellites in orbit, long-lived assets outside of the United States are not significant. The following table summarizes revenues on a percentage basis by geographic region, based on the country in which the customer is located:

	Years En	Years Ended December 3		
	2010	2009	2008	
United States	81%	86%	77%	
Japan	14%	10%	19%	
Other	5%	4%	4%	
	100%	100%	100%	

Note 17. Income Taxes

The following is a summary of the tax provision for the Company's continuing operations for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008:

	Ι	December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008	
Current				
Federal	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	
State	_	_	_	
International	42			
Total	\$ 42	\$ —	\$ —	
Deferred:				
Federal	(75)	\$546	\$ (4)	
State	(14)	103	(1)	
International	409	74	961	
Subtotal	320	723	956	
Valuation allowance	(578)	(723)	(956)	
Total	\$(216)	\$ —	\$ —	

The components of net deferred tax assets (liability) are as follows:

	Decem	ber 31,
	2010	2009
Deferred tax assets:		
Current deferred tax assets:		
Deferred revenues	\$ 907	\$ 1,464
Allowance for doubtful accounts	720	649
Deferred compensation	96	1,297
Bonus accruals	388	360
Vacation accrual	300	270
Deferred rent	42	349
Accrued expenses	129	129
Installment sale note receivable	161	
Total current deferred tax assets	2,743	4,518
Non-current deferred tax assets:		
Satellite network and other property	199	121
Deferred revenues	402	2,369
Deferred compensation	1,846	_
Deferred rent	121	
Accrued expenses	195	203
Installment sale note receivable	496	_
Other	47	_
Tax loss carryforwards	14,071	9,362
Total non-current deferred tax assets	17,377	12,055
Total deferred tax assets	20,120	16,573
Non-current deferred tax liability, deferred gain on involuntary conversion	(4,972)	(4,812)
Net deferred tax assets before valuation allowance	15,148	11,761
Less valuation allowance	(14,890)	(11,761)
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 258	\$ —

The benefit for income taxes differs from the amount computed by applying the statutory U.S. Federal income tax rate from continuing operations because of the effect of the following items:

	Years I	Years Ended December 31,			
	2010	2009	2008		
Income tax benefit at U.S. statutory rate of 34%	\$ (436)	\$(845)	\$ (971)		
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	(9)	68	(1)		
Effect of foreign subsidiaries	748	596	1,401		
Other permanent items	59	904	527		
Change in valuation allowance	(578)	(723)	(956)		
Income tax (benefit)	\$(216)	\$ —	\$ —		

During the quarter ended December 31, 2010, the Company reversed \$258 in the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets associated with ORBCOMM Japan which operates in the foreign jurisdiction of Japan. Accordingly, the deferred tax assets that are recorded on the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 relate to ORBCOMM Japan. The primary evidence used in determining to reverse the valuation allowance was that ORBCOMM Japan has had positive cumulative earnings since 2008. Other positive evidence includes: ORBCOMM Japan's forecast which indicates that its positive earnings will continue in the long-term and the utilization of its net operating loss carryforwards before expiration. The valuation allowance was originally established in 2008 based primarily on negative evidence of ORBCOMM Japan's limited operating history following its reorganization. As a result, the Company maintained a full valuation allowance on these deferred tax assets until sufficient positive evidence existed to support reversal. The Company is continuing to maintain a valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets attributable to its operations in the United States and other foreign jurisdictions as realization of such assets is not considered more likely than not.

In 2010, the valuation allowance and the deferred tax assets of \$3,702, which primarily consists of net operating loss carryforwards was reclassified from discontinued operations to continuing operations as result of the sale of Stellar.

The net change in the total valuation allowance for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$578, \$723 and \$956, respectively.

The Company recognizes tax benefits associated with the exercise of stock options and vesting of RSUs directly to stockholders' equity only when the tax benefit reduces income tax payable on the basis that a cash tax savings has occurred. Accordingly, deferred tax assets are not recognized for net operating loss carryforwards resulting from tax benefits. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company has not recognized in its deferred tax assets an aggregate of \$4,157 of windfall tax benefits associated with the exercise of stock options and the vesting of RSUs.

At December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had potentially utilizable federal and state net operating loss tax carryforwards of \$39,173 and \$24,020, respectively. The net operating loss carryforwards expire at various times through 2030. At December 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had potentially utilizable foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$5,523 and \$6,761, respectively. The foreign net operating loss carryforwards expire on various dates through 2030.

The utilization of the Company's net operating losses may be subject to a substantial limitation due to the "change of ownership provisions" under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code and similar state provisions. Such limitation may result in the expiration of the net operating loss carryforwards before their utilization.

The Company has not provided deferred income taxes on the undistributed earnings of its Japan subsidiary. The amount of such earnings was \$2,500. These earnings have been permanently reinvested and the Company does not plan to initiate action that would precipitate the payment of income taxes thereon. It is not practicable to estimate the amount of additional tax that might be payable on the undistributed earnings of its Japan subsidiary.

During the years December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Company recorded no significant unrecognized tax benefits. Due to the existence of the Company's valuation allowance, the uncertain tax benefits if recognized would not impact the Company's effective income tax rate. The Company is subject to U.S. federal and state examinations by tax authorities from 2007. The Company does not expect any significant changes to its unrecognized tax positions during the next twelve months.

No interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions were accrued at December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008.

The following table is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits:

	2010	2009	2008
Balance at January 1	\$775	\$775	\$775
Additions for tax positions related to prior years	-	_	_
Additions for tax positions	<u> </u>	_	_
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	_	_	_
Settlements	_ <u></u>		
Balance at December 31	\$775	\$775	775

As of December 31, 2010 and 2009, the unrecognized tax benefits have been recorded as a reduction to the Company's federal and state net operating loss tax carryforwards in deferred tax assets.

Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies

Procurement agreements in connection with next-generation satellites

On May 5, 2008, the Company entered into a procurement agreement with Sierra Nevada Corporation ("SNC") pursuant to which SNC will construct eighteen low-earth-orbit satellites in three sets of six satellites ("shipsets") for the Company's next-generation satellites (the "Initial Satellites"). Under the agreement, SNC will also provide launch support services, a test satellite (excluding the mechanical structure), a satellite software simulator and the associated ground support equipment. Under the agreement, the Company has the option, exercisable at any time until the third anniversary of the execution of the agreement, to order up to thirty additional satellites substantially identical to the Initial Satellites (the "Optional Satellites").

The total contract price for the Initial Satellites is \$117,000, subject to reduction upon failure to achieve certain in-orbit operational milestones with respect to the Initial Satellites or if the pre-ship reviews of each shipset are delayed more than 60 days after the specified time periods described below.

The Company has agreed to pay SNC up to \$1,500 in incentive payments for the successful operation of the Initial Satellites five years following the successful completion of in-orbit testing for the third shipset of six satellites. The price for the Optional Satellites ranges from \$5,000 to \$7,700 per satellite depending on the number of satellites ordered and the timing of the exercise of the option.

The agreement also requires SNC to complete the pre-ship review of the Initial Satellites (i) no later than 24 months after the execution of the agreement for the first shipset of six satellites, (ii) no later than 31 months after the execution of the agreement for the second shipset of six satellites and (iii) no later than 36 months after the execution of the agreement for the third shipset of six satellites. SNC has not completed the pre-ship review of the first shipset of the Initial Satellites within the required 24 month period. The Company and SNC are in discussions regarding the impact of such delay, but do not expect an impact on the SpaceX Launch Services schedule as described below. Payments under the agreement will begin upon the execution of the agreement and will extend into the second quarter of 2012, subject to SNC's successful completion of each payment milestone.

On August 31, 2010, the Company entered into two additional task order agreements with SNC in connection with the procurement agreement discussed above. Under the terms of the launch vehicle changes task order agreement, SNC will perform the activities to launch eighteen of the Company's next-generation satellites on a SpaceX Falcon 1E or Falcon 9 launch vehicle. The total price for the launch activities is cost reimbursable up to \$4,110 that is cancelable by the Company, less a credit of \$1,528. Any unused credit can be applied to other activities under the agreement with SNC. Under the terms of the engineering change requests and enhancements task order agreement, SNC will design and make changes to each of the next-generation satellites in order to accommodate an additional payload-to-bus interface. The total price for the engineering changes requests is cost reimbursable up to \$317. Both task order agreements are payable monthly as the services are performed, provided

that with respect to the launch vehicle changes task order agreement, the credit in the amount of \$1,528 will first be deducted against amounts accrued thereunder until the entire balance is expended.

As of December 31, 2010, the Company has made milestone payments of \$42,120 under the agreement. The Company anticipates making payments under the agreement of \$12,636 during 2011. Under the agreement, SNC has agreed to provide the Company with an optional secured credit facility for up to \$20,000 commencing 24 months after the execution of the agreement and maturing 44 months after the effective date. If the Company elects to establish and use the credit facility it and SNC will enter into a formal credit facility on terms established in the agreement.

On August 28, 2009, the Company and Space Exploration Technologies Corp. ("SpaceX") entered into a Commercial Launch Services Agreement (the "Agreement") pursuant to which SpaceX will provide launch services (the "Launch Services") using multiple SpaceX Falcon 1e launch vehicles for the carriage into low-Earth-orbit for the Company's 18 next-generation commercial communications satellites currently being constructed by SNC. Under the Agreement, SpaceX will also provide to the Company launch vehicle integration and support services, as well as certain related optional services.

The Company anticipates that the Launch Services will be performed between the third quarter of 2011 and first quarter of 2014, subject to certain rights of the Company and SpaceX to reschedule any of the particular Launch Services as needed. The Agreement also provides the Company the option to procure, prior to each Launch Service, reflight launch services whereby in the event the applicable Launch Service results in a failure due to the SpaceX launch vehicle, SpaceX will provide comparable reflight launch services at no additional cost to the Company beyond the initial option price for such reflight launch services.

The total price under the Agreement (excluding any options or additional launch services) is \$46,600, subject to certain adjustments. The amounts due under the Agreement are payable in periodic installments from the date of execution of the Agreement through the performance of each Launch Service. The Company may postpone and reschedule the Launch Services for any reason at its sole discretion, following 12 months of delay for any particular Launch Services. The Company also has the right to terminate any of the Launch Services subject to the payment of a termination fee in an amount that would be based on the date the Company exercises its termination right.

As of December 31, 2010, the Company has made milestone payments of \$10,080 under the Agreement. The Company anticipates making payments under the agreement of \$12,420 during 2011.

AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement

On September 28, 2010, the Company and OHB entered into an AIS Satellite Deployment and License Agreement (the "AIS Satellite Agreement") pursuant to which OHB, through its affiliate Luxspace Sarl ("LXS"), will (1) design, construct, launch and in-orbit test two AIS microsatellites and (2) design and construct the required ground support equipment. Under the AIS Satellite Agreement, the Company will receive exclusive licenses for all data (with certain exceptions as defined in the AIS Satellite Agreement) collected or transmitted by the two AIS microsatellites (including all AIS data) during the term of the AIS Satellite Agreement and nonexclusive licenses for all AIS data collected or transmitted by another microsatellite expected to be launched by LXS.

The AIS Satellite Agreement provides for milestone payments totaling \$2,000 (inclusive of in-orbit testing) subject to certain adjustments. Payments under the AIS Satellite Agreement began upon the execution of the agreement and successful completion of each milestone through to the launch of the two AIS microsatellites scheduled for second quarter of 2011 and late 2011. In addition, to the extent that both AIS microsatellites are successfully operating after launch, the Company will pay OHB lease payments of up to \$546, subject to certain adjustments, over thirty-six months. At the Company's option after thirty-six months it can continue the exclusive licenses for the data with a continuing payment of up to \$6 per month. In addition, OHB will also be entitled to credits of up to \$500 to be used solely for the microsatellites AIS data license fees payable to the Company under a separate AIS data resale agreement.

As of December 31, 2010, the Company has made milestone payments of \$350 under the AIS Satellite Agreement. The Company anticipates making the remaining milestone payments under the agreement of \$1,650 during 2011.

Gateway settlement obligation

In 1996, a predecessor to the Company entered into a contract to purchase gateway earth stations ("GESs") from ViaSAT Inc. (the "GESs Contract"). As of September 15, 2000, the date the predecessor company filed for bankruptcy, approximately \$11,000 had been paid to ViaSAT, leaving approximately \$3,700 owing under the GESs Contract for 8.5 GESs manufactured and stored by ViaSAT. In December 2004, the Company and ViaSAT entered into a settlement agreement whereby the Company was granted title to 4 completed GESs in return for a commitment to pay an aggregate of \$1,000 by December 2007. The Company had options, which expired in December 2007, to purchase any or all of the remaining 4.5 GESs for aggregate consideration of \$2,700. However, the Company would have been required to purchase one of the remaining 4.5 GESs for \$1,000 prior to the sale or disposition of the last of the 4 GESs for which title has been transferred. The Company recorded the 4 GESs in inventory at an aggregate value of \$1,644 upon execution of the settlement agreement. During 2007, the Company and ViaSAT entered into discussions to extend the option, however such discussions were terminated during the second quarter of 2008 with the parties having no further obligations under the settlement agreement. As a result, the Company's accrued liability of \$644 related to the settlement agreement was reversed in June 2008 and the Company reduced costs of product sales by \$161, cost of services by \$164 and satellite network and other assets by \$319.

Airtime credits

In 2001, in connection with the organization of ORBCOMM Europe and the reorganization of the ORBCOMM business in Europe, the Company agreed to grant certain country representatives in Europe approximately \$3,736 in airtime credits. The Company has not recorded the airtime credits as a liability for the following reasons: (i) the Company has no obligation to pay the unused airtime credits if they are not utilized; and (ii) the airtime credits are earned by the country representatives only when the Company generates revenue from the country representatives. The airtime credits have no expiration date. Accordingly, the Company is recording airtime credits as services are rendered and these airtime credits are recorded net of revenues from the country representatives. For the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 airtime credits used totaled approximately \$40, \$76 and \$183, respectively. As of December 31, 2010 and 2009 unused credits granted by the Company were approximately \$2,191 and \$2,231, respectively.

Operating leases

The Company leases office, storage and other facilities under agreements classified as operating leases which expire through 2015. Future minimum lease payments, by year and in the aggregate, under non-cancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more as of December 31, 2010 are as follows:

Years Ending December 31,

2011	\$1,130
2012 2013	1,007
2013	887
2014 2015	364
2015	51
	51 \$3,439

 $Rent \ expense \ for \ the \ years \ ended \ December \ 31, 2010, 2009 \ \ and \ 2008 \ was \ approximately \ \$718, \$1,094 \ and \ \$1,608, \ respectively.$

Litigation

From time to time, the Company is involved in various litigation matters involving ordinary and routine claims incidental to its business. Management currently believes that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

Note 19. Employee Incentive Plans

The Company maintains a 401(k) plan. All employees who have been employed for three months or longer are eligible to participate in the plan. Employees may contribute up to 15% of eligible compensation to the plan, subject to certain limitations. The Company has the option of matching up to 100% of the amount contributed by each employee up to 4% of employee's compensation. In addition, the plan contains a discretionary contribution component pursuant to which the Company may make an additional annual contribution. Contributions vest over a five-year period from the employee's date of employment. The Company did not make any contributions for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008.

Note 20. Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2010	2009	2008
Investing activities:			
Capital expenditures incurred not yet paid	\$1,523	\$1,045	\$6,626
Stock-based compensation included in capital expenditures	39		54
Accounts receivable exchanged and deferred credit issued as part of consideration for other			
investment	894		
Gateway and components recorded in inventory in prior years which were used for construction			
under satellite network and other equipment	129		_
Gateway received in settlement of long-term receivable			230
Net assets from step acquisition of subsidiary	_		1.363
Asset basis adjustment due to expiration of gateway purchase option	_		161
Financing activities:			
Employee receivables exchanged as part of consideration for purchase of noncontrolling ownership			
interests in ORBCOMM Japan	66	_	_

Note 21. Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The quarterly results of operations are summarized below:

			econd Third uarter Quarter			Fourth Quarter		
2010								
Revenues	\$	7,417	\$	7,837	\$	13,912	\$	7,510
Income (loss) from operations		(368)		249		(428)		(871)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(499)		295		(303)		(685)
Loss from discontinued operations		(91)		(3,479)		(113)		(70)
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.		(735)		(3,296)		(609)		(529)
Net income (loss) per common share-basic:								
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(0.02)		0.00		(0.01)		(0.01)
Loss from discontinued operations		(0.00)		(0.08)		(0.00)		(0.00)
Net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.		(0.02)		(0.08)		(0.01)		(0.01)
Net income (loss) per common share-diluted								
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(0.02)		0.00		(0.01)		(0.01)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.00)		(0.08)		(0.00)		(0.00)
Net income (loss) attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.		(0.02)		(0.08)		(0.01)		(0.01)
Weighted-average shares outstanding:								
Basic	42,	558,510	42,	,563,207	42	,603,852	42,	616,950
Diluted	42,	558,510	42,	,612,705	42	,603,852	42,	616,950
2009								
Revenues	\$	6,727	\$	6,770	\$	7,031	\$	7,038
Income (loss) from operations		(8,591)		(1,108)		(562)		7,796
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(8,647)		(745)		(718)		7,755
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		(452)		412		(489)		(425)
Net income (loss) attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.		(9,135)		(362)		(1,237)		7,295
Net income (loss) per common share-basic:								
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(0.21)		(0.02)		(0.02)		0.18
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.01)		0.01		(0.01)		(0.01)
Net income (loss) attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.		(0.22)		(0.01)		(0.03)		0.17
Net income (loss) per common share-diluted								
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(0.21)		(0.02)		(0.02)		0.18
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		(0.01)		0.01		(0.01)		(0.01)
Net income (loss) attributable to ORBCOMM Inc.		(0.22)		(0.01)		(0.03)		0.17
Weighted-average shares outstanding:								
Basic	42,	308,367	42,	,406,892	42	2,442,477	42,	455,531
Diluted	42,	308,367	42,	,406,892	42	2,442,477	42.	608,019

The Company corrected its accounting for the allocation of net losses attributable to noncontrolling interests in accordance with ASC 810, *Consolidation Topic*. The cumulative immaterial adjustment resulted in decreasing the net loss attributable to ORBCOMM Inc. by \$397 and decreasing the net income attributable to noncontrolling interests by \$397 during the fourth quarter of 2010.

Schedule II — Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

Col. B		Col. C			Col. E	
_		Charged to	Charged to	Col D	Balance at End of the	
Degi	Period	Expenses	Accounts	Deductions Deductions	Period	
		(Amounts in	thousands)			
\$	803	(175)	(71)(1)	_	\$ 557	
\$	11,761	(578)	5(2)	3,702(3)	\$ 14,890	
\$	101	714	(12)(1)	_	\$ 803	
\$	12,403	(723)	81(2)	_	\$11,761	
\$	260	(177)	18(1)	_	\$ 101	
\$	12,824	(956)	535(2)	_	\$ 12,403	
	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 803 \$ 11,761 \$ 101 \$ 12,403	Balance at Beginning of the Period Charged to Costs and Expenses (Amounts in \$ 803 (175) \$ 11,761 (578) \$ 101 714 \$ 12,403 (723) \$ 260 (177)	Balance at Beginning of the Period Charged to Costs and Expenses Charged to Other Accounts (Amounts in thousands) \$ 803 (175) (71)(1) \$ 11,761 (578) 5(2) \$ 101 714 (12)(1) \$ 12,403 (723) 81(2) \$ 260 (177) 18(1)	Balance at Beginning of the Period Charged to Costs and Expenses Charged to Other Accounts (Amounts in thousands) Col. D Deductions \$ 803 (175) (71)(1) — \$ 11,761 (578) 5(2) 3,702(3) \$ 12,403 (723) 81(2) — \$ 260 (177) 18(1) —	

⁽¹⁾ Amounts relate to write-offs net of recoveries.

⁽²⁾ Amounts relate to differences in foreign exchange rates.

⁽³⁾ Amounts relate to reclassification of deferred tax assets and valuation allowance from discontinued operations to continuing operations.

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.		Page No.
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, is incorporated herein by reference.	·
3.2	Amended Bylaws of the Company, filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for	
†10.1	the year ended December 31, 2006, is incorporated herein by reference. ORBCOMM Concept Demonstration Satellite Bus, Integration Test and Launch Services Procurement Agreement, dated March 10, 2005, between the Company and OHB-System AG, filed as Exhibit 10.3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.	
†10.1.2	Amendment to the Procurement Agreement, dated June 5, 2006, between the Company and OHB-System AG, filed as Exhibit 10.3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.	
†10.1.3	Memorandum of Agreement dated July 2, 2008 between the Company and OHB System, AG, concerning modifications to Amendment No. 1 dated as of June 5, 2006 of ORBCOMM Concept Demonstration Satellite Bus, Integration Test and Launch Services Procurement Agreement dated March 10, 2005 by and between the Company and OHB System, AG, filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference.	
10.1.4	Memorandum of Agreement dated November 25, 2008, between the Company and OHB System, AG, concerning Amendment No. 1 dated as of June 5, 2006 of ORBCOMM Concept Demonstration Satellite Bus, Integration Test and Launch Services Procurement Agreement dated March 10, 2005 by and between the Company and OHB System, AG., filed as Exhibit 10.3.4 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference.	
10.1.5	Settlement agreement and specific release dated September 27, 2010, between the Company and OHB System AG filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, is incorporated herein by reference	
†10.2	ORBCOMM Concept Demonstration Communication Payload Procurement Agreement, dated November 3, 2004, between the Company and Orbital Sciences Corporation, filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.	
†10.2.1	Amendment to the Procurement Agreement, dated April 21, 2006, between the Company and Orbital Sciences Corporation, filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.	
10.2.2	Memorandum of Agreement, dated October 10, 2007, between the Company and Orbital Sciences Corporation concerning modification to the Amendment to the procurement agreement filed as Exhibit 10.5.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, is incorporated herein by reference.	
†10.3	ORBCOMM Generation 2 Procurement Agreement dated May 5, 2008, by and between the Company and Sierra Nevada Corporation, filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2008, is incorporated herein by reference.	
10.3.1	Launch Vehicle changes task order agreement dated August 31, 2010 between the Company and Sierra Nevada Corporation filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, is incorporated herein by reference.	
10.3.2	Engineering change requests and enhancements task order agreement dated August 31, 2010, between the Company and Sierra Nevada Corporation filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, is incorporated herein by reference.	
†10.4	Falcon 1e Commercial Launch Services Agreement, dated August 28, 2009 between the Company and Space Exploration Technologies Corporation (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ended September 30, 2009).	

Exhibit No.	
10.5	Second Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of December 30, 2005, by and among the Company and certain preferred stockholders of the Company, filed as Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by
10.6	reference. Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and the executive officers and directors of the Company, filed as Exhibit 10.13 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration
10.7	No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference. Schedule identifying agreements substantially identical to the Form of Indemnification Agreement constituting Exhibit 10.6 hereto.
*10.8	2004 Stock Option Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.15 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.
*10.9	2006 Long-Term Incentives Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.
*10.10	Form of Incentive Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Stock Option Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference, filed as Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.
*10.10.1	Form of Non Statutory Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Stock Option Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.
*10.11	Employment Agreement between Marc J. Eisenberg and the Company.
*10.12	Employment Agreement between John J. Stolte Jr. and the Company.
*10.13	Employment Agreement between Robert G. Costantini and the Company.
*10.14	Employment Agreement between Christian G. Le Brun and the Company.
*10.15	Employment Agreement between Brian Bell and the Company.
*10.16	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the 2006 Long-Term Incentives Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.24 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.
*10.17	Form of Stock Appreciation Rights Award Agreement under the 2006 Long-Term Incentives Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.25 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-134088), is incorporated herein by reference.
10.18	Summary of Non-Employee Director Compensation, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2007 (File No. 000-1361983), is incorporated herein by reference.
†10.19	Settlement and Release Agreement regarding loss of ORBCOMM CDS and Quick-Launch 1-5 Satellites dated December 10, 2009, filed as Exhibit 10.28 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, is incorporated herein by reference.
21	Subsidiaries of the Company
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm.
23.2	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm.
24	Power of Attorney authorizing certain persons to sign this Annual Report on behalf of certain directors and executive officers of the Company.
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and President required by Rule 13a-14(a).
31.2	Certification of the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-149a).
32	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and President and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Page No.

^{*} Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

[†] Portions of this exhibit have been omitted pursuant to a request for confidential treatment. The omitted portions have been separately filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Exhibit 10.7

Schedule identifying agreements substantially identical to the form of Indemnity Agreement constituting Exhibit 10.12 hereto entered into by ORBCOMM Inc. and each of the following persons:

Jerome B. Eisenberg

Marc Eisenberg(1)

John J. Stolte, Jr.

Marco Fuchs

Timothy Kelleher

Didier Delepine

John Major

Hans E.W. Hoffmann

Gary M. Ritondaro

John R. Wood

Robert G. Costantini

Christian G. LeBrun

Brian J. Bell

⁽¹⁾ Marc Eisenberg has entered into indemnification agreements in substantially the same form as Exhibit 10.12, in his capacity as director, with the following subsidiaries of ORBCOMM Inc.: Satcom International Group Plc. and MITE Global Communications S.A. de C.V.

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

The parties to this Employment Agreement (the "Agreement") are Marc Eisenberg (the "Executive"), residing at 890 Colonial Road, Franklin Lakes, New Jersey 07417, and ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), a company organized under the laws of Delaware, with principal offices located at 2115 Linwood Avenue, Suite 100, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024. Effective as of the Start Date (as defined below), this Agreement amends, restates and supersedes in its entirety the Employment Agreement between the Executive and the Company that was effective as of March 31, 2008 (the "2008 Agreement"), except as otherwise provided in Section 7(b) below.

The Company desires to provide for the Executive's continued employment by the Company, and the Executive desires to accept such continued employment under the terms and conditions contained herein, and the parties hereto have agreed as follows:

- 1. <u>Employment</u>. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive shall serve the Company, as Chief Executive Officer, with duties and responsibilities compatible with that position, as such compatible duties and responsibilities are adjusted from time to time in the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Executive agrees to devote his full time, attention, skill, and energy to fulfilling his duties and responsibilities hereunder. The Executive's services shall be performed principally at the Company's headquarters or such other principal location in the eastern United States as the Company shall determine. As set forth in Section 3(g) below, the Company reserves the right to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia.
- 2. <u>Term of Employment</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall commence as of December 31, 2010 (the "Start Date") and shall continue through December 31, 2011 (the "Initial Term"). Upon the expiration of the Initial Term or any extension thereof, the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, shall be automatically extended by twelve (12) additional calendar months through the next December 31st, unless either party hereto notifies the other party in writing at least ninety (90) days in advance of such expiration that he or it does not want such extension to occur (a "Notice of Non-Extension"), in which case the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, will not be further extended and the Executive's employment will terminate upon such expiration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's employment with the Company may be terminated prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or any extended term pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 or 5 below. Hereinafter, the period of the Executive's employment with the Company is referred to as the "Term."
- 3. <u>Compensation</u>. As full compensation for the services provided under this Agreement, the Executive shall be entitled to receive the following compensation during the Term:
 - (a) Base Salary. The Executive shall be entitled to receive an annual base

salary (the "Base Salary") of \$379,600. Any Base Salary increase will be subject to the sole discretion of the Board. Base Salary payments hereunder shall be made in arrears in substantially equal installments (not less frequently than monthly) in accordance with the Company's customary payroll practices for its other executives, as those practices may exist from time to time.

(b) <u>Bonus</u>. For each calendar year beginning with the 2011 calendar year, the Executive shall also be eligible to receive a bonus (the "**Bonus**") equal to up to 140% of Base Salary, determined based on the achievement of performance targets (both financial and qualitative) established each year by the Board. Further, if the Company establishes a bonus plan or program in which the Company's executives are generally permitted to participate, then the Executive shall be entitled to participate in such plan or program. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan or program shall be in accordance with the controlling plan or program documents.

Any Bonus hereunder will be paid during the year following the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid, provided that the Bonus will be paid no earlier than the rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and in any case no later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after such rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and (ii) June 30th of the year following that fiscal year.

In order to receive any Bonus payment for a fiscal year, the Executive must be actively employed on the last day of the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid and not have had his employment terminated with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(d) below prior to the payment of such Bonus.

(c) Employee Benefits. Subject to the Executive satisfying and continuing to satisfy any plan or program eligibility requirements and other terms and conditions of the plan or program, the Executive shall be entitled to receive Company-paid medical and disability insurance, Company-paid term life insurance (which shall provide for a death benefit payable to the Executive's beneficiary), Company-paid holiday and vacation time, and other Company-paid employee benefits (collectively, "Employee Benefits"), at least equivalent to those provided to other senior executives of the Company, and the benefit payable under such term life insurance in any year will not be less than three (3) times the Executive's then-current Base Salary, subject to applicable policy limitations and maximums. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in any profit sharing plan and/or pension plan generally provided for the executives of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, provided that the Executive satisfies any eligibility requirements for participation in any such plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company reserves the right to amend, modify, or terminate, in its sole discretion and consistent with applicable law, any Employee Benefit and any Employee Benefit plan, program or arrangement provided to employees in general.

- (d) Equity Plan Participation. The Executive shall be entitled to participate in any equity incentive plan established by the Company in which the Company's senior executives generally are permitted to participate. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan shall be in accordance with the applicable controlling plan document and/or award agreement. The number and/or price of any equity-based award granted to the Executive shall be determined by the Board.
- (e) Expenses. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with the performance of his duties under this Agreement, upon his presentation of appropriate vouchers and/or documentation covering such expenses. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for all transportation, lodging, food, and other expenses incurred by him in connection with traveling on Company business.
- (f) <u>Automobile</u>. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for up to \$1,200 per month for automobile expenses, including lease, insurance, and maintenance costs.
- (g) Relocation. In the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia, the Company will reimburse the Executive for his reasonable expenses incurred as a result of such relocation (including, without limitation, brokerage fees incurred in connection with selling the Executive's primary residence), as reasonably approved by the Company, provided that the total amount of such reimbursement will not exceed 50% of the Base Salary. Any such reimbursement will be made by the Company within thirty (30) days of the Executive's submission of such expenses for reimbursement (including any supporting documentation requested by the Company). The Executive agrees that he will submit any such reimbursement request, with requested supporting documents, to the Company no later than February 13th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred so that the Company may make such reimbursement no later than March 15th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred.
- (h) <u>Withholdings</u>. All payments made under this Section 3, or any other provision of this Agreement, shall be subject to any and all federal, state, and local taxes and other withholdings to the extent required by applicable law.

4. Termination of Employment.

(a) <u>Disability</u>. If the Executive shall fail or be unable to perform his essential duties under this Agreement for any reason, including a physical or mental disability, with or without reasonable accommodation, for one hundred eighty (180) calendar days during any twelve (12) month period or for one hundred (120) consecutive calendar days, then the Company may, by notice to the Executive, terminate his employment under this Agreement as of the date of the notice. Any such termination shall be made only in accordance with applicable law.

Nothing set forth in this Section 4(a) shall be construed as a waiver by the Executive for seeking an extended leave of absence in excess of said time-frame mentioned above, as a reasonable accommodation under applicable state and/or federal anti-discrimination laws (or the Company's obligation to provide such). Further, nothing contained in this Section 4(a) is to be construed as an admission that any such leave in excess of the said time frame mentioned above is not reasonable as an accommodation. This Section is not to be construed as a waiver of the Executive's right to pursue legal action for any discharge that he deems improper based on a legally protected characteristic (*i.e.*, disability and/or handicap).

- (b) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon his death. However, any and all rights that may exist under this Agreement and/or through any other pertinent plan documents, with respect to vested benefits and/or accrued monetary amounts owed, shall be transitioned, in accordance with the law, to the Executive's beneficiaries.
- (c) <u>Material Change in the Executive's Status</u>. Subject to the notice and cure period set forth in this Section 4(c), the Executive may elect to terminate his employment following (i) a material adverse change in the Executive's status, title, position, or scope of authority or responsibilities (including reporting responsibilities), (ii) the assignment to the Executive of any duties or responsibilities which are materially inconsistent with his status, title, position, authorities, or responsibilities, or (iii) any removal of the Executive from, or failure to reappoint or reelect him to, such position; except in connection with the termination of his employment for "cause" (as defined below). Upon the occurrence of any such material adverse change, but no later than sixty (60) days following the occurrence of any such material adverse change, the Executive shall provide written notice to the Company, reasonably detailing the material adverse change, and the Company shall have thirty (30) days from receipt of such written notice to cure any such material adverse change. If the Company fails to cure such material adverse change within the thirty (30) day cure period, then the Executive may elect to terminate his employment under this Agreement within seven (7) days following the expiration of such cure period.
- (d) <u>Termination by the Company</u>. The Company shall have the right, exercisable at any time in its sole discretion, to terminate the employment of the Executive for any reason whatsoever with or without "cause" (as defined below). However, the Executive's employment shall not be deemed to have been terminated with "cause" unless he shall have received written notice from the Board at or prior to the termination of employment advising him of the specific acts or omissions alleged to constitute "cause" and, in the case of those acts or omissions that are reasonably capable of being corrected, those acts or omissions continue uncorrected after he shall have had a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed fifteen (15) calendar days) to correct them.

As used in this Agreement, termination with "cause" shall mean only the Executive's involuntary termination for reason of (i) the Executive's breach of a fiduciary duty of

loyalty owed to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, (ii) the Executive's conviction of a crime or plea of guilty or no contest to a crime, (iii) the Executive's gross negligence related to the performance of his services under this Agreement, (iv) the Executive's willful misconduct, (v) the Executive's material breach of this Agreement, or (vi) conduct by the Executive beyond the scope of his authority as an officer and employee of the Company, which conduct gives rise to a hearing before any governmental department or agency seeking termination or revocation of any governmental license; but "cause" shall not include matters relating solely to the competence of the Executive in the performance of his duties as an officer and employee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company's failure to achieve any performance level or objective shall not, by itself, constitute "cause" under this Agreement, even if the achievement of such performance level or objective is contained in a directive of the Board.

(e) Termination by the Executive.

- (i) The Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company, provided that he provides the Company with at least two (2) months of advance written notice of such decision. Upon the receipt of such notice from the Executive, the Company may withdraw any and all duties from the Executive and exclude him from the Company's premises during the notice period, during which time the Executive shall continue to paid his Base Salary and continue to be eligible for employee benefits for the remainder of the two-month notice period. The Executive's employment will be terminated formally upon the expiration of such two-month notice period.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Section 4(e)(i) above, in the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia in accordance with Section 3(g) above, such election to be communicated to the Executive in writing, and the Executive elects not to relocate, such decision will be deemed to be a voluntary resignation of employment by the Executive to be effective upon a date to be mutually agreed upon by the parties hereto or, failing such agreement, two (2) months following the date on which the Executive notifies the Company of his decision not to relocate.
- (f) Severance. If the Company terminates the Executive's employment without "cause" pursuant to Section 4(d) above, the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Executive by the Company pursuant to Section 2 above, or the Executive terminates his employment under Section 4(c) above due to a material change in status, then, subject to the Executive's execution of the Release attached hereto as Exhibit A (or in a substantially similar form as the Company deems necessary in order to comply with then applicable law) (the "Release") and the Release becoming effective in accordance with its terms not later than the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment, the Executive shall be entitled (i) to receive, as severance payments, one (1) year of his then Base Salary, payable in accordance with the Company's payroll schedule in effect from time to time (the "Severance Payments"), and (ii) to the extent he is then a participant in the Company's health insurance plan and eligible for benefits under plan terms, and only if the

benefit under this clause (ii) does not cause the Company to fail to satisfy the requirements of, or be in violation of, Section 2716 of the Public Health Service Act or Section 9815 of the Internal Revenue Code, to continued health insurance coverage for one (1) year immediately following such termination at then existing employee contribution rates, which the Executive shall pay (such continued coverage to run concurrently with any continued coverage obligation under the federal law known as COBRA or any state equivalent) (such severance payments and continued health insurance coverage being the Executive's sole entitlement upon any such termination). Subject to the last paragraph of this Section 4(f), the Severance Payments will begin to be paid on the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment. Subject only to the Executive's delivery of an executed Release and such Release becoming effective within the provided sixty-day period, the Company's obligation under this Section 4(f) shall be absolute and unconditional, and the Executive shall be entitled to such severance benefits regardless of the amount of compensation and benefits the Executive may earn or be entitled to with respect to any other employment he may obtain during the period for which severance payments are payable.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(e)(ii) above, the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, the preceding paragraph as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause." Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, (i) any severance payable as a result of a termination pursuant to Section 4(e)(ii) above shall be in an amount equal to three (3) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in the preceding paragraph and shall be payable over a three-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth in the preceding paragraph, and (ii) any continued health insurance coverage at then existing employee contribution rates shall be for three (3) months in lieu of the one (1) year set forth in the preceding paragraph.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(a) or 4(b) above, if the Company terminates the Executive's employment with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(d) above, if the Executive terminates his employment pursuant to Section 4(e)(i) above (but not pursuant to Section 4(e)(ii) above), or if the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Company by the Executive, then the Executive shall not be entitled to any further payments under this Agreement, including Base Salary, Bonus, Employee Benefits, or severance, except as otherwise required by applicable law, including the payment of any amounts owed to the Executive and any obligation that the Company may have to offer the Executive continued benefit plan participation.

To the extent that any amount payable under this Agreement constitutes an amount payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter, "Code Section 409A")) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A, and such amount is payable as a result of a "separation from service" (as defined

in Code Section 409A), including any amount payable under this Section 4 or Section 5 below, then, notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, such payment will not be made to the Executive until the day after the date that is six months following his separation from service (the "Specified Employee Payment Date"), but only if, as of his separation from service, he is a "specified employee" under Code Section 409A and any relevant procedures that the Company may establish. For the avoidance of doubt, on the Specified Employee Payment Date, the Executive will be paid in a single lump sum all payments that otherwise would have been made to him under this Agreement during the six-month period but were not because of this paragraph. This paragraph will not be applicable after the Executive's death.

5. Change of Control. If a "Change of Control" occurs, then the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits upon the termination of his employment thereafter in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, Section 4(f) above as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause," unless the successor or transferee entity continues the Executive's employment on substantially equivalent terms. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, (i) any severance payable as a result of this Section 5 shall be in an amount equal to eighteen (18) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in Section 4(f) above and shall be payable over an eighteen-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth under Section 4(f) above, and (ii) any continued health insurance coverage at then existing employee contribution rates shall be for eighteen (18) months in lieu of the one (1) year set forth under Section 4(f) above. This Agreement shall be binding on any and all successors and/or assigns of the Company, and the Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement in connection with a Change of Control to the successor or transferee entity without the Executive's consent.

"Change of Control" means (a) the Company's merger or consolidation with another corporation or entity, (b) the Company's transfer of all or substantially all of its assets to another person, corporation, or other entity, or (c) a sale of the Company's stock in a single transaction or series of related transactions that results in the holders of the outstanding voting power of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions owning less than a majority of the outstanding voting securities for the election of directors of the surviving company or entity immediately following such transaction or series of transactions (other than any registered, underwritten public offering by the Company of the Company's stock or pursuant to any stock-based compensation plan of the Company).

6. Obligations of the Executive.

(a) <u>Protectable Interests of the Company</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has played and will continue to play an important role in establishing the goodwill of the Company and its related entities, including relationships with clients, employees, and suppliers. The Executive further acknowledges that over the course of his employment with the Company,

he has and will continue to (i) develop special relationships with clients, employees, and/or suppliers, and/or (ii) be privy to Confidential Information (as defined below). As such, the Executive agrees to the restrictions below in order to protect such interests on behalf of the Company, which restrictions the parties hereto agree to be reasonable and necessary to protect such interests.

- (b) Non-Competition. During the Executive's employment and for the one (1) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party, (i) engage in any business activity, (ii) provide professional services to another person or entity (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise), or (iii) become a partner, member, principal, or stockholder having a 10% or greater interest in any entity, but in each such case, only to the extent that such activity, person or entity is in competition with the Business. For purposes of this Section 6(b) and Section 6(c) below, "Business" shall mean the business of offering wireless data communication services, including for the purpose of tracking and/or monitoring fixed or mobile assets, the business of designing, manufacturing or distributing modems that operate on such services, or any other business in which the Company is materially engaged during the six (6) month period immediately preceding the Executive's termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 6(b) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.
- (c) Non-Solicitation. During the Executive's employment and for the two (2) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) solicit any business or contracts, or enter into any business or contract, directly or indirectly, with any supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company that (A) was a supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company at, or within six (6) months prior to, the termination of Executive's employment, or (B) was a prospective supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Business at the time of the Executive's termination of employment, and in either case, for purposes of engaging in an activity that is in competition with the Business; or (ii) solicit or recruit, directly or indirectly, any of the Company's or its subsidiaries' employees, or any individuals who were employed by the Company's or its subsidiaries' within three (3) months prior to the termination of the Executive's employment, for employment or engagement (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise) with a person or entity involved in marketing or selling products or services competitive with the Business. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 6(c) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.

Notwithstanding prior paragraphs (b) and (c), the following shall not be deemed to be a violation of the Executive's non-competition and non-solicitation covenants: (i) the

Executive becoming employed by an entity whose principal business is the retail sale of electronic equipment; (ii) the Executive becoming employed by an entity that is a corporate affiliate of the Company; and (iii) the Executive holding a minority position (less than 10% interest) in any private investment or making any investment in public securities.

(d) <u>Confidential Information</u>. The Executive acknowledges that during the course of his employment with the Company, he has had and will continue to have access to information about the Company, and its clients and suppliers, that is confidential and/or proprietary in nature, and that belongs to the Company. As such, at all times, both during his employment and thereafter, the Executive will hold in the strictest confidence, and not use or attempt to use except for the benefit of the Company, and not disclose to any other person or entity (without the prior written authorization of the Company) any Confidential Information (as defined below). Notwithstanding anything contained in this Section 6(d), the Executive will be permitted to disclose any Confidential Information to the extent required by validly issued legal process or court order, provided that the Executive notifies the Company immediately of any such legal process or court order in an effort to allow the Company to challenge such legal process or court order, if the Company so elects, prior to the Executive's disclosure of any Confidential Information.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" means any confidential or proprietary information which belongs to the Company, or any of its clients or suppliers, including without limitation, technical data, market data, trade secrets, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, other intellectual property, know-how, research, business plans, product information, projects, services, client lists and information, client preferences, client transactions, supplier lists and information, supplier rates, software, hardware, technology, inventions, developments, processes, formulas, designs, drawings, marketing methods and strategies, pricing strategies, sales methods, financial information, revenue figures, account information, credit information, financing arrangements, and other information disclosed to the Executive by the Company or otherwise obtained by the Executive during the course of his employment, directly or indirectly, and whether in writing, orally, or by electronic records, drawings, pictures, or inspection of tangible property. "Confidential Information" does not include any of the foregoing information which has entered the public domain other than by a breach of this Agreement or the breach of any other obligation to maintain confidentiality of which the Executive is aware.

(e) <u>Return of Company Property</u>. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company (whether upon the expiration of the Term or otherwise), or at any time during such employment upon request by the Company, the Executive will promptly deliver to the Company and not keep in his possession, recreate, or deliver to any other person or entity, any and all property which belongs to the Company, or which belongs to any other third party and is in the Executive's possession as a result of his employment with the Company, including without limitation, computer hardware and software, palm pilots, pagers, cell phones, other electronic equipment, records, data, client lists and

information, supplier lists and information, notes, reports, correspondence, financial information, account information, product information, files, and other documents and information, including any and all copies of the foregoing.

- (f) Ownership of Property. The Executive acknowledges that all inventions, innovations, improvements, developments, methods, processes, programs, designs, analyses, drawings, reports and all similar or related information (whether or not patentable) that relate to the Company's or any of its affiliates' actual or anticipated business, research, and development, or existing or future products or services, and that are conceived, developed, contributed to, made, or reduced to practice by Executive (either solely or jointly with others) while engaged by the Company or any of its affiliates (including any of the foregoing that constitutes any Confidential Information) ("Work Product") belong to the Company or such affiliate, and the Executive hereby assigns, and agrees to assign, all of the above Work Product to the Company or such affiliate.
- (g) <u>Judicial Modification</u>. The Executive acknowledges that it is the intent of the parties hereto that the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 6 be enforced to the fullest extent permissible under the laws of the State of New Jersey. If any of the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 6 is for any reason held by a court to be excessively broad as to duration, activity, geographical scope, or subject, then, for purposes of that jurisdiction, such restriction shall be construed, "blue penciled" or judicially modified so as to thereafter be limited or reduced to the extent required to be enforceable in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey (or other applicable law in the event that New Jersey law is not being applied).
- (h) Equitable Relief. The Executive acknowledges that the remedy at law for his breach of this Section 6 will be inadequate, and that the damages flowing from such breach will not be readily susceptible to being measured in monetary terms. Accordingly, upon a violation of any part of this Section 6, the Company shall be entitled to immediate injunctive relief (or other equitable relief) from any court with proper jurisdiction and may obtain a temporary order restraining any further violation. No bond or other security shall be required in obtaining such equitable relief, and the Executive hereby consents to the issuance of such equitable relief. Nothing in this Section 6(h) shall be deemed to limit the Company's remedies at law or in equity for any breach by the Executive of any of the parts of this Section 6 which may be pursued or availed of by the Company.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice or other communication under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be considered given when delivered personally or five days after mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Executive and the Company at their respective addresses set forth above (or at such other address as a party may specify by notice to the other).

(b) Entire Agreement; Amendment. This Agreement contains a complete statement of all of the arrangements between the Executive and the Company with respect to the employment of the Executive by the Company and the Executive's compensation for such employment, and supersedes all previous agreements, arrangements and understandings, written or oral, relating thereto other than any existing equity award agreements previously executed by the parties hereto. Effective as of the Start Date, this Agreement supersedes and replaces in its entirety the 2008 Agreement, provided that any obligations of the Executive under the 2008 Agreement applicable to the time period before the Start Date (such as the Executive's obligation to keep certain information confidential) shall survive and remain enforceable. This Agreement may not be amended except by a written agreement signed by the Company and the Executive

The intent of the parties hereto is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event that amendments to this Agreement are necessary in order to comply with Code Section 409A or to minimize or eliminate any income inclusion and penalties under Code Section 409A (*e.g.*, under any document or operational correction program), the Company and the Executive agree to negotiate in good faith the applicable terms of such amendments and to implement such negotiated amendments, on a prospective and/or retroactive basis, as needed. Further, a termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts that are payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Code Section 409A) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A unless such termination of employment is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "employment termination," "termination of employment," "termination date," "employment termination date," or like term shall mean "separation from service" or the date of the "separation from service," as applicable.

- (c) <u>Severability</u>. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, or the application of any provision to the Executive or the Company, is held to be unlawful or unenforceable by any court or arbitrator, then the remaining portions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be invalidated or impaired in any manner.
- (d) <u>Waiver</u>. No waiver by any party hereto of any breach of any term or covenant in this Agreement, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such breach, or a waiver of any other term or covenant contained in this Agreement.
- (e) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of New Jersey applicable to agreements made and to be performed in New Jersey.

(f) Jurisdiction and Venue. The courts of the State of New York located in New York City and the United States District Court for the Southern District
of New York shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the parties with respect to any dispute or controversy between them arising under or in connection with this
Agreement and the parties agree that such courts are an appropriate venue.

(g) Legal Costs. If either party commences legal action to enforce any of its or his rights under this Agreement and substantially prevails (as determined by the trier of fact) in that action, then the non-prevailing party shall reimburse the prevailing party for the legal fees and other costs and expenses incurred by the prevailing party in connection with the action, provided that (a) any amount reimbursed to the Executive in any one year will not affect the amount reimbursed to the Executive in any other year, (b) any amount reimbursed to the Executive may be made no later than the end of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred, and (c) this right to reimbursement is not subject to liquidation by the Executive for cash or exchange by the Executive for any other benefit. The Executive's right to reimbursement set forth in the prior sentence is limited to expenses incurred by him during his employment with the Company and during the five-year period immediately thereafter. No damages or other amounts owing to the Executive hereunder shall be reduced by any earnings from any subsequent employment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this document as of the day of November, 2010 to be effective as of the Start Date. ORBCOMM Inc. Marc Eisenberg By: Name: Title:

EXHIBIT A — GENERAL RELEASE

FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION OF the severance benefits set forth in the employment agreement to which this General Release is attached, I, Marc Eisenberg, agree, on behalf of myself, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, except as otherwise provided in this General Release, to release and discharge ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), and its current and former officers, directors, employees, agents, owners, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, parents, successors, and assigns (the "Released Parties") from any and all manner of actions and causes of action, suits, debts, dues, accounts, bonds, covenants, contracts, agreements, judgments, charges, claims, and demands whatsoever ("Losses") which I, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns have, or may hereafter have, against the Released Parties or any of them arising out of or by reason of any cause, matter, or thing whatsoever from the beginning of the world to the date hereof, including without limitation, my employment agreement, my employment by the Company and the cessation thereof, and all matters arising under any federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation, or principle of contract law or common law, including but not limited to, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2101 et seq., the National Labor Relations Act of 1935, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 151 et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq., Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 et seq. (the "ADEA"), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000ff et seq., the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq., the Virginia Human Rights Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 2.1-714 et seq., the Virginia Persons with Disabilities Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 51.5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 10:5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 34:19-8 et seq., any federal, state, or local "whistleblower" law, and any other equivalent federal, state, or local statute; provided that I do not release or discharge the Released Parties (1) from any Losses arising under the ADEA which arise after the date on which I execute this General Release, or (2) from any rights that I may have to be indemnified by the Company for any acts or omissions by me made in the course of my role as an officer and employee of the Company. It is understood that nothing in this General Release is to be construed as an admission on behalf of the Released Parties of any wrongdoing with respect to me, any such wrongdoing being expressly denied.

I represent and warrant that I fully understand the terms of this General Release, that I have had the benefit of advice of counsel or have knowingly waived such advice, and that I knowingly and voluntarily, of my own free will, without any duress, being fully informed, and after due deliberation, accepts its terms and sign the same as my own free act. I understand that as a result of executing this General Release, I will not have the right to assert that the Company violated any of my rights in connection with my employment, greenent, my employment, or with the termination of such employment.

I affirm that I have not filed, and agree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to initiate or cause to be initiated on my behalf, any complaint,
charge, claim, or proceeding against the Released Parties before any federal, state, or local agency, court, or other body relating to my employment agreement,
my employment, or the cessation thereof, and agree not to voluntarily participate in such a proceeding. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, to the extent that
applicable law does not permit me to waive my right to file such a complaint, charge, or claim, I hereby waive my right to, and agree, to the maximum extent
permitted by law, not to, seek, receive, collect, or benefit from any monetary or other compensatory settlement, award, judgment, or other resolution (including
a resolution that would otherwise provide for my reinstatement to employment) of any complaint, charge, or claim that any agency or other body pursues
against any of the Released Parties, whether pursued solely on my behalf or on behalf of a greater class of individuals. However, nothing in this General
Release shall preclude or prevent me from filing a claim with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission that challenges the validity of this General
Release solely with respect to my waiver of any Losses arising under the ADEA.

1 1	ver of any Losses arising under the ADE	A.
consideration period. I understand tha execution of this General Release. In t delivering such written notice to him General Release shall become bind	upon my execution of this General Release event of revocation, I must present wrat If sev	er to execute this General Release. I understand that I may waive such 21-day ease, I will have seven (7) days after such execution in which I may revoke my itten notice of such revocation to the General Counsel at the Company by en (7) days pass without receipt of such written notice of revocation, this he "Release Effective Date"). This General Release shall be governed by the neighbor.
Marc Eisenberg	Date	
STATE OF)	
COUNTY OF	: ss.:)	
1	satisfactory evidence to be the individua	the undersigned, personally appeared MARC EISENBERG, personally known whose name is subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged to me trument he executed such instrument, and that such individual made such
	-	Notary Public

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

The parties to this Employment Agreement (the "Agreement") are John Stolte (the "Executive"), residing at 11860 Trailside Turn, Nokesville, Virginia 20181, and ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), a company organized under the laws of Delaware, with offices located at 22265 Pacific Boulevard, Dulles, Virginia 20166. Effective as of the Start Date (as defined below), this Agreement amends, restates and supersedes in its entirety the Employment Agreement between the Executive and the Company that was effective as of March 31, 2008 (the "2008 Agreement"), except as otherwise provided in Section 8(b) below.

The Company desires to provide for the Executive's continued employment by the Company, and the Executive desires to accept such continued employment under the terms and conditions contained herein, and the parties hereto have agreed as follows:

- 1. **Employment**. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive shall serve the Company, as Executive Vice President Technology and Operations, with duties and responsibilities compatible with that position. The Executive agrees to devote his full time, attention, skill, and energy to fulfilling his duties and responsibilities hereunder. The Executive's services shall be performed principally at the Company's offices in Virginia or such other location in the eastern United States as the Company shall determine.
- 2. Term of Employment. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall commence as of December 31, 2010 (the "Start Date") and shall continue through December 31, 2011 (the "Initial Term"). Upon the expiration of the Initial Term or any extension thereof, the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, shall be automatically extended by twelve (12) additional calendar months through the next December 31st, unless either party hereto notifies the other party in writing at least ninety (90) days in advance of such expiration that he or it does not want such extension to occur (a "Notice of Non-Extension"), in which case the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, will not be further extended and the Executive's employment will terminate upon such expiration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's employment with the Company may be terminated prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or any extended term pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 or 5 below. Hereinafter, the period of the Executive's employment with the Company is referred to as the "Term."
- 3. <u>Compensation</u>. As full compensation for the services provided under this Agreement, the Executive shall be entitled to receive the following compensation during the Term:
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to receive an annual base salary (the "Base Salary") of \$245,700. Any Base Salary increase will be subject to the sole discretion of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"). Base Salary payments hereunder shall be made in arrears in substantially equal installments (not less frequently than monthly) in accordance with the Company's customary payroll practices for its other executives, as those

practices may exist from time to time.

(b) <u>Bonus</u>. For each calendar year, the Executive shall also be eligible to receive a bonus (the "**Bonus**") equal to up to 75% of Base Salary, determined based on the achievement of performance targets (both financial and qualitative) established each year by the Board. In order to receive such a Bonus, if any, the Executive must be actively employed by the Company on the last day of the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid and not have had his employment terminated with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) below prior to the payment of such Bonus. Further, if the Company establishes a bonus plan or program in which the Company's executives are generally permitted to participate, then the Executive shall be entitled to participate in such plan or program. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan or program shall be in accordance with the controlling plan or program documents.

Any Bonus hereunder will be paid during the year following the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid, provided that the Bonus will be paid no earlier than the rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and in any case no later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after such rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and (ii) June 30th of the year following that fiscal year.

- (c) Employee Benefits. Subject to the Executive satisfying and continuing to satisfy any plan or program eligibility requirements and other terms and conditions of the plan or program, the Executive shall be entitled to receive Company-paid medical and disability insurance, Company-paid term life insurance (which shall provide for a death benefit payable to the Executive's beneficiary), Company-paid holiday and vacation time, and other Company-paid employee benefits (collectively, "Employee Benefits"), equivalent to those benefits provided to the Company's executives generally, subject to applicable policy limitations and maximums. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in any profit sharing plan and/or pension plan generally provided for the executives of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, provided that the Executive satisfies any eligibility requirements for participation in any such plan. To the extent the Company maintains a director's and officer's liability insurance policy, the Executive shall be covered by such policy to the same extent as the Company's other senior officers (however, nothing in this Agreement shall require the Company to maintain such a policy). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company reserves the right to amend, modify, or terminate, in its sole discretion and consistent with applicable law, any Employee Benefit and any Employee Benefit plan, program or arrangement provided to employees in general.
- (d) Equity Plan Participation. The Executive shall be entitled to participate in any equity incentive plan established by the Company in which the Company's executives generally are permitted to participate. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan shall be in accordance with the applicable controlling plan document and/or award agreement. The number and/or price of any equity-based award granted to the Executive shall be determined by the Board.

- (e) Expenses. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with the performance of his duties under this Agreement upon his presentation of appropriate vouchers and/or documentation covering such expenses. In the event that the Company requires the Executive to make weekly trips of greater than 200 miles (e.g., to the Company's offices in New Jersey), then, instead of (and not in addition to) having those travel expenses reimbursed pursuant to usual Company policy, the Company will provide the Executive with a \$600 monthly car allowance.
- (f) <u>Withholdings</u>. All payments made under this Section 3, or any other provision of this Agreement, shall be subject to any and all federal, state, and local taxes and other withholdings to the extent required by applicable law.

4. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Absence. If the Executive shall fail or be unable to perform his essential duties under this Agreement for any reason, including a physical or mental disability, with or without reasonable accommodation, for one hundred eighty (180) calendar days during any twelve (12) month period or for one hundred (120) consecutive calendar days, then the Company may, by notice to the Executive, terminate his employment under this Agreement as of the date of the notice. Any such termination shall be made only in accordance with applicable law.
 - (b) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon his death.
- (c) <u>Termination by the Company</u>. The Company shall have the right, exercisable at any time in its sole discretion, to terminate the employment of the Executive for any reason whatsoever with or without "cause" (as defined below). The Executive's employment shall not be deemed to have been terminated with "cause" unless and until (a) he shall have received written notice from the Company advising him of the specific acts or omissions alleged to constitute "cause" and (b) in the case of (i) negligence by the Executive in the performance of his duties, or (ii) the Executive's material breach of this Agreement, those acts or omissions continue uncorrected for fifteen (15) days after he shall have received written notice to correct them.

As used in this Agreement, termination with "cause" shall mean only the Executive's involuntary termination for reason of: (i) negligence by the Executive in the performance of his duties; (ii) embezzlement by the Executive from the Company; (iii) conviction of, or plea of guilty or no contest to, a felony; (iv) any action or omission by the Executive that is injurious to the financial condition or business reputation of the Company; or (v) the Executive's material breach of this Agreement.

(d) <u>Termination by the Executive</u>. The Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company by providing at least two (2) months of advance written notice of such decision. Upon the receipt of such notice from the Executive, the

Company may in its sole discretion accelerate such two-month period in order to make such termination effective sooner, and/or may withdraw any and all duties from the Executive and exclude him from the Company's premises during the notice period.

(e) Severance. If the Company terminates the Executive's employment pusuant to Section 4(a) above, the Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to Section 4(b) above, the Company terminates the Executive's employment without "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) above, or the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Executive by the Company pursuant to Section 2 above, then, subject to the Executive's (or, if applicable, his estate's) execution of the Release attached hereto as Exhibit A (or in a substantially similar form as the Company deems necessary in order to comply with then applicable law) (the "Release") and the Release becoming effective in accordance with its terms not later than the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment, the Executive shall be entitled to receive, as severance payments (such severance payments being the Executive's sole entitlement upon any such termination), one (1) year of his then Base Salary, payable in accordance with the Company's payroll schedule in effect from time to time. Subject to the last paragraph of this Section 4(e), such severance payments will begin to be paid on the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment. Subject only to the Executive's delivery of an executed Release and such Release becoming effective within the provided sixty-day period, the Company's obligation under this Section 4(e) shall be absolute and unconditional, and the Executive shall be entitled to such severance payments regardless of the amount of compensation the Executive may earn or be entitled to with respect to any other employment he may obtain during the period for which severance payments are payable.

If the Company terminates the Executive's employment with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) above, if the Executive terminates his employment pursuant to Section 4(d) above, or if the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Company by the Executive, then the Executive shall not be entitled to any further payments under this Agreement, including Base Salary, Bonus, Employee Benefits, or severance after the date of termination, but the Executive shall be entitled to all Base Salary, Bonus and Employee Benefits that have accrued prior to the effective date of such termination.

To the extent that any amount payable under this Agreement constitutes an amount payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter, "Code Section 409A")) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A, and such amount is payable as a result of a "separation from service" (as defined in Code Section 409A), including any amount payable under this Section 4 or Section 5 below, then, notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, such payment will not be made to the Executive until the day after the date that is six months following his separation from service (the "Specified Employee Payment Date"), but only if, as of his separation from service, he is a "specified employee" under Code Section 409A and any relevant procedures that the Company may establish. For the avoidance of doubt, on the Specified Employee Payment Date, the Executive will be paid in a single lump sum all payments that

otherwise would have been made to him under this Agreement during the six-month period but were not because of this paragraph. This paragraph will not be applicable after the Executive's death.

5. Change of Control. If a "Change of Control" occurs, then the Executive shall be entitled to severance payments upon the termination of his employment thereafter in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, Section 4(e) above as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause," unless the successor or transferee entity continues the Executive's employment on substantially equivalent terms. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, any severance payable as a result of this Section 5 shall be in an amount equal to eighteen (18) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in Section 4(e) above and shall be payable over an eighteen-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth under Section 4(e) above. This Agreement shall be binding on any and all successors and/or assigns of the Company, and the Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement in connection with a Change of Control to the successor or transferee entity without the Executive's consent.

"Change of Control" means (a) the Company's merger or consolidation with another corporation or entity, (b) the Company's transfer of all or substantially all of its assets to another person, corporation, or other entity, or (c) a sale of the Company's stock in a single transaction or series of related transactions that results in the holders of the outstanding voting power of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions owning less than a majority of the outstanding voting securities for the election of directors of the surviving company or entity immediately following such transaction or series of transactions (other than any registered, underwritten public offering by the Company of the Company's stock or pursuant to any stock-based compensation plan of the Company).

6. <u>Arbitration</u>. Except as provided in Section 7(h) below, any dispute or controversy between the parties hereto, whether during the Term or thereafter, including without limitation, any and all matters relating to this Agreement, the Executive's employment with the Company and the cessation thereof, shall be settled by arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") in Washington, DC pursuant to the AAA's National Rules for the Resolution of Employment Disputes (or their equivalent), which arbitration shall be confidential, final, and binding to the fullest extent permitted by law. The parties agree to waive their right to a trial by jury and agree that they will not make a demand, request or motion for a trial by jury or court. This agreement to arbitrate shall be binding upon the heirs, successors, and assigns and any trustee, receiver, or executor of each party. A party shall initiate the arbitration process by delivering a written notice of such party's intention to arbitrate to the other party at the address set forth above and by filing the appropriate notice with the AAA. The parties shall select an arbitrator by mutual agreement, within thirty (30) days after the written notice of intention to arbitrate is received, from a list of eligible arbitrators received from the AAA who are on its Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). If the parties fail to

agree on an arbitrator, the AAA Administrator or his/her delegate shall select an arbitrator, who is a member of the AAA's Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). There shall be one arbitrator. The arbitrator shall have the authority to resolve all issues in dispute, including the arbitrator's own jurisdiction, whether any dispute must be arbitrated hereunder, and whether this Section 6 is void or voidable, and to award compensatory remedies and other remedies permitted by law. The arbitrator shall decide the matters in dispute in accordance with the governing law provisions of this Agreement, except that the parties agree that this agreement to arbitrate shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1, et seq. The award of the arbitrator shall be final and shall be the sole and exclusive remedy between the parties regarding any claims, counterclaims, issues, or accountings. The arbitrator in any such dispute shall have discretion to award attorneys' fees and costs as part of any resolution of a claim arising under this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided by the arbitrator or applicable law, each party hereto shall be responsible for paying its own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with any dispute between the parties. To the extent inconsistent with the form of arbitration agreement that the Company's employees generally are required to enter into, including the Executive, this arbitration provision shall control. Otherwise, to the extent compatible, effect shall be given to both this arbitration provision and the Company's form of arbitration agreement that the Executive has executed or will be required to execute.

7. Obligations of the Executive.

- (a) <u>Protectable Interests of the Company</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has played and will continue to play an important role in establishing the goodwill of the Company and its related entities, including relationships with clients, employees, and suppliers. The Executive further acknowledges that over the course of his employment with the Company, he has and will continue to (i) develop special relationships with clients, employees, and/or suppliers, and/or (ii) be privy to Confidential Information (as defined below). As such, the Executive agrees to the restrictions below in order to protect such interests on behalf of the Company, which restrictions the parties hereto agree to be reasonable and necessary to protect such interests.
- (b) Non-Competition. During the Executive's employment and for the one (1) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party, (i) engage in any business activity, (ii) provide professional services to another person or entity (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise), or (iii) become a partner, member, principal, or stockholder having a 10% or greater interest in any entity, but in each such case, only to the extent that such activity, person, or entity is in competition with the Business. For purposes of this Section 7(b) and Section 7(c) below, "Business" shall mean the business of offering wireless data communication services, including for the purpose of tracking and/or monitoring fixed or mobile assets, the business of designing, manufacturing or distributing modems that operate on such services, or any other business in which the Company is materially engaged during the six (6) month period

immediately preceding the Executive's termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 7(b) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.

- (c) Non-Solicitation. During the Executive's employment and for the two (2) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) solicit any business or contract, or enter into any business or contract, directly or indirectly, with any supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company that (A) was a supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company at, or within six (6) months prior to, the termination of Executive's employment, or (B) was a prospective supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Business at the time of the Executive's termination of employment, and in either case, for purposes of engaging in an activity that is in competition with the Business; or (ii) solicit or recruit, directly or indirectly, any of the Company's or its subsidiaries' employees, or any individuals who were employed by the Company's or its subsidiaries' within six (6) months prior to the termination of the Executive's employment, for employment or engagement (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise) with a person or entity involved in marketing or selling products or services competitive with the Business. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 7(c) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.
- (d) <u>Confidential Information</u>. The Executive acknowledges that during the course of his employment with the Company, he has had and will continue to have access to information about the Company, and its clients and suppliers, that is confidential and/or proprietary in nature, and which belongs to the Company. As such, at all times, both during his employment and thereafter, the Executive will hold in the strictest confidence, and not use or attempt to use except for the benefit of the Company, and not disclose to any other person or entity (without the prior written authorization of the Company) any Confidential Information (as defined below). Notwithstanding anything contained in this Section 7(d), the Executive will be permitted to disclose any Confidential Information to the extent required by validly issued legal process or court order, provided that the Executive notifies the Company immediately of any such legal process or court order in an effort to allow the Company to challenge such legal process or court order, if the Company so elects, prior to the Executive's disclosure of any Confidential Information.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" means any confidential or proprietary information which belongs to the Company, or any of its clients or suppliers, including without limitation, technical data, market data, trade secrets, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, other intellectual property, know-how, research, business plans, product information, projects, services, client lists and information, client preferences, client

transactions, supplier lists and information, supplier rates, software, hardware, technology, inventions, developments, processes, formulas, designs, drawings, marketing methods and strategies, pricing strategies, sales methods, financial information, revenue figures, account information, credit information, financing arrangements, and other information disclosed to the Executive by the Company or otherwise obtained by the Executive during the course of his employment, directly or indirectly, and whether in writing, orally, or by electronic records, drawings, pictures, or inspection of tangible property. "Confidential Information" does not include any of the foregoing information which has entered the public domain other than by a breach of this Agreement or the breach of any other obligation to maintain confidentiality of which the Executive is aware.

- (e) <u>Return of Company Property</u>. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company (whether upon the expiration of the Term or otherwise), or at any time during such employment upon request by the Company, the Executive will promptly deliver to the Company and not keep in his possession, recreate, or deliver to any other person or entity, any and all property which belongs to the Company, or which belongs to any other third party and is in the Executive's possession as a result of his employment with the Company, including without limitation, computer hardware and software, palm pilots, pagers, cell phones, other electronic equipment, records, data, client lists and information, supplier lists and information, notes, reports, correspondence, financial information, account information, product information, files, and other documents and information, including any and all copies of the foregoing.
- (f) Ownership of Property. The Executive acknowledges that all inventions, innovations, improvements, developments, methods, processes, programs, designs, analyses, drawings, reports, and all similar or related information (whether or not patentable) that relate to the Company's or any of its affiliates' actual or anticipated business, research, and development, or existing or future products or services, and that are conceived, developed, contributed to, made, or reduced to practice by Executive (either solely or jointly with others) while engaged by the Company or any of its affiliates (including any of the foregoing that constitutes any Confidential Information) ("Work Product") belong to the Company or such affiliate, and the Executive hereby assigns, and agrees to assign, all of the above Work Product to the Company or such affiliate.
- (g) <u>Judicial Modification</u>. The Executive acknowledges that it is the intent of the parties hereto that the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 7 be enforced to the fullest extent permissible under the laws of each jurisdiction in which enforcement is sought. If any of the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 7 is for any reason held by an arbitrator or court to be excessively broad as to duration, activity, geographical scope, or subject, then, for purposes of that jurisdiction, such restriction shall be construed, "blue penciled" or judicially modified so as to thereafter be limited or reduced to the extent required to be enforceable in accordance with applicable law.

- (h) Equitable Relief. The Executive acknowledges that the remedy at law for his breach of this Section 7 will be inadequate, and that the damages flowing from such breach will not be readily susceptible to being measured in monetary terms. Accordingly, upon a violation of any part of this Section 7, the Company shall be entitled to immediate injunctive relief (or other equitable relief) from any court with proper jurisdiction and may obtain a temporary order restraining any further violation. No bond or other security shall be required in obtaining such equitable relief, and the Executive hereby consents to the issuance of such equitable relief. Nothing in this Section 7(h) shall be deemed to limit the Company's remedies at law or in equity for any breach by the Executive of any of the parts of this Section 7 which may be pursued or availed of by the Company.
- (i) <u>Severance Payments</u>. If the Company fails to make severance payments to the Executive that are required under Section 4(e) above, then the provisions of Sections 7(b) and 7(c) above shall automatically terminate and shall no longer be binding upon the Executive after the date that the Company fails to make any severance payments required under Section 4(e) above. Nothing in this Section 7(i) shall be deemed to limit the Executive's remedies at law or equity for any breach by the Company of its obligation to make severance payments pursuant to Section 4(e) above.

8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice or other communication under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be considered given when delivered personally or five (5) days after mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Executive and the Company at their respective addresses set forth above (or at such other address as a party may specify by notice to the other).
- (b) Entire Agreement; Amendment. This Agreement contains a complete statement of all of the arrangements between the Executive and the Company with respect to the employment of the Executive by the Company and the Executive's compensation for such employment, and supersedes all previous agreements, arrangements, and understandings, written or oral, relating thereto other than any existing equity award agreements previously executed by the parties hereto. Effective as of the Start Date, this Agreement supersedes and replaces in its entirety the 2008 Agreement, provided that any obligations of the Executive under the 2008 Agreement applicable to the time period before the Start Date (such as the Executive's obligation to keep certain information confidential) shall survive and remain enforceable.

This Agreement may not be amended except by a written agreement signed by the Company and the Executive. The intent of the parties hereto is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event that amendments to this Agreement are necessary in order to comply with Code Section 409A or to minimize or

eliminate any income inclusion and penalties under Code Section 409A (e.g., under any document or operational correction program), the Company and the Executive agree to negotiate in good faith the applicable terms of such amendments and to implement such negotiated amendments, on a prospective and/or retroactive basis, as needed. Further, a termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts that are payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Code Section 409A) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A unless such termination of employment is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "employment termination," "termination of employment," "termination date," "employment termination date," or like term shall mean "separation from service" or the date of the "separation from service," as applicable.

- (c) <u>Severability</u>. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, or the application of any provision to the Executive or the Company, is held to be unlawful or unenforceable by any court or arbitrator, then the remaining portions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be invalidated or impaired in any manner.
- (d) <u>Waiver</u>. No waiver by any party hereto of any breach of any term or covenant in this Agreement, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such breach, or a waiver of any other term or covenant contained in this Agreement.
- (e) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the Commonwealth of Virginia applicable to agreements made and to be performed in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed the	his document as of the day of November, 2010 to be effective as of the Start Date.
	ORBCOMM INC.
	By: Name: Title:
	John Stolte

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EXHIBIT A — GENERAL RELEASE

FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION OF the severance benefits set forth in the employment agreement to which this General Release is attached, I, John Stolte, agree, on behalf of myself, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, except as otherwise provided in this General Release, to release and discharge ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), and its current and former officers, directors, employees, agents, owners, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, parents, successors, and assigns (the "Released Parties") from any and all manner of actions and causes of action, suits, debts, dues, accounts, bonds, covenants, contracts, agreements, judgments, charges, claims, and demands whatsoever ("Losses") which I, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns have, or may hereafter have, against the Released Parties or any of them arising out of or by reason of any cause, matter, or thing whatsoever from the beginning of the world to the date hereof, including without limitation, my employment agreement (except as provided below), my employment by the Company and the cessation thereof, and all matters arising under any federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation, or principle of contract law or common law, including but not limited to, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2101 et seq., the National Labor Relations Act of 1935, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 151 et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq., Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 et seg. (the "ADEA"), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000ff et seq., the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq., the Virginia Human Rights Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 2.1-714 et seq., the Virginia Persons with Disabilities Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 51.5-1 et seg., any federal, state, or local "whistleblower" law, and any other equivalent federal, state, or local statute; provided that I do not release or discharge the Released Parties (1) from any Losses arising under the ADEA which arise after the date on which I execute this General Release or (2) from any rights that I may have to be indemnified by the Company for any acts or omissions by me made in the course of my role as an officer and employee of the Company. It is understood that nothing in this General Release is to be construed as an admission on behalf of the Released Parties of any wrongdoing with respect to me, any such wrongdoing being expressly denied.

I represent and warrant that I fully understand the terms of this General Release, that I have had the benefit of advice of counsel or have knowingly waived such advice, and that I knowingly and voluntarily, of my own free will, without any duress, being fully informed, and after due deliberation, accepts its terms and sign the same as my own free act. I understand that as a result of executing this General Release, I will not have the right to assert that the Company violated any of my rights in connection with my employment agreement, my employment, or with the termination of such employment; provided, however, that this General Release does not release or discharge any claims that I may have against the Company for breach of its obligation to make severance payments to me after the termination of my employment in accordance with Section 4(e) of the employment agreement to which this General Release is attached.

Except as to any claims that I may file for any breach by the Company of Section 4(e) of the employment agreement to which this General Release is
attached, I affirm that I have not filed, and agree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to initiate or cause to be initiated on my behalf, any complaint,
charge, claim, or proceeding against the Released Parties before any federal, state, or local agency, court, or other body relating to my employment agreement,
my employment, or the cessation thereof, and agree not to voluntarily participate in such a proceeding. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, to the extent that
applicable law does not permit me to waive my right to file such a complaint, charge, or claim, I hereby waive my right to, and agree, to the maximum extent
permitted by law, not to, seek, receive, collect, or benefit from any monetary or other compensatory settlement, award, judgment, or other resolution (including
a resolution that would otherwise provide for my reinstatement to employment) of any complaint, charge, or claim that any agency or other body pursues
against any of the Released Parties, whether pursued solely on my behalf or on behalf of a greater class of individuals. However, nothing in this General
Release shall preclude or prevent me from filing a claim with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission that challenges the validity of this General
Release solely with respect to my waiver of any Losses arising under the ADEA.

If seven (7) days pass without receipt of such written notice of revocation, this General Release shall become binding and effective on the eighth day (the "Release Effective Date"). This General Release shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles.

John Stolte	Date		
STATE OF)		
COUNTY OF	: ss.:)		
on the basis of satisfactory evid	lence to be the individual whose name is sub	ned, personally appeared JOHN STOLTE, personally known to me or proved to abscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged to me that he executed the ated such instrument, and that such individual made such appearance before the	me
		Notary Public	

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

The parties to this Employment Agreement (the "Agreement") are Robert G. Costantini (the "Executive"), residing at 5 Nash Lane, Westport, CT 06880, and ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), a company organized under the laws of Delaware, with principal offices located at 2115 Linwood Avenue, Suite 100, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024. Effective as of the Start Date (as defined below), this Agreement amends, restates and supersedes in its entirety the Employment Agreement between the Executive and the Company that was effective as of March 31, 2008 (the "2008 Agreement"), except as otherwise provided in Section 8(b) below.

The Company desires to provide for the Executive's continued employment by the Company, and the Executive desires to accept such continued employment under the terms and conditions contained herein, and the parties hereto have agreed as follows:

- 1. **Employment**. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive shall serve the Company, as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, with duties and responsibilities compatible with that position. The Executive shall report to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Executive agrees to devote his full time, attention, skill, and energy to fulfilling his duties and responsibilities hereunder. The Executive's services shall be performed principally at the Company's headquarters or such other principal location in the eastern United States as the Company shall determine. As set forth in Section 3(g) below, the Company reserves the right to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia.
- 2. <u>Term of Employment</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall commence as of December 31, 2010 (the "Start Date") and shall continue through December 31, 2011 (the "Initial Term"). Upon the expiration of the Initial Term or any extension thereof, the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, shall be automatically extended by twelve (12) additional calendar months through the next December 31st, unless either party hereto notifies the other party in writing at least ninety (90) days in advance of such expiration that he or it does not want such extension to occur (a "Notice of Non-Extension"), in which case the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, will not be further extended and the Executive's employment will terminate upon such expiration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's employment with the Company may be terminated prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or any extended term pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 or 5 below. Hereinafter, the period of the Executive's employment with the Company is referred to as the "Term."
- 3. <u>Compensation</u>. As full compensation for the services provided under this Agreement, the Executive shall be entitled to receive the following compensation during the Term:
- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to receive an annual base salary (the "Base Salary") of \$294,840. Any Base Salary increase will be subject to the sole discretion of the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"). Base Salary payments hereunder

shall be made in arrears in substantially equal installments (not less frequently than monthly) in accordance with the Company's customary payroll practices for its other executives, as those practices may exist from time to time.

(b) <u>Bonus</u>. For each calendar year beginning with the 2011 calendar year, the Executive shall also be eligible to receive a bonus (the "Bonus") equal to up to 140% of Base Salary, determined based on the achievement of performance targets (both financial and qualitative) established each year by the Board. Further, if the Company establishes a bonus plan or program in which the Company's executives are generally permitted to participate, then the Executive shall be entitled to participate in such plan or program. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan or program shall be in accordance with the controlling plan or program documents.

Any Bonus hereunder will be paid during the year following the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid, provided that the Bonus will be paid no earlier than the rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and in any case no later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after such rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and (ii) June 30th of the year following that fiscal year.

In order to receive any Bonus payment for a fiscal year, the Executive must be actively employed on the last day of the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid and not have had his employment terminated with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(d) below prior to the payment of such Bonus.

- (c) Employee Benefits. Subject to the Executive satisfying and continuing to satisfy any plan or program eligibility requirements and other terms and conditions of the plan or program, the Executive shall be entitled to receive Company-paid medical and disability insurance, Company-paid term life insurance (which shall provide for a death benefit payable to the Executive's beneficiary), Company-paid holiday and vacation time, and other Company-paid employee benefits (collectively, "Employee Benefits"), at least equivalent to those provided to other senior executives of the Company, subject to applicable policy limitations and maximums. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to participate as a senior executive in any profit sharing plan and/or pension plan generally provided for the executives of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, provided that the Executive satisfies any eligibility requirements for participation in any such plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company reserves the right to amend, modify, or terminate, in its sole discretion and consistent with applicable law, any Employee Benefit and any Employee Benefit plan, program or arrangement provided to employees in general.
- (d) <u>Equity Plan Participation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to participate in any equity incentive plan established by the Company in which the Company's senior executives generally are permitted to participate. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation

in, and/or any award under, any such plan shall be in accordance with the applicable controlling plan document and/or award agreement. The number and/or price of any equity-based award granted to the Executive shall be determined by the Board.

- (e) Expenses. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with the performance of his duties under this Agreement, upon his presentation of appropriate vouchers and/or documentation covering such expenses. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for all transportation, lodging, food, and other expenses incurred by him in connection with traveling on Company business.
- (f) <u>Automobile</u>. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for up to \$800 per month for automobile expenses, including lease, insurance, and maintenance costs.
- (g) Relocation. In the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia, the Company will reimburse the Executive for his reasonable expenses incurred as a result of such relocation (including, without limitation, brokerage fees incurred in connection with selling the Executive's primary residence), as reasonably approved by the Company, provided that the total amount of such reimbursement will not exceed 50% of the Base Salary. Any such reimbursement will be made by the Company within thirty (30) days of the Executive's submission of such expenses for reimbursement (including any supporting documentation requested by the Company). The Executive agrees that he will submit any such reimbursement request, with requested supporting documents, to the Company no later than February 13th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred so that the Company may make such reimbursement no later than March 15th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred.
- (h) <u>Withholdings</u>. All payments made under this Section 3, or any other provision of this Agreement, shall be subject to any and all federal, state, and local taxes and other withholdings to the extent required by applicable law.

4. Termination of Employment.

(a) <u>Disability</u>. If the Executive shall fail or be unable to perform his essential duties under this Agreement for any reason, including a physical or mental disability, with or without reasonable accommodation, for one hundred eighty (180) calendar days during any twelve (12) month period or for one hundred (120) consecutive calendar days, then the Company may, by notice to the Executive, terminate his employment under this Agreement as of the date of the notice. Any such termination shall be made only in accordance with applicable law. Nothing set forth in this Section 4(a) shall be construed as a waiver by the Executive for seeking an extended leave of absence in excess of said time-frame mentioned above, as a reasonable accommodation under applicable state and/or federal anti-discrimination laws (or the Company's

obligation to provide such). Further, nothing contained in this Section 4(a) is to be construed as an admission that any such leave in excess of the said time frame mentioned above is not reasonable as an accommodation. This Section is not to be construed as a waiver of the Executive's right to pursue legal action for any discharge that he deems improper based on a legally protected characteristic (*i.e.*, disability and/or handicap).

- (b) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon his death. However, any and all rights that may exist under this Agreement and/or through any other pertinent plan documents, with respect to vested benefits and/or accrued monetary amounts owed, shall be transitioned, in accordance with the law, to the Executive's beneficiaries.
- (c) <u>Material Change in the Executive's Status</u>. Subject to the notice and cure period set forth in this Section 4(c), the Executive may elect to terminate his employment following (i) a material adverse change in the Executive's status, title, position, or scope of authority or responsibilities (including reporting responsibilities), (ii) the assignment to the Executive of any duties or responsibilities which are materially inconsistent with his status, title, position, authorities, or responsibilities, or (iii) any removal of the Executive from, or failure to reappoint or reelect him to, such position; except in connection with the termination of his employment for "cause" (as defined below). Upon the occurrence of any such material adverse change, but no later than sixty (60) days following the occurrence of any such material adverse change, the Executive shall provide written notice to the Company, reasonably detailing the material adverse change, and the Company shall have thirty (30) days from receipt of such written notice to cure any such material adverse change. If the Company fails to cure such material adverse change within the thirty (30) day cure period, then the Executive may elect to terminate his employment under this Agreement within seven (7) days following the expiration of such cure period.
- (d) <u>Termination by the Company</u>. The Company shall have the right, exercisable at any time in its sole discretion, to terminate the employment of the Executive for any reason whatsoever with or without "cause" (as defined below). However, the Executive's employment shall not be deemed to have been terminated with "cause" unless he shall have received written notice from the Board at or prior to the termination of employment advising him of the specific acts or omissions alleged to constitute "cause" and, in the case of those acts or omissions that are reasonably capable of being corrected, those acts or omissions continue uncorrected after he shall have had a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed fifteen (15) calendar days) to correct them.

As used in this Agreement, termination with "cause" shall mean only the Executive's involuntary termination for reason of (i) the Executive's breach of a fiduciary duty of loyalty owed to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, (ii) the Executive's conviction of a crime or plea of guilty or no contest to a crime, (iii) the Executive's gross negligence related to the performance of his services under this Agreement, (iv) the Executive's willful misconduct,

including without limitation, embezzlement, (v) the Executive's material breach of this Agreement, or (vi) conduct by the Executive beyond the scope of his authority as an officer and employee of the Company, which conduct gives rise to a hearing before any governmental department or agency seeking termination or revocation of any governmental license. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company's failure to achieve any performance level or objective shall not, by itself, constitute "cause" under this Agreement, even if the achievement of such performance level or objective is contained in a directive of the Board.

(e) Termination by the Executive.

- (i) The Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company, provided that he provides the Company with at least one (1) month of advance written notice of such decision. Upon the receipt of such notice from the Executive, the Company may withdraw any and all duties from the Executive and exclude him from the Company's premises during the notice period, during which time the Executive shall continue to paid his Base Salary and continue to be eligible for employee benefits for the remainder of the one-month notice period. The Executive's employment will be terminated formally upon the expiration of such one-month notice period.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Section 4(e)(i) above, in the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia in accordance with Section 3(g) above, such election to be communicated to the Executive in writing, and the Executive elects not to relocate, such decision will be deemed to be a voluntary resignation of employment by the Executive to be effective upon a date to be mutually agreed upon by the parties hereto or, failing such agreement, one (1) month following the date on which the Executive notifies the Company of his decision not to relocate.
- (f) Severance. If the Company terminates the Executive's employment without "cause" pursuant to Section 4(d) above, the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Executive by the Company pursuant to Section 2 above, or the Executive terminates his employment under Section 4(c) above due to a material change in status, then, subject to the Executive's execution of the Release attached hereto as Exhibit A (or in a substantially similar form as the Company deems necessary in order to comply with then applicable law) (the "Release") and the Release becoming effective in accordance with its terms not later than the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment, the Executive shall be entitled (i) to receive, as severance payments, one (1) year of his then Base Salary, payable in accordance with the Company's payroll schedule in effect from time to time (the "Severance Payments"), and (ii) to the extent he is then a participant in the Company's health insurance plan and eligible for benefits under plan terms, and only if the benefit under this clause (ii) does not cause the Company to fail to satisfy the requirements of, or be in violation of, Section 2716 of the Public Health Service Act or Section 9815 of the Internal Revenue Code, to continued health insurance coverage for one (1) year immediately following such termination at then existing employee contribution rates, which the Executive shall pay

(such continued coverage to run concurrently with any continued coverage obligation under the federal law known as COBRA or any state equivalent) (such severance payments and continued health insurance coverage being the Executive's sole entitlement upon any such termination). Subject to the last paragraph of this Section 4(f), the Severance Payments will begin to be paid on the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment. Subject only to the Executive's delivery of an executed Release and such Release becoming effective within the provided sixty-day period, the Company's obligation under this Section 4(f) shall be absolute and unconditional, and the Executive shall be entitled to such severance benefits regardless of the amount of compensation and benefits the Executive may earn or be entitled to with respect to any other employment he may obtain during the period for which severance payments are payable.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(e)(ii) above, the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, the preceding paragraph as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause." Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, (i) any severance payable as a result of a termination pursuant to Section 4(e)(ii) above shall be in an amount equal to three (3) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in the preceding paragraph and shall be payable over a three-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth in the preceding paragraph, and (ii) any continued health insurance coverage at then existing employee contribution rates shall be for three (3) months in lieu of the one (1) year set forth in the preceding paragraph.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(a) or 4(b) above, if the Company terminates the Executive's employment with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(d) above, if the Executive terminates his employment pursuant to Section 4(e)(i) above (but not pursuant to Section 4(e)(ii) above), or if the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Company by the Executive, then the Executive shall not be entitled to any further payments under this Agreement, including Base Salary, Bonus, Employee Benefits, or severance, except as otherwise required by applicable law, including the payment of any amounts owed to the Executive and any obligation that the Company may have to offer the Executive continued benefit plan participation.

To the extent that any amount payable under this Agreement constitutes an amount payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter, "Code Section 409A")) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A, and such amount is payable as a result of a "separation from service" (as defined in Code Section 409A), including any amount payable under this Section 4 or Section 5 below, then, notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, such payment will not be made to the Executive until the day after the date that is six months following his separation from service (the "Specified Employee Payment Date"), but only if, as of his

separation from service, he is a "specified employee" under Code Section 409A and any relevant procedures that the Company may establish. For the avoidance of doubt, on the Specified Employee Payment Date, the Executive will be paid in a single lump sum all payments that otherwise would have been made to him under this Agreement during the six-month period but were not because of this paragraph. This paragraph will not be applicable after the Executive's death

5. Change of Control. If a "Change of Control" occurs, then the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits upon the termination of his employment thereafter in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, Section 4(f) above as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause," unless the successor or transferee entity continues the Executive's employment on substantially equivalent terms. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, (i) any severance payable as a result of this Section 5 shall be in an amount equal to eighteen (18) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in Section 4(f) above and shall be payable over an eighteen-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth under Section 4(f) above, and (ii) any continued health insurance coverage at then existing employee contribution rates shall be for eighteen (18) months in lieu of the one (1) year set forth under Section 4(f) above. This Agreement shall be binding on any and all successors and/or assigns of the Company, and the Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement in connection with a Change of Control to the successor or transferee entity without the Executive's consent.

"Change of Control" means (a) the Company's merger or consolidation with another corporation or entity, (b) the Company's transfer of all or substantially all of its assets to another person, corporation, or other entity, or (c) a sale of the Company's stock in a single transaction or series of related transactions that results in the holders of the outstanding voting power of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions owning less than a majority of the outstanding voting securities for the election of directors of the surviving company or entity immediately following such transaction or series of transactions (other than any registered, underwritten public offering by the Company of the Company's stock or pursuant to any stock-based compensation plan of the Company).

6. <u>Arbitration</u>. Except as provided in Section 7(h) below, any dispute or controversy between the parties hereto, whether during the Term or thereafter, including without limitation, any and all matters relating to this Agreement, the Executive's employment with the Company and the cessation thereof, shall be settled by arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") in New York, New York pursuant to the AAA's National Rules for the Resolution of Employment Disputes (or their equivalent), which arbitration shall be confidential, final, and binding to the fullest extent permitted by law. The parties agree to waive their right to a trial by jury and agree that they will not make a demand, request or motion for a trial by jury or court. This agreement to arbitrate shall be binding upon the heirs, successors, and assigns and any trustee, receiver, or executor of each party. A party shall initiate the arbitration

process by delivering a written notice of such party's intention to arbitrate to the other party at the address set forth above and by filing the appropriate notice with the AAA. The parties shall select an arbitrator by mutual agreement, within thirty (30) days after the written notice of intention to arbitrate is received, from a list of eligible arbitrators received from the AAA who are on its Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). If the parties fail to agree on an arbitrator, the AAA Administrator or his/her delegate shall select an arbitrator, who is a member of the AAA's Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). There shall be one arbitrator. The arbitrator shall have the authority to resolve all issues in dispute, including the arbitrator's own jurisdiction, whether any dispute must be arbitrated hereunder, and whether this Section 6 is void or voidable, and to award compensatory remedies and other remedies permitted by law. The arbitrator shall decide the matters in dispute in accordance with the governing law provisions of this Agreement, except that the parties agree that this agreement to arbitrate shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1, et seq. The award of the arbitrator shall be final and shall be the sole and exclusive remedy between the parties regarding any claims, counterclaims, issues, or accountings (except as provide in Section 7(h)). The arbitrator in any such dispute shall have discretion to award attorneys' fees and costs as part of any resolution of a claim arising under this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided by the arbitrator in accordance with applicable law, each party hereto shall be responsible for paying its own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with any dispute between the parties. To the extent inconsistent with the form of arbitration agreement that the Company's employees generally are required to enter into, including the Executive, this arbitration provision shall control. Otherw

7. Obligations of the Executive.

- (a) <u>Protectable Interests of the Company</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has played and will continue to play an important role in establishing the goodwill of the Company and its related entities, including relationships with clients, employees, and suppliers. The Executive further acknowledges that over the course of his employment with the Company, he has and will continue to (i) develop special relationships with clients, employees, and/or suppliers, and/or (ii) be privy to Confidential Information (as defined below). As such, the Executive agrees to the restrictions below in order to protect such interests on behalf of the Company, which restrictions the parties hereto agree to be reasonable and necessary to protect such interests.
- (b) <u>Non-Competition</u>. During the Executive's employment and for the one (1) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party, (i) engage in any business activity, (ii) provide professional services to another person or entity (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise), or (iii) become a partner, member, principal, or stockholder having a 10% or greater interest in any entity, but in each such case, only to the extent that such activity,

person or entity is in competition with the Business. For purposes of this Section 7(b) and Section 7(c) below, "Business" shall mean the business of offering wireless data communication services, including for the purpose of tracking and/or monitoring fixed or mobile assets, the business of designing, manufacturing or distributing modems that operate on such services, or any other business in which the Company is materially engaged during the six (6) month period immediately preceding the Executive's termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 7(b) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.

(c) Non-Solicitation. During the Executive's employment and for the two (2) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) solicit any business or contracts, or enter into any business or contract, directly or indirectly, with any supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company that (A) was a supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company at, or within six (6) months prior to, the termination of Executive's employment, or (B) was a prospective supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Business at the time of the Executive's termination of employment, and in either case, for purposes of engaging in an activity that is in competition with the Business; or (ii) solicit or recruit, directly or indirectly, any of the Company's or its subsidiaries' employees, or any individuals who were employed by the Company's or its subsidiaries' within three (3) months prior to the termination of the Executive's employment, for employment or engagement (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise) with a person or entity involved in marketing or selling products or services competitive with the Business. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 7(c) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.

Notwithstanding prior paragraphs (b) and (c), the following shall not be deemed to be a violation of the Executive's non-competition and non-solicitation covenants: (i) the Executive becoming employed by an entity that is a corporate affiliate of the Company; and (ii) the Executive holding a minority position (less than 10% interest) in any private investment or making any investment in public securities.

(d) <u>Confidential Information</u>. The Executive acknowledges that during the course of his employment with the Company, he has had and will continue to have access to information about the Company, and its clients and suppliers, that is confidential and/or proprietary in nature, and that belongs to the Company. As such, at all times, both during his employment and thereafter, the Executive will hold in the strictest confidence, and not use or attempt to use except for the benefit of the Company, and not disclose to any other person or entity (without the prior written authorization of the Company) any Confidential Information (as defined below). Notwithstanding anything contained in this Section 7(d), the Executive will be

permitted to disclose any Confidential Information to the extent required by validly issued legal process or court order, provided that the Executive notifies the Company immediately of any such legal process or court order in an effort to allow the Company to challenge such legal process or court order, if the Company so elects, prior to the Executive's disclosure of any Confidential Information.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" means any confidential or proprietary information which belongs to the Company, or any of its clients or suppliers, including without limitation, technical data, market data, trade secrets, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, other intellectual property, know-how, research, business plans, product information, projects, services, client lists and information, client preferences, client transactions, supplier lists and information, supplier rates, software, hardware, technology, inventions, developments, processes, formulas, designs, drawings, marketing methods and strategies, pricing strategies, sales methods, financial information, revenue figures, account information, credit information, financing arrangements, and other information disclosed to the Executive by the Company or otherwise obtained by the Executive during the course of his employment, directly or indirectly, and whether in writing, orally, or by electronic records, drawings, pictures, or inspection of tangible property. "Confidential Information" does not include any of the foregoing information which has entered the public domain other than by a breach of this Agreement or the breach of any other obligation to maintain confidentiality of which the Executive is aware.

- (e) <u>Return of Company Property.</u> Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company (whether upon the expiration of the Term or otherwise), or at any time during such employment upon request by the Company, the Executive will promptly deliver to the Company and not keep in his possession, recreate, or deliver to any other person or entity, any and all property which belongs to the Company, or which belongs to any other third party and is in the Executive's possession as a result of his employment with the Company, including without limitation, computer hardware and software, palm pilots, pagers, cell phones, other electronic equipment, records, data, client lists and information, supplier lists and information, notes, reports, correspondence, financial information, account information, product information, files, and other documents and information, including any and all copies of the foregoing.
- (f) Ownership of Property. The Executive acknowledges that all inventions, innovations, improvements, developments, methods, processes, programs, designs, analyses, drawings, reports and all similar or related information (whether or not patentable) that relate to the Company's or any of its affiliates' actual or anticipated business, research, and development, or existing or future products or services, and that are conceived, developed, contributed to, made, or reduced to practice by Executive (either solely or jointly with others) while engaged by the Company or any of its affiliates (including any of the foregoing that constitutes any Confidential Information) ("Work Product") belong to the Company or such affiliate, and the Executive hereby assigns, and agrees to assign, all of the above Work Product to the Company or

such affiliate.

- (g) <u>Judicial Modification</u>. The Executive acknowledges that it is the intent of the parties hereto that the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 7 be enforced to the fullest extent permissible under the laws of the State of New Jersey. If any of the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 7 is for any reason held by an arbitrator or court to be excessively broad as to duration, activity, geographical scope, or subject, then, for purposes of that jurisdiction, such restriction shall be construed, "blue penciled" or judicially modified so as to thereafter be limited or reduced to the extent required to be enforceable in accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey (or other applicable law in the event that New Jersey law is not being applied).
- (h) Equitable Relief. The Executive acknowledges that the remedy at law for his breach of this Section 7 will be inadequate, and that the damages flowing from such breach will not be readily susceptible to being measured in monetary terms. Accordingly, upon a violation of any part of this Section 7, the Company shall be entitled to immediate injunctive relief (or other equitable relief) from any court with proper jurisdiction and may obtain a temporary order restraining any further violation. No bond or other security shall be required in obtaining such equitable relief, and the Executive hereby consents to the issuance of such equitable relief. Nothing in this Section 7(h) shall be deemed to limit the Company's remedies at law or in equity for any breach by the Executive of any of the parts of this Section 7 which may be pursued or availed of by the Company.

8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice or other communication under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be considered given when delivered personally or five days after mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Executive and the Company at their respective addresses set forth above (or at such other address as a party may specify by notice to the other).
- (b) Entire Agreement; Amendment. This Agreement contains a complete statement of all of the arrangements between the Executive and the Company with respect to the employment of the Executive by the Company and the Executive's compensation for such employment, and supersedes all previous agreements, arrangements and understandings, written or oral, relating thereto other than any existing equity award agreements previously executed by the parties hereto. Effective as of the Start Date, this Agreement supersedes and replaces in its entirety the 2008 Agreement, provided that any obligations of the Executive under the 2008 Agreement applicable to the time period before the Start Date (such as the Executive's obligation to keep certain information confidential) shall survive and remain enforceable. This Agreement may not be amended except by a written agreement signed by the Company and the Executive.

The intent of the parties hereto is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and, accordingly, to the

maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event that amendments to this Agreement are necessary in order to comply with Code Section 409A or to minimize or eliminate any income inclusion and penalties under Code Section 409A (e.g., under any document or operational correction program), the Company and the Executive agree to negotiate in good faith the applicable terms of such amendments and to implement such negotiated amendments, on a prospective and/or retroactive basis, as needed. Further, a termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts that are payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Code Section 409A) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A unless such termination of employment is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "employment termination," "termination of employment," "termination date," "employment termination date," or like term shall mean "separation from service" or the date of the "separation from service," as applicable.

- (c) <u>Severability</u>. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, or the application of any provision to the Executive or the Company, is held to be unlawful or unenforceable by any court or arbitrator, then the remaining portions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be invalidated or impaired in any manner.
- (d) <u>Waiver</u>. No waiver by any party hereto of any breach of any term or covenant in this Agreement, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such breach, or a waiver of any other term or covenant contained in this Agreement.
- (e) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of New Jersey applicable to agreements made and to be performed in New Jersey.
- (f) Legal Costs. If either party commences legal action to enforce any of its or his rights under this Agreement and substantially prevails (as determined by the trier of fact) in that action, then the non-prevailing party shall reimburse the prevailing party for the legal fees and other costs and expenses incurred by the prevailing party in connection with the action, provided that (a) any amount reimbursed to the Executive in any one year will not affect the amount reimbursed to the Executive in any other year, (b) any amount reimbursed to the Executive may be made no later than the end of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred, and (c) this right to reimbursement is not subject to liquidation by the Executive for cash or exchange by the Executive for any other benefit. The Executive's right to reimbursement set forth in the prior sentence is limited to expenses incurred by him during his employment with the Company and during the five-year period immediately thereafter. No damages or other amounts owing to the Executive hereunder shall be reduced by any earnings from any subsequent employment.

IN WITN	ESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this document as of the day of November, 2010 to be effective as of the Start Date.
ORBCOMM	Inc.
By: Name: Title:	Robert G. Costantini
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EXHIBIT A — GENERAL RELEASE

FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION OF the severance benefits set forth in the employment agreement to which this General Release is attached, I, Robert G. Costantini, agree, on behalf of myself, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, except as otherwise provided in this General Release, to release and discharge ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), and its current and former officers, directors, employees, agents, owners, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, parents, successors, and assigns (the "Released Parties") from any and all manner of actions and causes of action, suits, debts, dues, accounts, bonds, covenants, contracts, agreements, judgments, charges, claims, and demands whatsoever ("Losses") which I, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns have, or may hereafter have, against the Released Parties or any of them arising out of or by reason of any cause, matter, or thing whatsoever from the beginning of the world to the date hereof, including without limitation, my employment agreement, my employment by the Company and the cessation thereof, and all matters arising under any federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation, or principle of contract law or common law, including but not limited to, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2101 et seq., the National Labor Relations Act of 1935, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 151 et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq., Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 et seq. (the "ADEA"), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000ff et seq., the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq., the Virginia Human Rights Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 2.1-714 et seq., the Virginia Persons with Disabilities Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 51.5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 10:5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 34:19-8 et seq., any federal, state, or local "whistleblower" law, and any other equivalent federal, state, or local statute; provided that I do not release or discharge the Released Parties (1) from any Losses arising under the ADEA which arise after the date on which I execute this General Release or (2) from any rights that I may have to be indemnified by the Company for any acts or omissions by me made in the course of my role as an officer and employee of the Company. It is understood that nothing in this General Release is to be construed as an admission on behalf of the Released Parties of any wrongdoing with respect to me, any such wrongdoing being expressly denied.

I represent and warrant that I fully understand the terms of this General Release, that I have had the benefit of advice of counsel or have knowingly waived such advice, and that I knowingly and voluntarily, of my own free will, without any duress, being fully informed, and after due deliberation, accepts its terms and sign the same as my own free act. I understand that as a result of executing this General Release, I will not have the right to assert that the Company violated any of my rights in connection with my employment, my employment, or with the termination of such employment.

I affirm that I have not filed, and agree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to initiate or cause to be initiated on my behalf, any complaint, charge, claim, or proceeding against the Released Parties before any federal, state, or local agency, court, or other body relating to my employment agreement, my employment, or the cessation thereof, and agree not to voluntarily participate in such a proceeding. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, to the extent that applicable law does not permit me to waive my right to file such a complaint, charge, or claim, I hereby waive my right to, and agree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to, seek, receive, collect, or benefit from any monetary or other compensatory settlement, award, judgment, or other resolution (including a resolution that would otherwise provide for my reinstatement to employment) of any complaint, charge, or claim that any agency or other body pursues against any of the Released Parties, whether pursued solely on my behalf or on behalf of a greater class of individuals. However, nothing in this General Release shall preclude or prevent me from filing a claim with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission that challenges the validity of this General Release solely with respect to my waiver of any Losses arising under the ADEA.

Release shall preclude or prevent me f Release solely with respect to my waiv	e i	nployment Opportunity Commission that challenges the validity of this General DEA.
consideration period. I understand that execution of this General Release. In the delivering such written notice to him	upon my execution of this General I ne event of revocation, I must present at If ing and effective on the eighth day	nether to execute this General Release. I understand that I may waive such 21-day Release, I will have seven (7) days after such execution in which I may revoke my t written notice of such revocation to the General Counsel at the Company by seven (7) days pass without receipt of such written notice of revocation, this y (the "Release Effective Date"). This General Release shall be governed by the principles.
Robert G. Costantini	Date	
STATE OF COUNTY OF) : ss.:	
known to me or proved to me on the b	asis of satisfactory evidence to be th	me, the undersigned, personally appeared ROBERT G. COSTANTINI, personally as individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument, and acknowledged on the instrument he executed such instrument, and that such individual made such
		Notary Public

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

The parties to this Employment Agreement (the "Agreement") are Christian G. Le Brun (the "Executive"), residing at 20 Robin Hill Road, Scarsdale, New York 10583, and ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), a company organized under the laws of Delaware, with principal offices located at 2115 Linwood Avenue, Suite 100, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024. Effective as of the Start Date (as defined below), this Agreement amends, restates and supersedes in its entirety the Employment Agreement between the Executive and the Company that was effective as of March 31, 2008 (the "2008 Agreement"), except as otherwise provided in Section 8(b) below.

The Company desires to provide for the Executive's continued employment by the Company, and the Executive desires to accept such continued employment under the terms and conditions contained herein, and the parties hereto have agreed as follows:

- 1. <u>Employment</u>. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive shall serve the Company, as General Counsel and Executive Vice President, with duties and responsibilities compatible with that position. The Executive agrees to devote his full time, attention, skill, and energy to fulfilling his duties and responsibilities hereunder. The Executive's services shall be performed principally at the Company's headquarters or such other principal location in the eastern United States as the Company shall determine. As set forth in Section 3(f) below, the Company reserves the right to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia.
- 2. <u>Term of Employment</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall commence as of December 31, 2010 (the "Start Date") and shall continue through December 31, 2011 (the "Initial Term"). Upon the expiration of the Initial Term or any extension thereof, the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, shall be automatically extended by twelve (12) additional calendar months through the next December 31st, unless either party hereto notifies the other party in writing at least ninety (90) days in advance of such expiration that he or it does not want such extension to occur (a "Notice of Non-Extension"), in which case the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, will not be further extended and the Executive's employment will terminate upon such expiration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's employment with the Company may be terminated prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or any extended term pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 or 5 below. Hereinafter, the period of the Executive's employment with the Company is referred to as the "Term."
- **3.** <u>Compensation</u>. As full compensation for the services provided under this Agreement, the Executive shall be entitled to receive the following compensation during the Term:

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to receive an annual base salary (the "Base Salary") of \$209,352. Upon each anniversary of the Start Date, the Base Salary may be increased by the Company in its sole discretion. Base Salary payments hereunder shall be made in arrears in substantially equal installments (not less frequently than monthly) in accordance with the Company's customary payroll practices for its other executives, as those practices may exist from time to time.
- (b) <u>Bonus.</u> For each calendar year, the Executive shall also be eligible to receive a bonus (the "Bonus") equal to up to 75% of Base Salary, determined based on the achievement of performance targets (both financial and qualitative) established each year by the Board of Directors of the Company. In order to receive such a Bonus, if any, the Executive must be actively employed by the Company on the date on which such Bonus is scheduled to be paid to the Executive and not have had his employment terminated with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) below prior to the payment of such Bonus. Further, if the Company establishes a bonus plan or program in which the Company's executives are generally permitted to participate, then the Executive shall be entitled to participate in such plan or program. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan or program shall be in accordance with the controlling plan or program documents.

Any Bonus hereunder will be paid during the year following the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid, provided that the Bonus will be paid no earlier than the rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and in any case no later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after such rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and (ii) June 30th of the year following that fiscal year.

- (c) Employee Benefits. Subject to the Executive satisfying and continuing to satisfy any plan or program eligibility requirements and other terms and conditions of the plan or program, the Executive shall be entitled to receive Company-paid medical and disability insurance, Company-paid term life insurance (which shall provide for a death benefit payable to the Executive's beneficiary), Company-paid holiday and vacation time, and other Company-paid employee benefits (collectively, "Employee Benefits"), at least equivalent to those provided to other executives of the Company generally, subject to applicable policy limitations and maximums. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in any profit sharing plan and/or pension plan generally provided for the executives of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, provided that the Executive satisfies any eligibility requirements for participation in any such plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company reserves the right to amend, modify, or terminate, in its sole discretion and consistent with applicable law, any Employee Benefit and any Employee Benefit plan, program or arrangement provided to employees in general.
- (d) <u>Equity Plan Participation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to participate in any equity incentive plan established by the Company in which the Company's executives generally are permitted to participate. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan shall be in accordance with the applicable controlling plan document and/or award agreement.

- (e) Expenses. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with the performance of his duties under this Agreement, upon his presentation of appropriate vouchers and/or documentation covering such expenses. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable transportation, lodging, food, and other expenses incurred by him in connection with traveling on Company business.
- (f) Relocation. In the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia, the Company will reimburse the Executive for his reasonable expenses incurred as a result of such relocation (including, without limitation, brokerage fees incurred in connection with selling the Executive's primary residence), as reasonably approved by the Company, provided that the total amount of such reimbursement will not exceed 50% of the Base Salary. Any such reimbursement will be made by the Company within thirty (30) days of the Executive's submission of such expenses for reimbursement (including any supporting documentation requested by the Company). The Executive agrees that he will submit any such reimbursement request, with requested supporting documents, to the Company no later than February 13th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred so that the Company may make such reimbursement no later than March 15th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred.
- (g) Withholdings. All payments made under this Section 3, or any other provision of this Agreement, shall be subject to any and all federal, state, and local taxes and other withholdings to the extent required by applicable law.

4. Termination of Employment.

- (a) <u>Absence</u>. If the Executive shall fail or be unable to perform his essential duties under this Agreement for any reason, including a physical or mental disability, with or without reasonable accommodation, for one hundred eighty (180) calendar days during any twelve (12) month period or for one hundred (120) consecutive calendar days, then the Company may, by notice to the Executive, terminate his employment under this Agreement as of the date of the notice. Any such termination shall be made only in accordance with applicable law.
 - (b) Death. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon his death.
- (c) <u>Termination by the Company</u>. The Company shall have the right, exercisable at any time in its sole discretion, to terminate the employment of the Executive for any reason whatsoever with or without "cause" (as defined below). The Executive's employment shall not be deemed to have been terminated with "cause" unless he shall have received written notice from the Company at or prior to the termination of employment advising him of the specific acts or omissions alleged to constitute "cause" and, in the case of those acts or omissions

that are reasonably capable of being corrected, those acts or omissions continue uncorrected after he shall have had a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed fifteen (15) calendar days) to correct them.

As used in this Agreement, termination with "cause" shall mean only the Executive's involuntary termination for reason of (i) the Executive's breach of a fiduciary duty of loyalty owed to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, (ii) the Executive's conviction of a crime or plea of guilty or no contest to a crime, (iii) the Executive's negligence in the performance of his duties, (iv) the Executive's willful misconduct, including, without limitation, embezzlement, (v) the Executive's material breach of this Agreement, or (vi) conduct by the Executive beyond the scope of his authority as an officer and employee of the Company, which conduct gives rise to a hearing before any governmental department or agency seeking termination or revocation of any governmental license.

(d) Termination by the Executive.

- (i) The Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company, provided that he provides the Company with at least two (2) months of advance written notice of such decision. Upon the receipt of such notice from the Executive, the Company may in its sole discretion accelerate such two-month period in order to make such termination effective sooner, and/or may withdraw any and all duties from the Executive and exclude him from the Company's premises during the notice period.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Section 4(d)(i) above, in the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia in accordance with Section 3(f) above, such election to be communicated to the Executive in writing, and the Executive elects not to relocate, such decision will be deemed to be a voluntary resignation of employment by the Executive to be effective upon a date to be mutually agreed upon by the parties hereto or, failing such agreement, two (2) months following the date on which the Executive notifies the Company of his decision not to relocate.
- (e) Severance. If the Company terminates the Executive's employment without "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) above, or the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Executive by the Company pursuant to Section 2 above, then, subject to the Executive's execution of the Release attached hereto as Exhibit A (or in a substantially similar form as the Company deems necessary in order to comply with then applicable law) (the "Release") and the Release becoming effective in accordance with its terms not later than the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment, the Executive shall be entitled to receive, as severance payments (such severance payments being the Executive's sole entitlement upon any such termination), one (1) year of his then Base Salary, payable in accordance with the Company's payroll schedule in effect from time to time. Subject to the last paragraph of this Section 4(e), such severance payments will begin to be paid on the

60th day following the Executive's termination of employment. Subject only to the Executive's delivery of an executed Release and such Release becoming effective within the provided sixty-day period, the Company's obligation under this Section 4(e) shall be absolute and unconditional, and the Executive shall be entitled to such severance payments regardless of the amount of compensation the Executive may earn or be entitled to with respect to any other employment he may obtain during the period for which severance payments are payable.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(d)(ii) above, the Executive shall be entitled to severance payments in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, the preceding paragraph as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause." Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, any severance payable as a result of a termination pursuant to Section 4(d)(ii) above shall be in an amount equal to three (3) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in the preceding paragraph and shall be payable over a three-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth in the preceding paragraph.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Sections 4(a) or 4(b) above, if the Company terminates the Executive's employment with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) above, if the Executive terminates his employment pursuant to Section 4(d)(i) above (but not pursuant to Section 4(d)(ii) above), or if the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Company by the Executive, then the Executive shall not be entitled to any further payments under this Agreement, including Base Salary, Bonus, Employee Benefits, or severance, except as otherwise required by applicable law.

To the extent that any amount payable under this Agreement constitutes an amount payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter, "Code Section 409A")) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A, and such amount is payable as a result of a "separation from service" (as defined in Code Section 409A), including any amount payable under this Section 4 or Section 5 below, then, notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, such payment will not be made to the Executive until the day after the date that is six months following his separation from service (the "Specified Employee Payment Date"), but only if, as of his separation from service, he is a "specified employee" under Code Section 409A and any relevant procedures that the Company may establish. For the avoidance of doubt, on the Specified Employee Payment Date, the Executive will be paid in a single lump sum all payments that otherwise would have been made to him under this Agreement during the six-month period but were not because of this paragraph. This paragraph will not be applicable after the Executive's death.

5. Merger or Sale of Assets. If a "Change of Control" occurs, then the Executive shall be entitled to severance payments upon the termination of his employment thereafter in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, Section 4(e) above as if

his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause," unless the successor or transferee entity continues the Executive's employment on substantially equivalent terms. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, any severance payable as a result of this Section 5 shall be in an amount equal to eighteen (18) months of Base Salary in lieu of the one (1) year of Base Salary set forth in Section 4(e) above and shall be payable over an eighteen-month period in accordance with the Company's periodic payroll schedule in effect from time to time, such payments to commence on the date set forth under Section 4(e) above. This Agreement shall be binding on any and all successors and/or assigns of the Company, and the Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement in connection with a Change of Control to the successor or transferee entity without the Executive's consent.

"Change of Control" means (a) the Company's merger or consolidation with another corporation or entity, (b) the Company's transfer of all or substantially all of its assets to another person, corporation, or other entity, or (c) a sale of the Company's stock in a single transaction or series of related transactions that results in the holders of the outstanding voting power of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions owning less than a majority of the outstanding voting securities for the election of directors of the surviving company or entity immediately following such transaction or series of transactions (other than any registered, underwritten public offering by the Company of the Company's stock or pursuant to any stock-based compensation plan of the Company).

6. Obligations of the Executive.

- (a) <u>Protectable Interests of the Company</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has played and will continue to play an important role in establishing the goodwill of the Company and its related entities, including relationships with clients, employees, and suppliers. The Executive further acknowledges that over the course of his employment with the Company, he has and will continue to (i) develop special relationships with clients, employees, and/or suppliers, and/or (ii) be privy to Confidential Information (as defined below). As such, the Executive agrees to the restrictions below in order to protect such interests on behalf of the Company, which restrictions the parties hereto agree to be reasonable and necessary to protect such interests.
- (b) Non-Competition. During the Executive's employment and for the one (1) year period immediately thereafter, or, if greater, for the period of time during which the Executive is receiving severance payments under Sections 4(e) or 5 above, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) engage in any business activity; (ii) provide professional services to another person or entity (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise); or (iii) become a partner, member, principal, or stockholder in any entity; and in each such case, that is in competition with the Business. For purposes of this Section 6(b) and Section 6(c) below, "Business" shall mean the business of offering wireless data communication services, including for the purpose of tracking and/or monitoring fixed or mobile assets, the business of designing, manufacturing or distributing

modems that operate on such services, or any other business in which the Company is materially engaged during the six (6) month period immediately preceding the Executive's termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 6(b) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.

- (c) Non-Solicitation. During the Executive's employment and for the two (2) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) solicit any business or contracts, or enter into any business or contract, directly or indirectly, with any supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company that (A) was a supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company at, or within six (6) months prior to, the termination of Executive's employment, or (B) was a prospective supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Business at the time of the Executive's termination of employment, and in either case, for purposes of engaging in an activity that is in competition with the Business; or (ii) solicit or recruit, directly or indirectly, any of the Company's or its subsidiaries' employees, or any individuals who were employed by the Company or its subsidiaries within six (6) months prior to the termination of the Executive's employment, for employment or engagement (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise) with a person or entity involved in marketing or selling products or services competitive with the Business. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 6(c) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.
- (d) <u>Confidential Information</u>. The Executive acknowledges that during the course of his employment with the Company, he has had and will continue to have access to information about the Company, and its clients and suppliers, that is confidential and/or proprietary in nature, and which belongs to the Company. As such, at all times, both during his employment and thereafter, the Executive will hold in the strictest confidence, and not use or attempt to use except for the benefit of the Company, and not disclose to any other person or entity (without the prior written authorization of the Company) any Confidential Information (as defined below). Notwithstanding anything contained in this Section 6(d), the Executive will be permitted to disclose any Confidential Information to the extent required by validly issued legal process or court order, provided that the Executive notifies the Company immediately of any such legal process or court order in an effort to allow the Company to challenge such legal process or court order, if the Company so elects, prior to the Executive's disclosure of any Confidential Information.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" means any confidential or proprietary information which belongs to the Company, or any of its clients or suppliers, including without limitation, technical data, market data, trade secrets, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, other intellectual property, know-how, research, business plans, product information, projects, services, client lists and information, client preferences, client

transactions, supplier lists and information, supplier rates, software, hardware, technology, inventions, developments, processes, formulas, designs, drawings, marketing methods and strategies, pricing strategies, sales methods, financial information, revenue figures, account information, credit information, financing arrangements, and other information disclosed to the Executive by the Company or otherwise obtained by the Executive during the course of his employment, directly or indirectly, and whether in writing, orally, or by electronic records, drawings, pictures, or inspection of tangible property. "Confidential Information" does not include any of the foregoing information which has entered the public domain other than by a breach of this Agreement or the breach of any other obligation to maintain confidentiality of which the Executive is aware.

- (e) Return of Company Property. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company (whether upon the expiration of the Term or otherwise), or at any time during such employment upon request by the Company, the Executive will promptly deliver to the Company and not keep in his possession, recreate, or deliver to any other person or entity, any and all property which belongs to the Company, or which belongs to any other third party and is in the Executive's possession as a result of his employment with the Company, including without limitation, computer hardware and software, palm pilots, pagers, cell phones, other electronic equipment, records, data, client lists and information, supplier lists and information, notes, reports, correspondence, financial information, account information, product information, files, and other documents and information, including any and all copies of the foregoing.
- (f) Ownership of Property. The Executive acknowledges that all inventions, innovations, improvements, developments, methods, processes, programs, designs, analyses, drawings, reports and all similar or related information (whether or not patentable) that relate to the Company's or any of its affiliates' actual or anticipated business, research, and development, or existing or future products or services, and that are conceived, developed, contributed to, made, or reduced to practice by Executive (either solely or jointly with others) while engaged by the Company or any of its affiliates (including any of the foregoing that constitutes any Confidential Information) ("Work Product") belong to the Company or such affiliate, and the Executive hereby assigns, and agrees to assign, all of the above Work Product to the Company or such affiliate.
- (g) <u>Judicial Modification</u>. The Executive acknowledges that it is the intent of the parties hereto that the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 6 be enforced to the fullest extent permissible under the laws of each jurisdiction in which enforcement is sought. If any of the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 6 is for any reason held by an arbitrator or court to be excessively broad as to duration, activity, geographical scope, or subject, then, for purposes of that jurisdiction, such restriction shall be construed, "blue penciled" or judicially modified so as to thereafter be limited or reduced to the extent required to be enforceable in accordance with applicable law.

- (h) Equitable Relief. The Executive acknowledges that the remedy at law for his breach of this Section 6 will be inadequate, and that the damages flowing from such breach will not be readily susceptible to being measured in monetary terms. Accordingly, upon a violation of any part of this Section 6, the Company shall be entitled to immediate injunctive relief (or other equitable relief) from any court with proper jurisdiction and may obtain a temporary order restraining any further violation. No bond or other security shall be required in obtaining such equitable relief, and the Executive hereby consents to the issuance of such equitable relief. Nothing in this Section 6(h) shall be deemed to limit the Company's remedies at law or in equity for any breach by the Executive of any of the parts of this Section 6 which may be pursued or availed of by the Company.
- 7. Arbitration. Except as provided in Section 6(h) above, any dispute or controversy between the parties hereto, whether during the Term or thereafter, including without limitation, any and all matters relating to this Agreement, the Executive's employment with the Company and the cessation thereof, shall be settled by arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") in New York, New York pursuant to the AAA's National Rules for the Resolution of Employment Disputes (or their equivalent), which arbitration shall be confidential, final, and binding to the fullest extent permitted by law. The parties agree to waive their right to a trial by jury and agree that they will not make a demand, request or motion for a trial by jury or court. This agreement to arbitrate shall be binding upon the heirs, successors, and assigns and any trustee, receiver, or executor of each party. A party shall initiate the arbitration process by delivering a written notice of such party's intention to arbitrate to the other party at the address set forth above and by filing the appropriate notice with the AAA. The parties shall select an arbitrator by mutual agreement, within thirty (30) days after the written notice of intention to arbitrate is received, from a list of eligible arbitrators received from the AAA who are on its Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). If the parties fail to agree on an arbitrator, the AAA Administrator or his/her delegate shall select an arbitrator, who is a member of the AAA's Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). There shall be one arbitrator. The arbitrator shall have the authority to resolve all issues in dispute, including the arbitrator's own jurisdiction, whether any dispute must be arbitrated hereunder, and whether this Section 7 is void or voidable, and to award compensatory remedies and other remedies permitted by law. The arbitrator shall decide the matters in dispute in accordance with the governing law provisions of this Agreement, except that the parties agree that this agreement to arbitrate shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1, et seq. The award of the arbitrator shall be final and shall be the sole and exclusive remedy between the parties regarding any claims, counterclaims, issues, or accountings. Except as otherwise provided by the arbitrator in accordance with applicable law, each party hereto shall be responsible for paying its own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with any dispute between the parties. To the extent inconsistent with the form of arbitration agreement that the Company's employees generally are required to enter into, including the Executive, this arbitration provision shall control. Otherwise, to the extent compatible, effect shall be given to both this arbitration provision and the Company's form of arbitration agreement that the Executive has executed or will be required to execute.

8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice or other communication under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be considered given when delivered personally or five (5) days after mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Executive and the Company at their respective addresses set forth above (or at such other address as a party may specify by notice to the other).
- (b) Entire Agreement; Amendments. This Agreement contains a complete statement of all of the arrangements between the Executive and the Company with respect to the employment of the Executive by the Company and the Executive's compensation for such employment, and supersedes all previous agreements, arrangements and understandings, written or oral, relating thereto other than any existing equity award agreements previously executed by the parties hereto. This Agreement may not be amended except by a written agreement signed by the Company and the Executive. Effective as of the Start Date, this Agreement supersedes and replaces in its entirety the 2008 Agreement, provided that any obligations of the Executive under the 2008 Agreement applicable to the time period before the Start Date (such as the Executive's obligation to keep certain information confidential) shall survive and remain enforceable.

The intent of the parties hereto is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event that amendments to this Agreement are necessary in order to comply with Code Section 409A or to minimize or eliminate any income inclusion and penalties under Code Section 409A (*e.g.*, under any document or operational correction program), the Company and the Executive agree to negotiate in good faith the applicable terms of such amendments and to implement such negotiated amendments, on a prospective and/or retroactive basis, as needed. Further, a termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts that are payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Code Section 409A) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A unless such termination of employment is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "employment termination of employment," "termination date," "employment termination date," or like term shall mean "separation from service" or the date of the "separation from service," as applicable.

(c) <u>Severability</u>. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, or the application of any provision to the Executive or the Company, is held to be unlawful or unenforceable by any court or arbitrator, then the remaining portions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be invalidated or impaired in any manner.

(d) <u>Waiver</u> . No waiver by any party hereto of any breach of any term or covenant in this Agreement, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such breach, or a waiver of any other term or covenant contained in this Agreement.
(e) <u>Governing Law</u> . This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of New Jersey without regard to its conflict of laws principles.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this document as of the day of November, 2010 to be effective as of the Start Date.
ORBCOMM Inc.
By:
Name: Christian G. Le Brun
Title:
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EXHIBIT A — GENERAL RELEASE

FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION OF the severance benefits set forth in the employment agreement to which this General Release is attached, I, Christian Le Brun, agree, on behalf of myself, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, except as otherwise provided in this General Release, to release and discharge ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), and its current and former officers, directors, employees, agents, owners, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, parents, successors, and assigns (the "Released Parties") from any and all manner of actions and causes of action, suits, debts, dues, accounts, bonds, covenants, contracts, agreements, judgments, charges, claims, and demands whatsoever ("Losses") which I, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns have, or may hereafter have, against the Released Parties or any of them arising out of or by reason of any cause, matter, or thing whatsoever from the beginning of the world to the date hereof, including without limitation, my employment agreement, my employment by the Company and the cessation thereof, and all matters arising under any federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation, or principle of contract law or common law, including but not limited to, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2101 et seq., the National Labor Relations Act of 1935, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 151 et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq., Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 et seq. (the "ADEA"), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000ff et seq., the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq., the Virginia Human Rights Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 2.1-714 et seq., the Virginia Persons with Disabilities Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 51.5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 10:5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 34:19-8 et seq., any federal, state, or local "whistleblower" law, and any other equivalent federal, state, or local statute; provided that I do not release or discharge the Released Parties (1) from any Losses arising under the ADEA which arise after the date on which I execute this General Release or (2) from any rights that I may have to be indemnified by the Company for any acts or omissions by me made in the course of my role as an officer and employee of the Company. It is understood that nothing in this General Release is to be construed as an admission on behalf of the Released Parties of any wrongdoing with respect to me, any such wrongdoing being expressly denied.

I represent and warrant that I fully understand the terms of this General Release, that I have had the benefit of advice of counsel or have knowingly waived such advice, and that I knowingly and voluntarily, of my own free will, without any duress, being fully informed, and after due deliberation, accepts its terms and sign the same as my own free act. I understand that as a result of executing this General Release, I will not have the right to assert that the Company violated any of my rights in connection with my employment, my employment, or with the termination of such employment.

I affirm that I have not filed, and agree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to initiate or cause to be initiated on my behalf, any complaint, charge, claim, or proceeding against the Released Parties before any federal, state, or local agency, court, or other body relating to my

employment agreement, my employment, or the cessation thereof, and agree not to voluntarily participate in such a proceeding. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, to the extent that applicable law does not permit me to waive my right to file such a complaint, charge, or claim, I hereby waive my right to, and agree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to, seek, receive, collect, or benefit from any monetary or other compensatory settlement, award, judgment, or other resolution (including a resolution that would otherwise provide for my reinstatement to employment) of any complaint, charge, or claim that any agency or other body pursues against any of the Released Parties, whether pursued solely on my behalf or on behalf of a greater class of individuals. However, nothing in this General Release shall preclude or prevent me from filing a claim with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission that challenges the validity of this General Release solely with respect to my waiver of any Losses arising under the ADEA.			
I acknowledge that I have twenty-one consideration period. I understand that up execution of this General Release. In the delivering such written notice to him at	oon my execution of this General Re event of revocation, I must present	elease, I will have seven (7) days after s	
If seven (7) days pass without receiday (the "Release Effective Date"). This General Release shall be governed	-		come binding and effective on the eighth et of laws principles.
Christian Le Brun	Date		
STATE OF) : ss.:		
COUNTY OF)		
	sfactory evidence to be the individu	al whose name is subscribed to the wi	ared Christian Le Brun, personally known thin instrument, and acknowledged to me and that such individual made such

Notary Public

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

The parties to this Employment Agreement (the "Agreement") are Brian J. Bell (the "Executive"), residing at 25 Colony Court, Stamford, Connecticut 06905, and ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), a company organized under the laws of Delaware, with principal offices located at 2115 Linwood Avenue, Suite 100, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024. Effective as of the Start Date (as defined below), this Agreement amends, restates and supersedes in its entirety the Employment Agreement between the Executive and the Company that was effective as of July 1, 2009 (the "2009 Agreement"), except as otherwise provided in Section 8(b) below.

The Company desires to provide for the Executive's continued employment by the Company, and the Executive desires to accept such continued employment under the terms and conditions contained herein, and the parties hereto have agreed as follows:

- 1. <u>Employment</u>. The Company shall employ the Executive, and the Executive shall serve the Company, as Executive Vice President, Sales & Marketing, with duties and responsibilities compatible with that position. The Executive agrees to devote his full time, attention, skill, and energy to fulfilling his duties and responsibilities hereunder. The Executive's services shall be performed principally at the Company's headquarters or such other principal location in the eastern United States as the Company shall determine. As set forth in Section 3(g) below, the Company reserves the right to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia.
- 2. <u>Term of Employment</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall commence as of December 31, 2010 (the "Start Date") and shall continue through December 31, 2011 (the "Initial Term"). Upon the expiration of the Initial Term or any extension thereof, the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, shall be automatically extended by twelve (12) additional calendar months through the next December 31st, unless either party hereto notifies the other party in writing at least ninety (90) days in advance of such expiration that he or it does not want such extension to occur (a "Notice of Non-Extension"), in which case the Initial Term or the extended term, as applicable, will not be further extended and the Executive's employment will terminate upon such expiration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's employment with the Company may be terminated prior to the expiration of the Initial Term or any extended term pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 or 5 below. Hereinafter, the period of the Executive's employment with the Company is referred to as the "Term."
- **3.** <u>Compensation</u>. As full compensation for the services provided under this Agreement, the Executive shall be entitled to receive the following compensation during the Term:

- (a) <u>Base Salary</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to receive an annual base salary (the "**Base Salary**") of \$205,000. Upon each anniversary of the Start Date, the Base Salary may be increased by the Company in its sole discretion. Base Salary payments hereunder shall be made in arrears in substantially equal installments (not less frequently than monthly) in accordance with the Company's customary payroll practices for its other executives, as those practices may exist from time to time.
- (b) <u>Bonus.</u> For each calendar year, the Executive shall also be eligible to receive a bonus (the "Bonus") equal to up to 75% of Base Salary, determined based on the achievement of performance targets (both financial and qualitative) established each year by the Board of Directors of the Company. In order to receive such a Bonus, if any, the Executive must be actively employed by the Company on the date on which such Bonus is scheduled to be paid to the Executive and not have had his employment terminated with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) below prior to the payment of such Bonus. Further, if the Company establishes a bonus plan or program in which the Company's executives are generally permitted to participate, then the Executive shall be entitled to participate in such plan or program. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan or program shall be in accordance with the controlling plan or program documents.

Any Bonus hereunder will be paid during the year following the fiscal year for which the Bonus is being paid, provided that the Bonus will be paid no earlier than the rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and in any case no later than the earlier of (i) 30 days after such rendering of the Company's audited financial statements for that fiscal year and (ii) June 30th of the year following that fiscal year.

- (c) Employee Benefits. Subject to the Executive satisfying and continuing to satisfy any plan or program eligibility requirements and other terms and conditions of the plan or program, the Executive shall be entitled to receive Company-paid medical and disability insurance, Company-paid term life insurance (which shall provide for a death benefit payable to the Executive's beneficiary), Company-paid holiday and vacation time, and other Company-paid employee benefits (collectively, "Employee Benefits"), at least equivalent to those provided to other executives of the Company generally, subject to applicable policy limitations and maximums. In addition, the Executive shall be entitled to participate in any profit sharing plan and/or pension plan generally provided for the executives of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, provided that the Executive satisfies any eligibility requirements for participation in any such plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company reserves the right to amend, modify, or terminate, in its sole discretion and consistent with applicable law, any Employee Benefit and any Employee Benefit plan, program or arrangement provided to employees in general.
- (d) <u>Equity Plan Participation</u>. The Executive shall be entitled to participate in any equity incentive plan established by the Company in which the Company's executives generally are permitted to participate. The terms and conditions of the Executive's participation in, and/or any award under, any such plan shall be in accordance with the applicable controlling plan document and/or award agreement.

- (e) Expenses. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with the performance of his duties under this Agreement, upon his presentation of appropriate vouchers and/or documentation covering such expenses. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company shall reimburse the Executive for all reasonable transportation, lodging, food, and other expenses incurred by him in connection with traveling on Company business.
- (f) <u>Automobile</u>. The Company shall reimburse the Executive for up to \$700 per month for automobile expenses, including lease, insurance, and maintenance costs.
- (g) Relocation. In the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia, the Company will reimburse the Executive for his reasonable expenses incurred as a result of such relocation (including, without limitation, brokerage fees incurred in connection with selling the Executive's primary residence), as reasonably approved by the Company, provided that the total amount of such reimbursement will not exceed 50% of the Base Salary. Any such reimbursement will be made by the Company within thirty (30) days of the Executive's submission of such expenses for reimbursement (including any supporting documentation requested by the Company). The Executive agrees that he will submit any such reimbursement request, with requested supporting documents, to the Company no later than February 13th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred so that the Company may make such reimbursement no later than March 15th of the year following the year in which the underlying expense is incurred.
- (h) <u>Withholdings</u>. All payments made under this Section 3, or any other provision of this Agreement, shall be subject to any and all federal, state, and local taxes and other withholdings to the extent required by applicable law.

4. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Absence. If the Executive shall fail or be unable to perform his essential duties under this Agreement for any reason, including a physical or mental disability, with or without reasonable accommodation, for one hundred eighty (180) calendar days during any twelve (12) month period or for one hundred (120) consecutive calendar days, then the Company may, by notice to the Executive, terminate his employment under this Agreement as of the date of the notice. Any such termination shall be made only in accordance with applicable law.
 - (b) <u>Death</u>. The Executive's employment under this Agreement shall terminate automatically upon his death.
- (c) <u>Termination by the Company</u>. The Company shall have the right, exercisable at any time in its sole discretion, to terminate the employment of the Executive for any reason whatsoever with or without "cause" (as defined below). The Executive's employment

shall not be deemed to have been terminated with "cause" unless he shall have received written notice from the Company at or prior to the termination of employment advising him of the specific acts or omissions alleged to constitute "cause" and, in the case of those acts or omissions that are reasonably capable of being corrected, those acts or omissions continue uncorrected after he shall have had a reasonable opportunity (not to exceed fifteen (15) calendar days) to correct them

As used in this Agreement, termination with "cause" shall mean only the Executive's involuntary termination for reason of (i) the Executive's breach of a fiduciary duty of loyalty owed to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, (ii) the Executive's conviction of a crime or plea of guilty or no contest to a crime, (iii) the Executive's gross negligence in the performance of his duties, (iv) the Executive's willful misconduct, including, without limitation, embezzlement, (v) the Executive's material breach of this Agreement, or (vi) conduct by the Executive beyond the scope of his authority as an officer and employee of the Company, which conduct gives rise to a hearing before any governmental department or agency seeking termination or revocation of any governmental license.

(d) Termination by the Executive.

- (i) The Executive shall have the right to terminate his employment with the Company, provided that he provides the Company with at least two (2) months of advance written notice of such decision. Upon the receipt of such notice from the Executive, the Company may in its sole discretion accelerate such two-month period in order to make such termination effective sooner, and/or may withdraw any and all duties from the Executive and exclude him from the Company's premises during the notice period.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Section 4(d)(i) above, in the event that the Company elects to relocate the Executive to its offices in Dulles, Virginia in accordance with Section 3(g) above, such election to be communicated to the Executive in writing, and the Executive elects not to relocate, such decision will be deemed to be a voluntary resignation of employment by the Executive to be effective upon a date to be mutually agreed upon by the parties hereto or, failing such agreement, two (2) months following the date on which the Executive notifies the Company of his decision not to relocate.
- (e) <u>Severance</u>. If the Company terminates the Executive's employment without "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) above, or the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Executive by the Company pursuant to Section 2 above, then, subject to the Executive's execution of the Release attached hereto as Exhibit A (or in a substantially similar form as the Company deems necessary in order to comply with then applicable law) (the "Release") and the Release becoming effective in accordance with its terms not later than the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment, the Executive shall be entitled (i) to receive, as severance payments, ninety (90) days of his then

Base Salary, payable in accordance with the Company's payroll schedule in effect from time to time (the "Severance Payments"), and (ii) to the extent he is then a participant in the Company's health insurance plan and eligible for benefits under plan terms, and only if the benefit under this clause (ii) does not cause the Company to fail to satisfy the requirements of, or be in violation of, Section 2716 of the Public Health Service Act or Section 9815 of the Internal Revenue Code, to continued health insurance coverage for ninety (90) days immediately following such termination at then existing employee contribution rates, which the Executive shall pay (such continued coverage to run concurrently with any continued coverage obligation under the federal law known as COBRA or any state equivalent) (such severance payments and continued health insurance coverage being the Executive's sole entitlement upon any such termination). Subject to the last paragraph of this Section 4(e), the Severance Payments will begin to be paid on the 60th day following the Executive's termination of employment. Subject only to the Executive's delivery of an executed Release and such Release becoming effective within the provided sixty-day period, the Company's obligation under this Section 4(e) shall be absolute and unconditional, and the Executive shall be entitled to such severance benefits regardless of the amount of compensation and benefits the Executive may earn or be entitled to with respect to any other employment he may obtain during the period for which severance payments are payable.

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(d)(ii) above, the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, the preceding paragraph as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause."

If the Executive's employment with the Company is terminated pursuant to Section 4(a) or 4(b) above, if the Company terminates the Executive's employment with "cause" pursuant to Section 4(c) above, if the Executive terminates his employment pursuant to Section 4(d)(i) above (but not pursuant to Section 4(d)(ii) above), or if the Executive's employment terminates as a result of a Notice of Non-Extension provided to the Company by the Executive, then the Executive shall not be entitled to any further payments under this Agreement, including Base Salary, Bonus, Employee Benefits, or severance, except as otherwise required by applicable law.

To the extent that any amount payable under this Agreement constitutes an amount payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (hereinafter, "Code Section 409A")) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A, and such amount is payable as a result of a "separation from service" (as defined in Code Section 409A), including any amount payable under this Section 4 or Section 5 below, then, notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement to the contrary, such payment will not be made to the Executive until the day after the date that is six months following his separation from service (the "Specified Employee Payment Date"), but only if, as of his separation from service, he is a "specified employee" under Code Section 409A and any relevant procedures that the Company may establish. For the avoidance of doubt, on the Specified Employee Payment Date, the Executive will be paid in a single lump sum all payments that otherwise would have been made to him under this Agreement during the six-month period but

were not because of this paragraph. This paragraph will not be applicable after the Executive's death.

5. Merger or Sale of Assets. If a "Change of Control" occurs, then the Executive shall be entitled to severance benefits upon the termination of his employment thereafter in accordance with, and subject to the Release requirement of, Section 4(e) above as if his employment were terminated by the Company without "cause," unless the successor or transferee entity continues the Executive's employment on substantially equivalent terms and substantially equivalent responsibilities as set forth in Section 1 above. This Agreement shall be binding on any and all successors and/or assigns of the Company, and the Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement in connection with a Change of Control to the successor or transferee entity without the Executive's consent.

"Change of Control" means (a) the Company's merger or consolidation with another corporation or entity, (b) the Company's transfer of all or substantially all of its assets to another person, corporation, or other entity, or (c) a sale of the Company's stock in a single transaction or series of related transactions that results in the holders of the outstanding voting power of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions owning less than a majority of the outstanding voting securities for the election of directors of the surviving company or entity immediately following such transaction or series of transactions (other than any registered, underwritten public offering by the Company of the Company's stock or pursuant to any stock-based compensation plan of the Company).

6. Obligations of the Executive.

- (a) <u>Protectable Interests of the Company</u>. The Executive acknowledges that he has played and will continue to play an important role in establishing the goodwill of the Company and its related entities, including relationships with clients, employees, and suppliers. The Executive further acknowledges that over the course of his employment with the Company, he has and will continue to (i) develop special relationships with clients, employees, and/or suppliers, and/or (ii) be privy to Confidential Information (as defined below). As such, the Executive agrees to the restrictions below in order to protect such interests on behalf of the Company, which restrictions the parties hereto agree to be reasonable and necessary to protect such interests.
- (b) Non-Competition. During the Executive's employment and for the one (1) year period immediately thereafter, or, if greater, for the period of time during which the Executive is receiving severance payments under Sections 4(e) or 5 above, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) engage in any business activity; (ii) provide professional services to another person or entity (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise); or (iii) become a partner, member, principal, or stockholder in any entity; and in each such case, that is in competition with the Business. For purposes of this Section 6(b) and Section 6(c) below, "Business" shall mean the business of

offering wireless data communication services, including for the purpose of tracking and/or monitoring fixed or mobile assets, the business of designing, manufacturing or distributing modems that operate on such services, or any other business in which the Company is materially engaged during the six (6) month period immediately preceding the Executive's termination of employment. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 6(b) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.

- (c) Non-Solicitation. During the Executive's employment and for the two (2) year period immediately thereafter, the Executive shall not, anywhere in the world, whether directly or indirectly, for himself or for any third party: (i) solicit any business or contracts, or enter into any business or contract, directly or indirectly, with any supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Company at, or within six (6) months prior to, the termination of Executive's employment, or (B) was a prospective supplier, licensee, customer, or partner of the Business at the time of the Executive's termination of employment, and in either case, for purposes of engaging in an activity that is in competition with the Business; or (ii) solicit or recruit, directly or indirectly, any of the Company's or its subsidiaries' employees, or any individuals who were employed by the Company or its subsidiaries within six (6) months prior to the termination of the Executive's employment, for employment or engagement (whether as an employee, consultant, or otherwise) with a person or entity involved in marketing or selling products or services competitive with the Business. The Executive acknowledges and understands that, due to the global nature of the Company's business and the technological advancements in electronic communications around the world, any geographic restriction of the Executive's obligation under this Section 6(c) would be inappropriate and counter to the protections sought by the Company hereunder.
- (d) <u>Confidential Information</u>. The Executive acknowledges that during the course of his employment with the Company, he has had and will continue to have access to information about the Company, and its clients and suppliers, that is confidential and/or proprietary in nature, and which belongs to the Company. As such, at all times, both during his employment and thereafter, the Executive will hold in the strictest confidence, and not use or attempt to use except for the benefit of the Company, and not disclose to any other person or entity (without the prior written authorization of the Company) any Confidential Information (as defined below). Notwithstanding anything contained in this Section 6(d), the Executive will be permitted to disclose any Confidential Information to the extent required by validly issued legal process or court order, provided that the Executive notifies the Company immediately of any such legal process or court order in an effort to allow the Company to challenge such legal process or court order, if the Company so elects, prior to the Executive's disclosure of any Confidential Information.

For purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" means any confidential or proprietary information which belongs to the Company, or any of its clients or suppliers, including without limitation, technical data, market data, trade secrets, trademarks,

service marks, copyrights, other intellectual property, know-how, research, business plans, product information, projects, services, client lists and information, client preferences, client transactions, supplier lists and information, supplier rates, software, hardware, technology, inventions, developments, processes, formulas, designs, drawings, marketing methods and strategies, pricing strategies, sales methods, financial information, revenue figures, account information, credit information, financing arrangements, and other information disclosed to the Executive by the Company or otherwise obtained by the Executive during the course of his employment, directly or indirectly, and whether in writing, orally, or by electronic records, drawings, pictures, or inspection of tangible property. "Confidential Information" does not include any of the foregoing information which has entered the public domain other than by a breach of this Agreement or the breach of any other obligation to maintain confidentiality of which the Executive is aware.

- (e) <u>Return of Company Property</u>. Upon the termination of the Executive's employment with the Company (whether upon the expiration of the Term or otherwise), or at any time during such employment upon request by the Company, the Executive will promptly deliver to the Company and not keep in his possession, recreate, or deliver to any other person or entity, any and all property which belongs to the Company, or which belongs to any other third party and is in the Executive's possession as a result of his employment with the Company, including without limitation, computer hardware and software, palm pilots, pagers, cell phones, other electronic equipment, records, data, client lists and information, supplier lists and information, notes, reports, correspondence, financial information, account information, product information, files, and other documents and information, including any and all copies of the foregoing.
- (f) Ownership of Property. The Executive acknowledges that all inventions, innovations, improvements, developments, methods, processes, programs, designs, analyses, drawings, reports and all similar or related information (whether or not patentable) that relate to the Company's or any of its affiliates' actual or anticipated business, research, and development, or existing or future products or services, and that are conceived, developed, contributed to, made, or reduced to practice by Executive (either solely or jointly with others) while engaged by the Company or any of its affiliates (including any of the foregoing that constitutes any Confidential Information) ("Work Product") belong to the Company or such affiliate, and the Executive hereby assigns, and agrees to assign, all of the above Work Product to the Company or such affiliate.
- (g) <u>Judicial Modification</u>. The Executive acknowledges that it is the intent of the parties hereto that the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 6 be enforced to the fullest extent permissible under the laws of each jurisdiction in which enforcement is sought. If any of the restrictions contained or referenced in this Section 6 is for any reason held by an arbitrator or court to be excessively broad as to duration, activity, geographical scope, or subject, then, for purposes of that jurisdiction, such restriction shall be construed, "blue penciled" or judicially modified so as to thereafter be limited or reduced to the extent required to be enforceable in accordance with applicable law.

- (h) Equitable Relief. The Executive acknowledges that the remedy at law for his breach of this Section 6 will be inadequate, and that the damages flowing from such breach will not be readily susceptible to being measured in monetary terms. Accordingly, upon a violation of any part of this Section 6, the Company shall be entitled to immediate injunctive relief (or other equitable relief) from any court with proper jurisdiction and may obtain a temporary order restraining any further violation. No bond or other security shall be required in obtaining such equitable relief, and the Executive hereby consents to the issuance of such equitable relief. Nothing in this Section 6(h) shall be deemed to limit the Company's remedies at law or in equity for any breach by the Executive of any of the parts of this Section 6 which may be pursued or availed of by the Company.
- 7. Arbitration. Except as provided in Section 6(h) above, any dispute or controversy between the parties hereto, whether during the Term or thereafter, including without limitation, any and all matters relating to this Agreement, the Executive's employment with the Company and the cessation thereof, shall be settled by arbitration administered by the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") in New York, New York pursuant to the AAA's National Rules for the Resolution of Employment Disputes (or their equivalent), which arbitration shall be confidential, final, and binding to the fullest extent permitted by law. The parties agree to waive their right to a trial by jury and agree that they will not make a demand, request or motion for a trial by jury or court. This agreement to arbitrate shall be binding upon the heirs, successors, and assigns and any trustee, receiver, or executor of each party. A party shall initiate the arbitration process by delivering a written notice of such party's intention to arbitrate to the other party at the address set forth above and by filing the appropriate notice with the AAA. The parties shall select an arbitrator by mutual agreement, within thirty (30) days after the written notice of intention to arbitrate is received, from a list of eligible arbitrators received from the AAA who are on its Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). If the parties fail to agree on an arbitrator, the AAA Administrator or his/her delegate shall select an arbitrator, who is a member of the AAA's Employment Dispute Resolution roster (or the equivalent thereof). There shall be one arbitrator. The arbitrator shall have the authority to resolve all issues in dispute, including the arbitrator's own jurisdiction, whether any dispute must be arbitrated hereunder, and whether this Section 7 is void or voidable, and to award compensatory remedies and other remedies permitted by law. The arbitrator shall decide the matters in dispute in accordance with the governing law provisions of this Agreement, except that the parties agree that this agreement to arbitrate shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1, et seq. The award of the arbitrator shall be final and shall be the sole and exclusive remedy between the parties regarding any claims, counterclaims, issues, or accountings. Except as otherwise provided by the arbitrator in accordance with applicable law, each party hereto shall be responsible for paying its own attorneys' fees and costs incurred in connection with any dispute between the parties. To the extent inconsistent with the form of arbitration agreement that the Company's employees generally are required to enter into, including the Executive, this arbitration provision shall control. Otherwise, to the extent compatible, effect shall be given to both this arbitration provision and the Company's form of arbitration agreement that the Executive has executed or will be required to execute.

8. Miscellaneous.

- (a) <u>Notices</u>. Any notice or other communication under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be considered given when delivered personally or five (5) days after mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the Executive and the Company at their respective addresses set forth above (or at such other address as a party may specify by notice to the other).
- (b) Entire Agreement; Amendments. This Agreement contains a complete statement of all of the arrangements between the Executive and the Company with respect to the employment of the Executive by the Company and the Executive's compensation for such employment, and supersedes all previous agreements, arrangements and understandings, written or oral, relating thereto other than any existing equity award agreements previously executed by the parties hereto. This Agreement may not be amended except by a written agreement signed by the Company and the Executive. Effective as of the Start Date, this Agreement supersedes and replaces in its entirety the 2009 Agreement, provided that any obligations of the Executive under the 2009 Agreement applicable to the time period before the Start Date (such as the Executive's obligation to keep certain information confidential) shall survive and remain enforceable.

The intent of the parties hereto is that payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Code Section 409A and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, in the event that amendments to this Agreement are necessary in order to comply with Code Section 409A or to minimize or eliminate any income inclusion and penalties under Code Section 409A (*e.g.*, under any document or operational correction program), the Company and the Executive agree to negotiate in good faith the applicable terms of such amendments and to implement such negotiated amendments, on a prospective and/or retroactive basis, as needed. Further, a termination of employment shall not be deemed to have occurred for purposes of any provision of this Agreement providing for the payment of any amounts that are payable under a "nonqualified deferred compensation plan" (as defined in Code Section 409A) that is not exempt from Code Section 409A unless such termination of employment is also a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A and, for purposes of any such provision of this Agreement, references to a "termination," "employment termination of employment," "termination date," "employment termination date," or like term shall mean "separation from service" or the date of the "separation from service," as applicable.

(c) <u>Severability</u>. In the event that any provision of this Agreement, or the application of any provision to the Executive or the Company, is held to be unlawful or unenforceable by any court or arbitrator, then the remaining portions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be invalidated or impaired in any manner.

more instances, shall be deemed to be or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such breach, or a waiver of any other term or covenant contained in this Agreement.
(e) <u>Governing Law</u> . This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the law of the State of New Jersey without regard to its conflict of laws principles.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this document as of the day of November, 2010 to be effective as of the Start Date.
ORBCOMM Inc.
By:
Name: Brian J. Bell
Title:
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(d) Waiver. No waiver by any party hereto of any breach of any term or covenant in this Agreement, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or

EXHIBIT A — GENERAL RELEASE

FOR AND IN CONSIDERATION OF the severance benefits set forth in the employment agreement to which this General Release is attached, I, Brian J. Bell, agree, on behalf of myself, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, except as otherwise provided in this General Release, to release and discharge ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company"), and its current and former officers, directors, employees, agents, owners, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, parents, successors, and assigns (the "Released Parties") from any and all manner of actions and causes of action, suits, debts, dues, accounts, bonds, covenants, contracts, agreements, judgments, charges, claims, and demands whatsoever ("Losses") which I, my heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns have, or may hereafter have, against the Released Parties or any of them arising out of or by reason of any cause, matter, or thing whatsoever from the beginning of the world to the date hereof, including without limitation, my employment agreement, my employment by the Company and the cessation thereof, and all matters arising under any federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation, or principle of contract law or common law, including but not limited to, the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2101 et seq., the National Labor Relations Act of 1935, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 151 et seq., the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq., Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 621 et seq. (the "ADEA"), the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000ff et seq., the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq., the Virginia Human Rights Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 2.1-714 et seq., the Virginia Persons with Disabilities Act, as amended, Va. Code Ann. §§ 51.5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 10:5-1 et seq., the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act, as amended, N.J. Stat. Ann. §§ 34:19-8 et seq., any federal, state, or local "whistleblower" law, and any other equivalent federal, state, or local statute; provided that I do not release or discharge the Released Parties (1) from any Losses arising under the ADEA which arise after the date on which I execute this General Release or (2) from any rights that I may have to be indemnified by the Company for any acts or omissions by me made in the course of my role as an officer and employee of the Company. It is understood that nothing in this General Release is to be construed as an admission on behalf of the Released Parties of any wrongdoing with respect to me, any such wrongdoing being expressly denied.

I represent and warrant that I fully understand the terms of this General Release, that I have had the benefit of advice of counsel or have knowingly waived such advice, and that I knowingly and voluntarily, of my own free will, without any duress, being fully informed, and after due deliberation, accepts its terms and sign the same as my own free act. I understand that as a result of executing this General Release, I will not have the right to assert that the Company violated any of my rights in connection with my employment, my employment, or with the termination of such employment.

my employment, or the cessation there applicable law does not permit me to a permitted by law, not to, seek, receive a resolution that would otherwise provagainst any of the Released Parties, w Release shall preclude or prevent me to	gree, to the maximum extent permitted by law, not to initiate or cause to be initiated on my behalf, any complaint, e Released Parties before any federal, state, or local agency, court, or other body relating to my employment agreement, of, and agree not to voluntarily participate in such a proceeding. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, to the extent that vaive my right to file such a complaint, charge, or claim, I hereby waive my right to, and agree, to the maximum extent collect, or benefit from any monetary or other compensatory settlement, award, judgment, or other resolution (includin ide for my reinstatement to employment) of any complaint, charge, or claim that any agency or other body pursues bether pursued solely on my behalf or on behalf of a greater class of individuals. However, nothing in this General from filing a claim with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission that challenges the validity of this General er of any Losses arising under the ADEA.
consideration period. I understand that	ne (21) days in which to consider whether to execute this General Release. I understand that I may waive such 21-day upon my execution of this General Release, I will have seven (7) days after such execution in which I may revoke my ne event of revocation, I must present written notice of such revocation to at the Company by at
If seven (7) days pass without reday (the "Release Effective Date")	ceipt of such written notice of revocation, this General Release shall become binding and effective on the eighth
This General Release shall be gove	rned by the laws of the State of New Jersey without giving effect to its conflict of laws principles.
Brian J. Bell	Date
Di ian 9. Den	Date
STATE OF) : ss.:
)

Notary Public

Subsidiaries of ORBCOMM Inc.

Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Organization	% Owned
ORBCOMM LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM License Corp.	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM International Holdings LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM International Holdings 1 LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM International Holdings 2 LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM International Holdings 3 LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM Africa LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM AIS LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM Central America Holdings LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM China LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM CIS LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM Europe LLC	Delaware	26%
ORBCOMM India LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM South Africa Gateway Company LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM Terrestrial LLC	Delaware	100%
ORBCOMM Albania	Albania	26%
ORBCOMM de Argentina, S.A.	Argentina	100%
ORBCOMM Australia Gateway Company Pty. Limited	Australia	100%
European Datacomm Holding NV	Belgium	1.82%
Syndhurst (Proprietary) Limited	Botswana	100%
ORBCOMM Do Brasil Participacoes Ltda	Brazil	100%
ORBCOMM Do Brasil Telecomunicacones Ltda	Brazil	100%
Stellar Satellite Communications Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	100%
ORBCOMM Canada Inc.	Canada	100%
Leosatellite Services de Colombia, S.A.	Colombia	100%
Leo Satellite Services de Costa Rica Sociedad Anonima	Costa Rica	100%
ORBCOMM Adriatic d.o.o	Croatia	26%
Leosatellite Services de Ecuador, S.A.	Ecuador	100%
ORBCOMM de El Salvador, S.A.	El Salvador	100%
Satcom International Group Plc	England and Wales	52%
ORBCOMM Guatemala, S.A.	Guatemala	100%
ORBCOMM de Honduras, S.A.	Honduras	100%
OE License Company Ltd.	Ireland	26%
ORBCOMM Japan Ltd.	Japan	51%
SAI ORBCOMM Latvia	Latvia	26%
ORBCOMM Macedonia DOOEL Skopje	Macedonia	26%
Reward Technologies SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	100%
MITE Global Communications, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	35%
ORBC DE MEXICO, S.A. DE C.V	Mexico	100%
ORBCOMM Maghreb	Morocco	23%
ORBCOMM Curacao Gateway N.V.	Netherlands Antilles	100%
ORBCOMM New Zealand Limited	New Zealand	100%
ORBCOMM de Nicaragua, S.A.	Nicaragua	100%
ORBCOMM Panama Incorporated, S.A.	Panama	100%
ORBCOMM Paraguay, S.A.	Paraguay	100%

Subsidiary	Jurisdiction of Organization	% Owned
ORBCOMM Peru, S.A.	Peru	100%
ORBCOMM — GONETS CIS	Russia	50%
ORBCOMM Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%
ORBCOMM Africa (Proprietary) Limited	South Africa	15%
ORBCOMM South Africa (Proprietary) Limited	South Africa	100%
LEOSAT TELEKOMUNIKASYON HIZMETLER VE UYDU TEKNOLOJILERI SANAYI VE	Turkey	99.9%
TICARET ANONIM SIRKETI		
ORBCOMM UA Limited Liability Company	Ukraine	100%
Bonimix S.A.	Uruguay	100%

Listed above are certain consolidated directly or indirectly owned ORBCOMM Inc. subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of ORBCOMM Inc. Unlisted subsidiaries, considered in the aggregate, do not constitute a significant subsidiary.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ORBCOMM INC.:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statements Nos. 333-139583 and 333-139582 on Form S-8 of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) of our reports dated March 16, 2011, with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, cash flows and changes in equity and comprehensive loss for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2010, and the related financial statement schedule, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2010, which reports appear in the December 31, 2010 annual report on Form 10-K of ORBCOMM Inc. and subsidiaries.

Our report on the consolidated financial statements refers to a change in the method of accounting for noncontrolling interests due to the adoption of new accounting requirements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, as of January 1, 2009.

KPMG LLP

New York, New York March 16, 2011

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statements Nos. 333-139582 on Form S-8 of our report dated March 16, 2009 (March 16, 2010 as to the effects of the retrospective adjustments to 2008 relating to the adoption of the accounting guidance for noncontrolling interests and the classification of Stellar as discontinued operations and related disclosures in Note 4) relating to the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule of ORBCOMM Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2008 (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes explanatory paragraphs relating to the retrospective application of the accounting treatment of noncontrolling interests and the classification of a subsidiary as discontinued operations) appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of ORBCOMM Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2010.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

New York, NY March 16, 2011

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Marc Eisenberg and Christian G. Le Brun, and each of them singly, true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power to them (including the full power of substitution and resubstitution), to sign for him and in his name, place and stead, in the capacity or capacities set forth below, (1) the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 to be filed by ORBCOMM Inc. (the "Company") with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and (2) any amendments to the foregoing Annual Report, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents or any of them, or their or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Marc J. Eisenberg	Chief Executive Officer and President	March 10, 2011
Marc J. Eisenberg	(principal executive officer)	
/s/ Jerome B. Eisenberg	Chairman of the Board	March 14, 2011
Jerome B. Eisenberg		
/s/ Didier Delepine	Director	March 9, 2011
Didier Delepine		
/s/ Marco Fuchs	Director	March 11, 2011
Marco Fuchs		
/s/ Hans E. W. Hoffmann	Director	March 11, 2011
Hans E.W. Hoffmann		
/s/ John Major	Director	March 9, 2011
John Major		
/s/ Gary H. Ritondaro	Director	March 9, 2011
Gary H. Ritondaro		
/s/ Timothy Kelleher	Director	March 9, 2011
Timothy Kelleher	_	
/s/ John R. Wood	Director	March 9, 2011
John R. Wood	_	
	Executive Vice President and	
/s/ Robert G. Costantini	Chief Financial Officer (principal financial	March 10, 2011
Robert G. Costantini	and accounting officer)	

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Marc J. Eisenberg, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of ORBCOMM Inc;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Marc J. Eisenberg

Marc J. Eisenberg President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: March 16, 2011

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert G. Costantini, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of ORBCOMM Inc;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Robert G. Costantini

Robert G. Costantini Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 16, 2011

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of ORBCOMM Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, Marc J. Eisenberg, as President and Chief Executive Officer and Robert G. Costantini, as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Annual Report on Form 10-K fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Annual Report on Form 10-K fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of ORBCOMM Inc.

/s/ Marc J. Eisenberg

Marc J. Eisenberg President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: March 16, 2011

/s/ Robert G. Costantini

Robert G. Costantini Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: March 16, 2011

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to ORBCOMM Inc. and will be retained by ORBCOMM Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.